Council of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario

Meeting #23

Draft Agenda

Date: May 26, 2021 (2021/22-01)

Time: 9:00 am to 3:30 pm

Location: Zoom Video Conference Platform¹

¹ Pre-registration is required.

Excerpt from the Health Professions Procedural Code Regulated Health Professions Act.

COLLEGE

College is body corporate

2. (1) The College is a body corporate without share capital with all the powers of a natural person.

Corporations Act

(2) The Corporations Act does not apply in respect to the College. 1991, c. 18, Sched. 2, s. 2.

Duty of College

2.1 It is the duty of the College to work in consultation with the Minister to ensure, as a matter of public interest, that the people of Ontario have access to adequate numbers of qualified, skilled and competent regulated health professionals. 2008, c. 18, s. 1.

Objects of College

- 3. (1) The College has the following objects:
- 1. To regulate the practice of the profession and to govern the members in accordance with the health profession Act, this Code and the *Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991* and the regulations and by-laws.
- 2. To develop, establish and maintain standards of qualification for persons to be issued certificates of registration.
- 3. To develop, establish and maintain programs and standards of practice to assure the quality of the practice of the profession.
- 4. To develop, establish and maintain standards of knowledge and skill and programs to promote continuing evaluation, competence and improvement among the members.
 - 4.1 To develop, in collaboration and consultation with other Colleges, standards of knowledge, skill and judgment relating to the performance of controlled acts common among health professions to enhance interprofessional collaboration, while respecting the unique character of individual health professions and their members.
- 5. To develop, establish and maintain standards of professional ethics for the members.
- 6. To develop, establish and maintain programs to assist individuals to exercise their rights under this Code and the *Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991*.
- 7. To administer the health profession Act, this Code and the *Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991* as it relates to the profession and to perform the other duties and exercise the other powers that are imposed or conferred on the College.
- 8. To promote and enhance relations between the College and its members, other health profession colleges, key stakeholders, and the public.
- 9. To promote inter-professional collaboration with other health profession colleges.
- 10. To develop, establish, and maintain standards and programs to promote the ability of members to respond to changes in practice environments, advances in technology and other emerging issues.
- 11. Any other objects relating to human health care that the Council considers desirable. 1991, c. 18, Sched. 2, s. 3 (1); 2007, c. 10, Sched. M, s. 18; 2009, c. 26, s. 24 (11).

Duty

(2) In carrying out its objects, the College has a duty to serve and protect the public interest. 1991, c. 18, Sched. 2, s. 3 (2).

COUNCIL MEETING #23 May 26, 2021 9:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. DRAFT AGENDA

Sec	ct/No.	Action	Item		Responsible	
1		Order and Wo				
	1.01	Procedure	Call to Order		Chair	
	1.02	Discussion	Meeting Norms	4-6	Chair	
	1.03	Discussion	"High Five" – Process for identifying consensus	7	Chair	
2						
	2.01	Election	Council Chair			
	2.02	Election	Council Vice-Chair		CEO	
	2.03	Election	Officer-at-Large Public member		OLO	
	2.04	Election	Officers-at-Large Professional members			
3		nt Agenda ¹				
	3.01	Approval	i. a) Draft Minutes of March 31, 2021			
			b) In-camera Minutes of March 31, 2021 ²		Chair	
			ii. Committee Reports		Oriali	
			iii. Information Items			
4		Agenda (9:20 a				
	4.01	Approval	Review of Main Agenda		Chair	
	4.02	Discussion	Declarations of Conflict of Interest		Chair	
5	Monito	oring Reports				
	5.01	Acceptance	Report of the Council Chair	Report of the Council Chair		
	5.02	Acceptance	Report on Regulatory Operations			
	5.03	Acceptance	Unaudited Financial Statements and Variance Report (Q4)		CEO	
6	6 Council Governance Policy Confirmation					
	6.01	Discussion	Review/Issues Arising			
			i. Council-CEO Linkage Policies			
			ii. Executive Limitations Policies			
			iii. Ends Policies		GPRC	
	6.02	Discussion	Detailed Review Governance Process Policies (Part 2)			
	6.03		Proposed New/Amended Policies from GPRC			
		Decision	i. GP28.00 – Registering Gifts, Benefits & Remuneration			
7		ar Business				
	7.01	Decision	Inspection Program Fees		S Armstrong	
	7.02	Decision			S Armstrong	
	7.03	Decision	Inspection Program Policies S Armstrong			
	7.04	Decision	Alternate Dispute Resolution Program Policies Deputy CEO			
	7.05	Discussion	Equity, Diversion, and Inclusion Initiatives CEO			
	7.06	Decision	Competency Framework Funding Request CEO			
	7.07	Decision	Committee Appointments CEO			
8	Counci	il Education				
	8.01	Information	Program Briefing – ICRC		Deputy CEO	
	8.02	Information	9 9			

¹ Members of Council may request any item in the Consent Agenda to be added to the main agenda. ² In-camera minutes are redacted from the materials being released publicly for the Council meeting.

9	In-Camera (Pursuant to paragraph (d) of section 7(2) of the HPPC)				
	9.01 Motion In-camera session to discuss personnel matters K. Bretz			K. Bretz	
	9.02 Decision Implementation of Consultant Recommendation K. Bretz				K. Bretz
	9.03	Motion	To move out of the in-camera session		K. Bretz
10	10 Other Business				
	10.01	Decision			K. Bretz
11	11 Next Meeting				
	11.01	Discussion	Next Meeting – July 28, 2021		K. Bretz
12	12 Adjournment				
	12.01	Decision	Motion to Adjourn		K. Bretz

Zoom Meeting Council of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario

Meeting Norms

General Norms

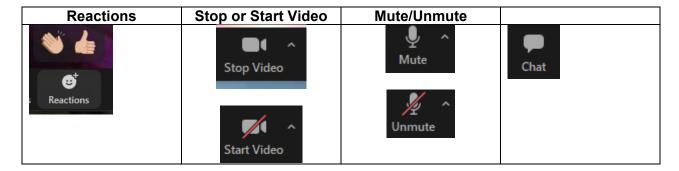
- 1. We'll listen actively to all ideas
- 2. Everyone's opinions count
- 3. No interrupting while someone is talking
- 4. We will be open, yet honor privacy
- 5. We'll respect differences
- 6. We'll be supportive rather than judgmental
- 7. We'll give helpful feedback directly and openly
- 8. All team members will offer their ideas and resources
- 9. Each member will take responsibility for the work of the team
- 10. We'll respect team meeting times by starting on time, returning from breaks promptly and, avoid unnecessary interruptions
- 11. We'll stay focused on our goals and avoid getting sidetracked

Additional Norms for Virtual Meetings

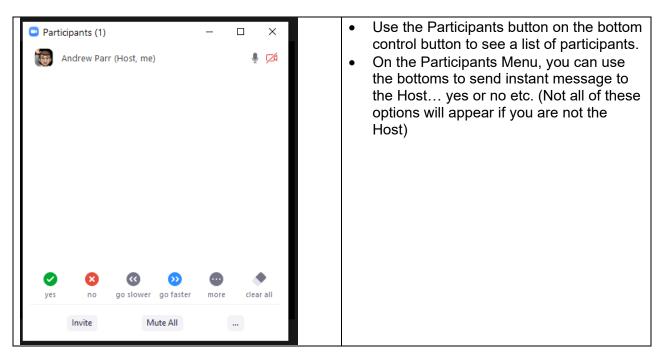
- 1. No putting the call on hold or using speakerphones
- 2. Minimize background noise place yourself on mute until you are called upon to speak and after you have finished speaking
- 3. All technology, including telephones, mobile phones, tablets and laptops, are on mute or sounds are off
- 4. If we must take an emergency telephone call, we will ensure that we are on mute and we will stop streaming our video

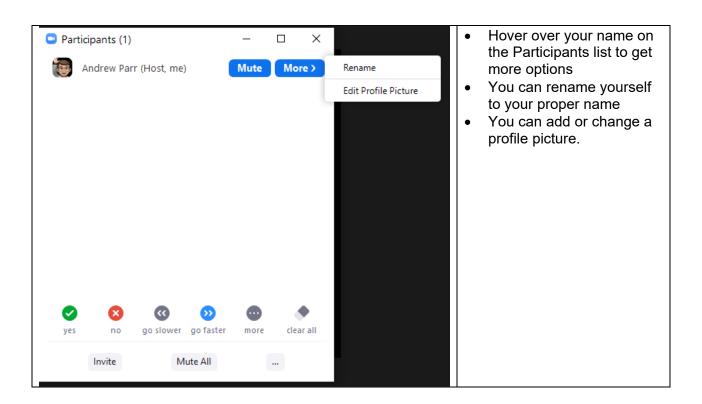
- 5. Stay present webcams will remain on (unless we are on a call or there is another distraction on your end)
- 6. Stay focused avoid multi-tasking during the meeting
- 7. Use reactions (thumbs up, applause) to celebrate accomplishments and people
- 8. Use the Chat feature to send a message to the meeting host or the entire group.

Zoom Control Bar – Bottom of screen



Other Helpful Tips





Zoom Meeting Council of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario

Using "High Five" to Seek Consensus



We will, at times, use this technique to test to see whether the Council has reached a consensus.

When asked you would show:

- 1 finger this means you hate it!
- 2 fingers this means you like it but many changes are required.
- 3 fingers this means I like it but 1-2 changes are required.
- 4 fingers this means you can live with it as is.
- 5 fingers this means you love it 100%.

Image provided courtesy of Facilitations First Inc.

In the interests of streamlining the process, for virtual meetings, rather than showing your fingers or hands, we will ask you to complete a poll.



Council Meeting March 31, 2021

Teleconference DRAFT MINUTES

Council		
Present	F	Regrets
Dr. Kim Bretz, ND (5:5)	N	Ms. Asifa Baig (3:4)
Dr. Shelley Burns, ND (5:5)		
Mr. Dean Catherwood (5:5)		
Mr. Brook Dyson (2:2)		
Ms. Lisa Fenton (5:5)		
Dr. Tara Gignac, ND (4:5)		
Dr. Brenda Lessard-Rhead, ND (Inactive) (5:5)		
Dr. Danielle O'Connor, ND (5:5)		
Ms. Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine (3:3)		
Dr. Jacob Scheer, ND (5:5)		
Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND (5:5)		
Dr. George Tardik, ND (5:5)		
Staff Support		
Mr. Andrew Parr, CAE, CEO		
Ms. Erica Laugalys, Director, Registration & Examinations		
Mr. Jeremy Quesnelle, Deputy CEO		
Ms. Monika Zingaro, Administrative Assistant Operations		
Guests		
Ms. Rebecca Durcan, Legal Counsel		

Dr. Jennifer Lococo, ND, Council member elect, District 4		
Ms. Sandi Verrecchia, President, Satori Consulting		

1. Call to Order and Welcome

The Chair, Dr. Kim Bretz, ND, called the meeting to order at 9:00 a.m. She welcomed everyone to the meeting and recognized newly re-elected Council member Dr. Shelley Burns, ND, District 2, and Council members elect Dr. Jennifer Lococo, ND, District 4 and Dr. Jonathan Beatty, ND, District 6. The Chair also noted that the meeting was being live streamed via YouTube to the College's website. As a result, any observers were directed to that feed as opposed to logging into the Zoom meeting.

2. Consent Agenda

2.01 Review of Consent Agenda

The Consent Agenda was circulated to members of Council in advance of the meeting. The Chair asked if there were any items to move to the main agenda for discussion. Dr. Danielle O'Connor, ND, requested to have a brief discussion in relation to the Scheduled Substances Review Committee (SSRC) Chair's Report to receive an update about their communications with the Ministry of Health. The Chair noted this item will be removed from the Consent Agenda and moved into the Main Agenda as Item 9.01 under Other Business.

MOTION:	To approve the Consent Agenda as amended .
MOVED:	Tara Gignac
SECOND:	Danielle O' Connor
CARRIED.	

3. Main Agenda

3.01 Review of the Main Agenda

A draft of the Main Agenda, along with the documentation in support of the meeting had been circulated in advance of the meeting. The Chair asked if there were any items to be added to the agenda, Item 9.01 – Summary of SSRC's Discussion with the Ministry of Health was added.

MOTION:	To approve the Main Agenda as amended.	
MOVED:	Jordan Sokoloski	
SECOND:	Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine	
CARRIED.		

3.02 Declarations of Conflicts of Interest

The Chair reminded the Council members of the updated Declarations of Conflict-of-Interest process. A summary of the Annual Conflict of Interest Questionnaires completed by Council members has been included to increase transparency and accountability initiatives, and to align with the College Performance Measure Framework Report (CPMF) launched by the Ministry of Health.

The Chair declared an updated Conflict of Interest in relation to their speaking engagements with Designs for Health.

4. Monitoring Reports

4.01 Report of the Council Chair

The Report of the Council Chair was circulated in advance of the meeting. The Chair reviewed the report briefly with Council. She welcomed and responded to questions from the Council.

MOTION:	To accept the Report of the Council Chair as presented.	
MOVED:	George Tardik	
SECOND:	Tara Gignac	
CARRIED.		

4.02 Report on Regulatory Operations from the CEO

The Report on Regulatory Operations from the CEO was circulated in advance of the meeting. Mr. Andrew Parr, CEO, provided a detailed overview of the information enclosed in the report, as this is the first one given to Council. He advised this report's timelines have been generated to align with the CPMF cycle and responded to questions that arose during the discussion that followed

MOTION:	To accept the Report on Regulatory Operations from the CEO.	
MOVED:	Shelley Burns	
SECOND:	Tara Gignac	
CARRIED.		

4.03 Variance Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for Q3

A Variance Report and the Unaudited Financial statements ending December 31, 2020 (Q3) were included in the materials circulated in advance of the meeting. Mr. Parr provided a review of the Variance Report and the Unaudited Statements and highlighted the changes in the report from the previous quarter. He responded to questions that arose during the discussion that followed and informed Council he will clarify the total expenditures percentage with Agnes Kupny, Director of Operations.

MOTION:	To accept the Variance Report and Unaudited Financial statements for the third quarter as presented.
MOVED:	Dean Catherwood
SECOND:	George Tardik
CARRIED.	

5. Council Governance Policy Confirmation

5.01 Review/Issues Arising

5.01(i) Detailed Review - Council-Registrar Linkage Policies

Council members were asked if they had any questions or matters to note with respect to the Governance Process policies based on the reports received. No issues were noted at this time.

5.01(ii) Executive Limitations Policies

Council members were asked if they had any questions or matters to note with respect to the Executive Limitations policies based on the reports received. No issues were noted at this time.

5.01(iii) Ends Policies

Council members were asked if they had any questions or matters to note with respect to the Ends policies based on the reports received. No issues were noted at this time.

5.02 Detailed Review (as per GP08) – Governance Process Policies (Part 1)

Council members were asked if there were any members who wished to discuss the Governance Process Policies (Part 1). Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND, provided a detailed overview of the amendments being presented as outlined in the Memorandum included within the Council's package and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

MOTION:	To accept the recommendations of the Governance Policy Review Committee.
MOVED:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
SECOND:	Shelley Burns
CARRIED.	

6. Business

6.01 Executive Committee Elections

The CEO advised Council that at the close of nominations, there were no nominations for the position of Council Vice-Chair. As the by-laws require that this position be filled by a Public member, because the Chair position is currently filled by a Professional member, this position will remain vacant until the regular Executive Committee elections at the end of May.

In addition, at the close of nominations, there was one nomination for the Officer-at-Large (Public member) position. That nomination was for Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine who is hereby declared as elected by acclamation.

6.02 Committee Appointments and COI Declarations

The CEO reminded the Council members that Committee re-appointments are approaching. He referred the Council to the Committee information sheet and invited all Council members to review this while considering which Committees they might like to serve on. It was also noted that at the bottom of information sheet, there is a link to a new on-line portal for their submissions, as well as a copy of the Conflict-of-Interest Declaration form for the coming year. He asked all Council members to complete these forms at their earliest convenience before the next Council meeting at the end of May 2021.

6.03 College Performance Measure Framework Report (CPMF)

The CEO reviewed in detail the CPMF Report distributed to Council in advance of the meeting. He informed the Council that once approved, the report will be submitted to the Ministry of Health and uploaded to the College's website for the public's viewing by end of day. In addition, he responded to any questions or concerns that arose during the discussion that followed.

MOTION:	To approve the College Performance Measure Framework report of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario as presented.
MOVED:	Tara Gignac
SECOND:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
CARRIED.	

6.04 Operational Plan 2021-2024

A comprehensive briefing note and the Operational Plan document were circulated to the members of the Council in advance of the meeting. The CEO provided a brief review of the plan and highlighted some projects and activities underway for the coming fiscal year. He also responded to any questions or concerns that arose during the discussion that followed.

MOTION:	To accept the Operational Plan for 2021-2024 as presented.	
MOVED:	Danielle O'Connor	
SECOND:	Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine	
CARRIED.		

6.05 Capital and Operating Budgets 2021-2022

A detailed briefing note and the draft budgets were included in the Council materials circulated in advance of the meeting. The CEO highlighted the main components within each budget and responded to any questions or concerns that arose during the discussion that followed.

MOTION:	To accept the Capital and Operating budgets for 2021-2022 as presented.	
MOVED:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead	
SECOND:	Lisa Fenton	
CARRIED.		

7. Business Arising from the Governance Review

7.01 Council and Committee Evaluation Program

The Chair invited Ms. Sandi Verrecchia, President of Satori Consulting, to present for the Council members the intended process for the upcoming Council and Committee evaluations. She went into detail of the timeline that will be followed, for instance, April 30 the survey for all Council and Committee members will go live until May 14, then individual briefings will be held between June 7 - June 25 to present the information gathered from the surveys. In addition, she provided an overview of how the survey will be formatted with sample questions and reminded

Council that all reviews will remain confidential. She also advised all Council members that when taking the survey to allot at least one full hour for completion, and to begin brainstorming feedback and area(s) of improvement(s) for everyone they work with on Council and their Committees to include within the survey. In addition, she also advised Council that great consideration of the members who will be included within this year's evaluation process will be taken, as newer Council and Committee members may result in unfair evaluations due to less time in their given role(s). Lastly, she responded to any questions or concerns that arose during the discussion that followed.

The Chair thanked Ms. Verrecchia for her presentation to Council.

8. In-camera Session (Pursuant to paragraph (d) of section 7(2) of the HPPC) 8.01 Motion to Begin In-camera Session

The Chair called the meeting to move to an in-camera session at 10:25 a.m.

MOTION:	To move to an in-camera session pursuant to paragraph (d) of section 7(2) of the Health Professions Procedural Code as the Council will be discussing personnel matters.	
MOVED:	Danielle O' Connor	
SECOND:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead	
CARRIED.		

9. Other Business

9.01 Summary of SSRC's Discussion with the Ministry of Health (MOH)

Dr. George Tardik, ND, notified the Council members that the MOH informed the SSRC that they have reviewed their 2019 submissions of drug list amendments and followed up with them on three separate occasions with questions, concerns and/or clarifications, to which the Committee provided responses to all.

Mr. Jeremy Quesnelle, Deputy CEO, also notified the Council members that the MOH thanked the College for their responses and will communicate back to the College once their review is completed.

10. Next Meeting

The Chair noted for the Council that the next regularly scheduled meeting is set for May 26, 2021. In addition, noted a new element to the Council meeting, a quick survey to be completed by all members via the link posted in the Zoom's chat box feature.

11. Adjournment

11.01 Motion to Adjourn

The Chair asked for a motion to adjourn the meeting. The meeting adjourned at 11:16 a.m.

MOTION:	To adjourn the meeting.	
MOVED:	Tara Gignac	
SECOND:	Danielle O' Connor	

Recorded by: Monika Zingaro
Administrative Assistant, Operations
March 31, 2021

Minutes Redacted

The Council moved to an in-camera session to discuss materials pursuant to paragraph (2) of section 7(2) of the Health Professions Procedural Code, Schedule 2 of the *Regulated Health Professions Act*, 1991. The minutes of that portion of the meeting are also protected under the same authority and have therefore been redacted from the Council meeting materials being disclosed.

Minutes Redacted

The Council moved to an in-camera session to discuss materials pursuant to paragraph (2) of section 7(2) of the Health Professions Procedural Code, Schedule 2 of the *Regulated Health Professions Act*, 1991. The minutes of that portion of the meeting are also protected under the same authority and have therefore been redacted from the Council meeting materials being disclosed.

MEMORANDUM

DATE: May 26, 2021

TO: Members of Council

FROM: Andrew Parr, CAE

Chief Executive Officer

RE: Committee Reports

Please find attached the Committee Reports for item 2.01 (ii) of the Consent Agenda. The following reports are included:

- 1. Audit Committee.
- 2. Examination Appeals Committee.
- 3. Executive Committee.
- 4. Inquiries, Complaints and Reports Committee.
- Governance Committee.
- 6. Patient Relations Committee.
- 7. Quality Assurance Committee.
- 8. Registration Committee.
- 9. Scheduled Substances Review Committee.
- 10. Discipline Committee.
- 11. Inspection Committee.
- 12. Governance Policy Review Committee.

In order to increase the College's accountability and transparency, all Committee Chairs were asked to submit a report, even if the Committee had not met during the reporting period. Please note the Discipline/Fitness to Practise Committee Chair was not required to submit a report in order to preserve the independent nature of these Committees; however, the Chair has voluntarily provided a report for Council's information.

AUDIT COMMITTEE CHAIR REPORT

May 2021

This serves as the chair report of the Audit Committee for the period March 1, 2021 to April 30, 2021.

During the reporting period the Audit Committee was not required to undertake any activities, and therefore did not convene.

The Committee is planning to meet mid-May 2021 to begin discussions of the yearly Financial Audit process.

Dr. Elena Rossi, ND Chair May 3, 2021

EXAMINATIONS APPEAL COMMITTEE REPORT May 2021

The Committee meets on an as-needed basis, based on received exam appeals, those that would require deliberation and decision, or needed appeals-related policy review.

The Exam Appeals Committee did not meet in the March 1, 2021 to April 30, 2021 reporting period.

Dianne Delany Chair May 2021

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE REPORT

May 2021

This serves as the Chair report of the Executive Committee for the period March 1, 2021 to April 30, 2021.

During the reporting period the Executive Committee was not required to undertake any activities, and therefore did not convene.

Dr. Kim Bretz, ND Council Chair May 2021

INQUIRIES, COMPLAINTS AND REPORTS COMMITTEE REPORT May 2021

Between March 1, 2021 and April 30, 2021, the Inquiries, Complaints and Reports Committee held two regular online meetings – March 4th and April 8th.

In March, 13 matters were reviewed, ICRC members approved 3 Decisions and Reasons and drafted 3 reports.

In April, 16 matters were reviewed, ICRC members approved 2 Decisions and Reasons and drafted 5 reports.

Meetings continue to be well-attended and productive in the online format. The committee continues to see concerns about COVID-related advertising or COVID protocols followed by registrants' clinics. The ICRC also noted an influx of matters related to practising outside the naturopathic scope.

The committee has recently sought prosecutorial viability opinions in some of the more complex matters even though they will not likely be referred for disciplinary action. Typically, this is the step taken prior to sending a matter to discipline, however the committee felt that it needed more clarity from a legal perspective to help make more informed decisions.

One issue of note where guidance was sought is NDs asking pharmacists to change the route of administration of a drug that the ND has prescribed from suppository to oral dosing. This appears to be a work-around solution to the fact that NDs are not authorized to prescribe certain drugs orally.

Dr. Erin Psota, ND Chair May 12th, 2021

GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE REPORT

May 2021

The Governance Committee, convenes on an as-needed basis, based on the by-laws.

During the reporting period March 1, 2021 to April 30, 2021, the Committee was not required to undertake any activities, and therefore did not convene.

The Committee is expected to convene early June 2021.

Dr. Gudrun Welder, ND Chair May 3, 2021

PATIENT RELATIONS COMMITTEE REPORT

May 2021

The Patient Relations Committee (PRC) had 0 meetings scheduled during the reporting period.

Ongoing Issues/Topics for Discussion

Applications for Funding

There were no new applications for funding for therapy and counselling during this reporting period. There continues to be four active files with a total of \$17,029.60 of funding accessed with a total of \$2,152.50 being accessed since the last report.

Sam Laldin Chair May 2021

QUALITY ASSURANCE COMMITTEE REPORT May 2021

Meetings and Attendance

Since the date of our last report to Council in March, the Quality Assurance Committee has met on two occasions, both via teleconference; on March 23rd and April 20th, respectively. No concerns regarding quorum have been experienced.

Activities Undertaken

Over the past two meetings, the Committee continued with its regular ongoing review and approval, where appropriate, of new and previously submitted CE category A credit applications.

Additionally, at its **March** meeting, the Committee reviewed and made decisions with respect to 2 CE Reporting deadline extension requests.

The Committee also considered updated information provided by staff on the status of CE reporting for the last reporting period ending September 2020. The Committee noted that there were 11 Registrants who continued to have discrepancies in their CE log reports and decided to grant one further extension to April 30, 2021 to have them completed. Registrants not meeting that deadline would be required to undergo a QAC ordered Peer and Practice Assessment at their own cost.

At its **April meeting**, the Committee also considered information provided by staff on the status of Self-Assessment completion by Registrants for the past reporting period. It was noted that as of April 9th, 997 or 66% of Registrants had completed the Self Assessment. It was also noted that staff would be sending out reminder notices indicating a completion reporting deadline of May 7th.

The Committee also developed a proposed list of potential topics for future Self Assessments, including but not limited to; record keeping, telepractice, scope of practice, delegation and collaboration, billing, informed consent, online/ group programs, and practitioner well-being. It was agreed that staff would begin the process of drafting various Self Assessments and bring them forward for review and approval.

The Committee also considered an update provided by staff on the results of the public/ stakeholder consultation on proposed amendments to the Standard of Practice for Core Competencies as well as staff suggestions with respect to further review of the standard, given that a new Standards Committee has been established. It was decided that the Committee would review input from the consultation and forward that material, along with the Committee's recommendations, on to that new Committee.

The Committee also discussed the related matter of the Chair and individual Committee members having recently been sent email correspondence by the head of one of the College's stakeholder organizations inquiring about the status of the Committee's review of, and making recommendations on, how the Committee should proceed regarding the consultation feedback. The reply to that organization by the College Council Chair and CEO was also noted. Committee members were reminded that such correspondence to individual Committee members was inappropriate and contrary to the protocol for formal communications between external organizations and the College and that should such be received in the future, it is not to be responded to, but is to be immediately forwarded through the Committee chair to staff for their consideration and any action deemed appropriate.

Issues

None, other than the implications of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.

Next Meeting Date

May 25, 2021.

Respectfully submitted by,

Barry Sullivan, Chair, May 12, 2021

REGISTRATION COMMITTEE REPORT (May 2021)

At the time of this report, the Registration Committee met on April 21.

Exam Remediation

The Committee continued to set exam plans of remediation, for candidates who have made two unsuccessful attempts of a College examination. Five plans of exam remediation were set during this period, for unsuccessful attempts at the Ontario Clinical Sciences examination.

Danielle O'Connor, ND

Chair

Registration Committee

May 12, 2021

SCHEDULED SUBSTANCES REVIEW COMMITTEE REPORT May 2021

During the reporting period of March 1, 2021 to April 30, 2021, the SSRC did not meet. Meeting are scheduled based on work flow.

During the reporting period staff of the College met with representatives of the Ministry of Health to review the drug submission made by the Council in 2019. Staff, in conjunction with the Chair of the Committee continued to provide answers and follow up information as request by the MOH regarding the Council's amendments to the schedules of the general regulation made under the *Naturopathy Act, 2007*.

Respectfully submitted by

Dr. George Tardik, ND Chair May 2021



DISCIPLINE COMMITTEE REPORT

May 2021

The Discipline Committee (DC) is independent of Council and has no legal obligation to submit bimonthly reports addressing matters of importance to the Committee. However, in the interest of transparency and to acknowledge Committee members' involvement in the discipline process, the Chair is pleased to provide this report to Council.

This report is for the period from 1 March 2021 to 30 April 2021 and provides a summary of the hearings held during that time as well as any new matters referred by the Inquiries, Complaints and Reports Committee (ICRC) of the College. Committee meetings and training are also reported.

Discipline Hearings

CONO vs. Anna Blaszczyk (DC20-03)

On 24 February 2021, the following members of the Discipline Committee were appointed to a panel to hear the above-noted matter referred to the DC by the ICRC on 5 November 2020:

Dr. Tara Gignac, ND - Chair Dr. Jacob Scheer, ND Dean Catherwood Lisa Fenton Samuel Laldin

The Panel held a one-day uncontested electronic hearing on 19 March 2021 and imposed an order requiring the Registrant to be reprimanded immediately following the hearing of this matter, based on Ms. Blaszczyk's undertaking to resign her certificate of registration.

The Decision and Reasons in this matter was issued by the Panel on 7 April 2021.

CONO vs. Natasha Turner (DC20-02)

On 11 March 2021, the following members of the Discipline Committee were appointed to a panel to hear the above-noted matter referred to the DC by the ICRC on 10 September 2020.

Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND - Chair Dr. Rick Olazabal, ND Dean Catherwood Dianne Delany Lisa Fenton

The hearing of this matter, originally scheduled for 12 April 2021, was deferred at the request of the parties.

New Referrals

No new referrals were made to the Discipline Committee from the ICRC during the reporting period.

Committee Meetings and Training

No committee meetings were held during the reporting period.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND - Chair 10 May 2021

INSPECTION COMMITTEE REPORT March-April 2021

Committee Update

Since the last update to Council, the Inspection Committee had two teleconference meetings on March 17th, and April 28th.

Inspection Outcomes

The Committee reviewed the Inspection Program Requirements Checklists used by the inspectors to record their observations during the inspections, and the Inspector's Reports for 7 premises.

The outcomes were as follows:

- Part I
 - o 2 Passes with 2 Recommendations
- Part II
 - 5 Passes with 27 Recommendations, and 7 Conditions

Type 1 Occurrence Reports

There were 5 Type 1 Occurrences reported for this period. Following review of the reports, the Committee had no concerns regarding the actions taken by the Registrants for these occurrences.

Review of the Summary of Type 2 Occurrence Reports

There were no Type 2 Occurrences reported for this period.

Closing Remarks

There was no feedback offered to the Inspection Committee during the public consultation for the amended Inspection Program Requirements. The Committee has made their recommendations to Council for the upcoming meeting. The Committee also discussed and reviewed the public feedback for the Inspection Program Fees consultation, and have made recommendations to Council. We look forward to the start of spring and the positive changes it will bring!

Best of health,

Dr. Sean Armstrong, ND Chair, Inspection Committee May 14, 2021

GOVERNANCE POLICY REVIEW COMMITTEE REPORT May 2021

Meetings and Attendance

Since the date of our last report to Council in March, the Governance Policy Review Committee has met on one occasion, via video-conference, on May 4th. Attendance has been good with no concerns regarding quorum experienced.

Activities Undertaken

At its **May** meeting, the Committee first reviewed and discussed a new Governance Process policy proposed by staff that relates to Council and Committee members' participation in/involvement with, outside organizations and events.

Suggested changes were made and members agreed to send additional comments to staff pending further review at the next Committee meeting.

The Committee also reviewed and discussed a new Governance Process policy proposed by staff that relates to 'Registering Gifts, Benefits and Remuneration'.

Several changes were made and it was agreed to submit the proposed draft policy to Council for review and approval at their next meeting.

The Committee also reviewed and provided feedback to staff on a related Administrative Policy outlining the process for declaring receipt of gifts and benefits.

The Committee also reviewed the Governance Process Policies (part 2) and considered related Council member feedback in developing proposed amendments to those policies, to be submitted to Council for review and approval as part of their mandated detailed review at their next meeting.

Finally, the Committee considered proposed amendments to the Terms of Reference (TOR) for the Governance Committee that would assign an additional responsibility, for development and maintenance of a program of Equity, Diversity and Inclusion (EDI), to that Committee.

The Committee was also apprised by staff of the Anti- BIPOC Racism Project currently being undertaken by a working group of HPRO member representatives under the auspices of HPRO; the intent of which is to support the development and implementation of EDI programs by it's member health regulatory colleges.

It was agreed that staff would complete a briefing note, including background information and the Council's options for proceeding with this important initiative and that following further review by Committee members, it would be submitted to Council along with the aforementioned TOR amendments for consideration at their next meeting.

Issues

None; other than the continuing implications of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Next Meeting Date

July 6, 2021.

Respectfully submitted by,

Barry Sullivan, Chair, May 13, 2021

MEMORANDUM

DATE: May 19, 2021

TO: Council members

FROM: Andrew Parr, CAE

Chief Executive Officer

RE: Items Provided for Information of the Council

As part of the Consent Agenda, the Council is provided a number of items for its information. Typically, these items are provided because they are relevant to the regulatory process or provide background to matters previously discussed by the Council.

To ensure that Council members, stakeholders and members of the public who might view these materials understand the reason these materials are being provided, an index of the materials and a very brief note as to its relevance is provided below.

As a reminder, Council members have the ability to ask that any item included in the Consent Agenda be moved to the main agenda if they believe the items warrants some discussion. This includes the items provided for information.

No.	Name	Description
1.	Gray Areas (No. 256)	Gray Areas is a monthly newsletter and commentary from our legal firm, Steinecke Maciura LeBlanc on issues affecting professional regulation. The issues for this past quarter are provided to Council in each Consent Agenda package.
2.	Legislative Update (March, April)	This is an update provided by Richard Steinecke to the members of the Health Profession Regulators of Ontario (HPRO), formerly the Federation of Health Regulatory Colleges of Ontario (FHRCO). The updates identify legislation or regulations pertaining to regulation that have been introduced by the Ontario Government. The updates for the past quarter are provided to Council in each Consent Agenda package.

No.	Name	Description
3	Handbook	A new Per Diems & Expense Claims Handbook has been created which will take effect on June 1, 2021 for volunteers and immediately for Council members.
4	Guidelines	Three Guidelines to reference as noted within Briefing Notes throughout the agenda items. These include the following, Understanding the Public Interest, Understanding the Rush Analysis Terminology and Understanding Transparency.

Grey Areas



A COMMENTARY ON LEGAL ISSUES AFFECTING PROFESSIONAL REGULATION

Honest, Open and Helpful

by Bernie LeBlanc May 2021 - No. 256

A challenge for regulators occurs when practitioners do not blatantly refuse to cooperate with an investigation, but still do not provide the requested information or assistance. For example, practitioner can ask questions to clarify regulator's request. Or the practitioner can demand disclosure of the basis for the investigation. Or the practitioner can challenge the scope of the request as being overly broad (i.e., a fishing expedition). Or the practitioner can indicate that they will cooperate but explain that they are having difficulties gathering the information and request extensions. practitioner might provide only part of the information requested.

At what point do these responses become a failure to cooperate that is enforceable at discipline? The Ontario Court of Appeal spoke to the issue in *Law Society of Ontario v. Diamond*, 2021 ONCA 255, https://canlii.ca/t/jfhjh. In that case, the regulator sought certain documents that practitioners were required by law to keep. Despite numerous communications, many of the documents were not provided. Seven months after the first request, disciplinary proceedings were commenced alleging non-cooperation. The documents were finally produced about 8 ½ months after the initial request. The hearing proceeded and a finding was made.

The practitioner argued that he had not acted in bad faith. His attempts to understand and clarify the requests did not amount to professional misconduct. He ultimately provided the requested information.

In terms of the standard of review, the Court said:

... the reviewing court is to apply a standard of correctness to questions of law, while a standard of palpable and overriding error is to be applied to questions of fact and questions of mixed fact and law where the legal principle is not readily extricable

The Court held that while the test for assessing a failure to cooperate is a question of law, subject to correctness review, the tribunals and lower court understood the correct test. The issue as to whether the conduct of the practitioner met that test was one of mixed fact and law subject to palpable and overriding error scrutiny.

The Court found that the test for assessing cooperation could be summarized as follows:

(a) all of the circumstances must be taken into account in determining whether a licensee has acted responsibly and in good faith to respond promptly and completely to the Law Society's inquiries; (b) good faith requires the licensee to be honest, open, and helpful to the Law Society; (c) good faith is more than an absence of bad faith; and (d) a licensee's uninformed ignorance of their record-keeping obligations cannot constitute a "good faith explanation" of the basis for the delay.

The Court held that a practitioner cannot rely upon an honest misunderstanding of their record keeping obligations or their duty to provide an honest, open and helpful response as demonstrating good faith. Practitioners were expected to know these things.

If a licensee could simply say to the regulator, "I cannot produce the record promptly or

FOR MORE INFORMATION

This newsletter is published by Steinecke Maciura LeBlanc, a law firm practising in the field of professional regulation. If you are not receiving a copy and would like one, please contact: Steinecke Maciura LeBlanc, 401 Bay Street, Suite 2308, P.O. Box 23, Toronto, ON M5H 2Y4, Tel: 416-599-2200 Fax: 416-593-7867, E-Mail: info@sml-law.com

Grey Areas



A COMMENTARY ON LEGAL ISSUES AFFECTING PROFESSIONAL REGULATION

completely because I did not know about my record-keeping obligations and made no reasonable effort to find them out", and this response could constitute a "good faith explanation", it would undermine the very purpose of the duty to cooperate. Quite simply, ignorance of one's professional obligations cannot subsist as a demonstration of good faith; they do not go hand in hand.

The Court also did not accept that the omission was insufficiently serious to constitute professional misconduct. The Court said the "conduct constitutes a significant departure from the acceptable standards of the profession".

The Court also rejected the suggestion that a "clear refusal" was required to establish a failure to cooperate. The practitioner argued:

... that each request made by the Law Society was responded to promptly. While the Law Society may not have liked all of the responses, they were genuine responses that, at their highest, may show some confusion on the part of both of the Law Society and the appellant, but not a failure to cooperate. The appellant argues that this is best demonstrated through the fact that, once the confusion was cleared, all the requested documents were produced. This is said to underscore how everything the appellant did was in good faith.

The Court deferred to the panel's findings that the practitioner's responses were not made in good faith and constituted a "cat and mouse game".

The reputation of the legal profession rests on the public's confidence that self-regulation is taken seriously by the legal profession. This can only occur where the legal profession has at hand effective and efficient tools by which to achieve accountability among its members. This is fundamental to the health and vibrancy of the legal profession.

Returning to the duty to cooperate, r. 7.1-1 of the Rules of Professional Conduct is designed to ensure that there is a complete response and no inordinate delays in investigations by the self-regulated authority. It requires nothing more than prompt and complete responses when requested, which are essential to moving investigations forward. Delays in doing so can only serve to shake the public's confidence in the Law Society's self-regulatory authority As the Law Society points out in their factum, the "reputation of the ability of the profession to self-regulate would quickly be diminished if the obligation to cooperate could be subverted by a 'cat and mouse game' (as described by the Hearing Panel), that fell short of a clear refusal."

In light of this decision, regulators can take seven simple steps to enhance the enforceability of honest, open and helpful responses by practitioners:

- 1. Issue specific requests for the cooperation desired in writing.
- 2. Do not overreach in one's requests. Seek information that is relevant to the scope of the investigation and which does not create unnecessary burdens on practitioners. It is acceptable to make follow up requests for additional information arising from the information that has already been provided. Follow-up requests are preferable to making overreaching requests at the beginning of the investigation.

Grey Areas



A COMMENTARY ON LEGAL ISSUES AFFECTING PROFESSIONAL REGULATION

- 3. Set clear deadlines.
- 4. Follow up missed or incomplete responses with a renewed request for specific cooperation.
- 5. In replying to any questions for clarification, challenges or counter-proposals by the practitioner, be sure to conclude the response by reiterating the pending request for specific cooperation.
- 6. Similarly, do not make a commitment to consider an issue without responding immediately after the consideration is completed. Otherwise, the regulator might leave the impression that the request for cooperation is "on hold".
- 7. In all of this, assert, explicitly and accurately, the practitioner's duty to cooperate.

Prepared by Richard Steinecke

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Ontario Bills

(www.ola.org)

Bill 269, Protecting the People of Ontario Act (Budget Measures), 2021 – (Government Bill, second reading) Bill 269 reforms the archaic structure of the Ontario Securities Commission by separating the offices of the Chair of the Commission from that of the CEO and separating the Commission, which acts as its board of directors, from the tribunal that will now hear enforcement matters.

Bill 263, Health Protection and Promotion Amendment Act (Temptation Be Gone), 2021 – (Private Member's Bill, first reading) Bill 263 would permit the making of regulations restricting and prohibiting the online sale of high fat, high sodium and high sugar foods.

Proclamations

(www.ontario.ca/search/ontario-gazette)

Ontario College of Teachers Act – February 1, 2021, was the date in which numerous amendments to the governance structure of the College and changes to the sexual abuse provisions came into force. (Ontario Gazette, March 20, 2021)

Regulations

(https://www.ontario.ca/laws Source Law - Regulations as Filed)

Laboratory and Specimen Collection Centre Licensing Act; Health Protection and Promotion Act — The regulation exempts persons performing point of care testing for COVID-19 from many of the provisions of the Act and regulations but they are required to report positive results to the local medical officer of health. (Ontario Regulations 156/21, 157/21, and 158/21, Filed March 3, 2021)

Pharmacy Act – The registration regulation has been amended to create two new classes of registration: pharmacist (emergency assignment) and pharmacy technician (emergency assignment). (Ontario Regulation 187/21, Filed March 12, 2021)

Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Act – The registration regulation has been completely updated. (Ontario Regulation 188/21, Filed March 12, 2021)

Emergency Management and Civil Protection Act and the **Reopening Ontario (A Flexible Response to COVID-19) Act** – Numerous regulations were made relating to the management of the pandemic. Most relate to the nature of restrictions.

Proposed Regulations Registry

(www.ontariocanada.com/registry/)

Dentistry Act and Denturism Act – A combined consultation is being held on proposed amendments to the registration regulation for both Colleges. These amendments include administrative suspensions for failing to provide required information to the College and to clarify the rules for administrative suspensions, revocations and reinstatement of certificates of registration. For denturism, the proposed amendments also include revisions to the approval of denturism programs for registration purposes. Comments are due by April 5, 2021.

Bonus Features

Many of these cases will appear in our blog: (www.sml-law.com/blog-regulation-pro/)

Hiding Behind a Corporation

Unregistered persons practising a profession through a corporation generally cannot escape prosecution for unauthorized practice. That was the message of the Ontario Court of Appeal in *R. v. Codina*, 2020 ONCA 848 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jcbs7. Ms. Codina, a disbarred lawyer, was found to have provided immigration advice for compensation without being registered with the immigration consultant's regulatory body. She argued that all clients contracted with her corporation and all fees were paid to the corporation and, thus, she should not personally be convicted.

The jury heard a great deal of evidence about the operation of Codina International and its employment of various individuals, some of whom were qualified to give advice or provide representation under s. 91. The trial judge, however, appreciated that the operation of Codina International was not the focus of the trial. The appellant's liability turned on what she did and said in respect of the events giving rise to the charges. If she gave advice, she was responsible for that conduct, regardless of how her company was structured or organized its business.

As a matter of law, if the appellant offered advice or provided representation, it was irrelevant to her liability that others operating within Codina International were also providing advice or representation. It was equally irrelevant that the appellant purported to give advice or provide representation in her capacity as a spokesperson, officer or employee of Codina International. The corporate veil offers no protection from personal criminal responsibility for one's own conduct

The Court also rejected the argument that it was the corporation, and not the individual, who received the compensation:

The appellant submits it is unfair to hold the appellant liable for her personal acts even if done in the course of the operation of Codina International, while at the same time imposing liability based on consideration paid only to Codina International. I fail to see any unfairness. If the appellant engaged in the conduct prohibited by s. 91, and directed the payment of the consideration elsewhere, she remains equally responsible for her actions. In any event, it stretches credulity to find any unfairness here. The money went into a bank account totally controlled by the appellant. Clearly, she benefited directly from the consideration paid.

Hiding behind a corporate structure is unlikely to be an effective circumvention strategy for most unauthorized practice cases.

Family Matters

For some professions, such as nursing, professionals are strongly discouraged from involving themselves in the care of family members is because it is difficult to remain objective. In *Hancock v College of Registered Nurses of Manitoba*, 2021 MBCA 20 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/idp6q, a nurse was disciplined and suspended for two months for this type of conduct. The nurse, despite being warned not to become involved, intervened in the care of her mother-in-law, including communicating with a treating physician and accessing the mother-in-law's records. The hearing panel found that this involvement crossed professional boundaries and failed to respect the privacy of health records.

In upholding the sanction, the Court said:

The Panel's determination that the appellant lacked insight is reasonably supported by the record. The appellant's lack of insight and failure to accept responsibility distinguishes this case from other cases involving breaches of professional boundaries. The misconduct was serious. It was intentional and involved repeated intrusions into H.L.'s medical record which continued until the conduct was discovered, rather than being a momentary lapse. While the circumstances here are unique in the sense that they involve a family member's medical record accessed with good intentions and after-the-fact consent, the College's policy prohibiting this conduct is clear. The College's policy regarding professional boundaries is intended to prevent conflicts involving a nurse's personal and professional interests in order to ensure client safety.

The appeal involved a number of other legal issues that may be relevant to other regulators, including the following findings:

- There was no undue delay, especially when considering that significant portions of the delay were caused by the nurse of the nurse's representatives.
- Oral reasons recorded in a transcript can meet the requirement for giving reasons for hearing motions.
- Procedural fairness requirements during the investigation and screening stage are less than at the hearing stage and any deficiencies can often be cured by a fair discipline hearing.

This case shows that crossing boundaries and breaching privacy of client records can result in significant consequences, despite the best of intentions.

Publication of Remediation Direction does not make it a Penalty

The Ontario Divisional Court has again affirmed that the posting of remediation orders by the complaints screening committee does not make it a penalty: Longman v. Ontario College of Pharmacists, 2021 ONSC 1610 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jdqps. This reaffirms a similar conclusion in Geris v. Ontario College of Pharmacists, 2020 ONSC 7437 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jc4gk. In the Longman case, a pharmacist had participated in a series of errors resulting in the dispensing of a drug to a child who was not authorized by prescription to receive it. The Court held that the reasons given recognized the defence of contributing factors to the errors including an unusual prescription, a computer system not designed to handle complex prescriptions, that others at the pharmacy had also made mistakes contributing to the incorrect dispensing, and that the pharmacist was not the designated manager responsible for policies and procedures. A remedial order was still indicated. The Court said:

The Applicant submits that the above decisions pre-date the 2017 change in the Code which requires that both cautions and required remediation programs be placed on the public record (ss. 23(2) 7 and 23(5)). He submits that change is sufficient to turn the remedial measures into a penalty or sanction. I disagree. The requirement of publication was implemented to provide transparency to the self regulation process. It was not intended to change the remedial purpose of a caution or required education. Nor has it. Given the ICRC's role, both cautions and educational requirements remain remedial and do not amount to a penalty or sanction.

Nor in the circumstances are the remedial measures imposed by the ICRC unduly harsh. While the Applicant acknowledged his error in respect of the September 16, 2018 refill and expressed remorse concerning it, he failed to recognise his other errors as identified by the ICRC. The remedial measures imposed by the ICRC will benefit both the Applicant's practice and the public. They were neither an error in principle nor clearly unfit.

Public access to the decision does not mean that the remedial nature of the order is altered such that it requires enhanced procedural protections or closer scrutiny.

Court Directed Reconsideration Hearings

Regulators received some guidance on how to conduct re-hearings after being directed to do so by a court in: *Hanif v. College of Veterinarians of Ontario*, 2021 ONSC 1819 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jdpmt. In that case, the Court set aside one of the disciplinary findings and directed that the matter be returned to the "panel for a reconsideration" of penalty and costs. The matter was re-heard by the original panel (with one person unable to participate given the passage of time) which imposed a different penalty (a one month suspension and terms and conditions) and costs of \$65,000. The practitioner appealed the re-hearing outcome. The Court held:

- 1. There was no appearance of bias in the same panel conducting the re-hearing. In fact, that is precisely what the Court had ordered.
- 2. The provisions allowing a lesser number of panelists to complete a hearing if a panel member was unable to continue with the hearing applies to the re-hearing proceedings.
- 3. It is improper for the practitioner to bring motions or raise issues related to the issue of finding as the finding is now final. In fact, there should be cost consequences to the practitioner for persistently doing so.

The Court also held that little weight should be placed on other cases in which supposedly similar conduct may not have been referred to discipline when assessing penalty. The Court said: "...the results of these Complaint Committee cases are simply not comparable to penalty decisions based on a finding of professional misconduct following a contested hearing".

Registration Hearings

For many regulators, registration is a two stage process. Often, there is a written decision or proposal followed by a right to a review of hearing. Where the second stage involves a hearing, is it confined to the issues raised in the written decision or proposal or is a fresh process in which both sides can introduce new issues and evidence?

In Sbrissa v. Ontario Association of Architects, 2021 ONSC 2087 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jdwmt, an architect whose licence had lapsed for non-payment of fees and lack of insurance sought to be given the authority to practice again. While given a licence, the regulator refused to issue a certificate of authorization that permitted them to practise independently. The notice of proposal related to the collapse of a portion of his building and his interactions with the City of Ottawa flowing from the collapse. At the hearing, additional concerns were raised about the applicant's persistent failure to pay fees and the applicant's interactions with regulatory staff.

The Court determined that the hearing was a fresh process that could consider additional issues. However, there had been procedural unfairness in that the applicant had not been notified of them before the hearing began. The Court suggested that the issues could have been considered if an amendment notice of proposal was issued in advance of the hearing. The matter was returned to the regulator.

Regulators should take care to include all concerns in any notice of proposals or reasons for decision that they issue in the first stage of their registration processes. If additional concerns are going to be relied upon, they should be conveyed in advance of the hearing to the applicant.

Reasonable and Probable Grounds

Most regulators must have reasonable and probable grounds in order to appoint an investigator to conduct a formal investigation. However, articulating the reasonable and probable grounds test is difficult. The Supreme Court of Canada has stated that reasonable and probable grounds as "at the point where credibly-based probability replaces suspicion": *Hunter et al. v. Southam Inc.*, [1984] 2 SCR 145, https://canlii.ca/t/1mgc1. Recently, the Ontario Court of Appeal has provided additional guidance in: *Qin v. Ontario Securities Commission*, 2021 ONCA 165 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jds7p.

Mr. Qin had been subject to an interim order, freezing his assets as the regulator investigated concerns that he and his companies were selling securities without registering under the legislation. Mr. Qin challenged the freeze order in court. In maintaining the freeze order, the court found that there was a serious issue to be heard about Mr. Qin's compliance with the legislation. When the matter was finally heard, the tribunal concluded that Mr. Qin and his companies were not selling securities. Mr. Qin then sued the regulator for malicious prosecution. The regulator brought a motion to dismiss the action on the basis that the earlier court had found there were reasonable and probable grounds for the investigation. If there were reasonable and probable grounds, the action could not succeed.

Thus, the Court of Appeal had to assess whether the earlier court finding that there was a serious issue to be heard was equivalent to the reasonable and probable grounds test. The Court stated that the serious issue to be heard test was a low hurdle and essentially screens out frivolous and vexatious case. The Court concluded that the reasonable and probable grounds test was qualitatively higher:

The reasonable and probable cause standard invites scrutiny of the record to determine the likelihood or probability, at the time the proceedings were commenced, that the OSC could ultimately establish the allegations....

[Reasonable and probable cause] ... requires a determination of whether, objectively viewed, the facts known to the prosecution when it was undertaken, provided reasonable and probable cause to initiate the proceeding. This exercise engages an examination of all of the facts known to the prosecution when it initiated proceedings. Those facts include facts known to the prosecution which could exculpate the would-be targets of the prosecution. Further, as set out above, the totality of the facts known to the prosecution must be measured, not against the "serious issue to be tried" standard, but against the more demanding reasonable and probable cause standard.

This discussion provides a bit more information for regulators on what constitutes reasonable and probable grounds.

Joint Submission Was not "Unhinged"

The Divisional Court of Ontario has again emphasized the stringent nature of the public interest test that applies to discipline panels that consider rejecting a joint submission in the case of *Bradley v. Ontario College of Teachers*, 2021 ONSC 2303 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jdz7v. In the *Bradley* case, a teacher had agreed to a two-month suspension over the summer months for harassing comments and behaviour towards a colleague. The discipline panel moved the suspension period to the school year because it felt a summer suspension did not adequately recognize the seriousness of the conduct and provided insufficient deterrence. The Court restored the summer suspension that had been set out in the joint submission, saying:

In this case, the Discipline Committee referred to the *Anthony-Cook* [2016 SCC 43 (CanLII), [2016] 2 SCR 204, https://canlii.ca/t/gv7bk] decision as the guiding authority on the issue of whether it could reject the joint submission on penalty, but it misunderstood the stringent nature of the public interest test and thereby misapplied it. In particular, the Discipline Committee did not find that or articulate any basis for finding that serving the two month penalty in the summer was so "unhinged from the circumstances of the offence and the offender that its acceptance would lead reasonable and informed persons, aware of all the relevant circumstances, including the importance of promoting certainty in resolution discussions, to believe that the proper functioning of the justice system had broken down".

...

Any disciplinary body that rejects a joint submission on penalty must apply the public interest test and must show why the proposed penalty is so "unhinged" from the circumstances of the case that it must be rejected. In this case, the Discipline Committee clearly misunderstood the stringent public interest test, and impermissibly replaced the proposed penalty with its own view of a more fit penalty.

The Court believed the discipline panel had "tinkered" with the joint submission, should not have sought more information in support of the joint submission, and should have shown more regard for the importance of joint submissions.

Prepared by Richard Steinecke

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Ontario Bills

(www.ola.org)

Bill 283, Advancing Oversight and Planning in Ontario's Health System Act, 2021 – (Government Bill, second reading) Bill 283 creates a regulatory body for personal support workers. It is not a College under the Regulated Health Professions Act, rather it is a delegated administrative authority that is less independent of the government. Board/Council members will not be elected by the profession. It is a registration-type scheme, meaning that it is voluntary for practitioners to register with the authority. However, registrants are able to indicate their registration status. It is possible that other new (or even existing) professions could be moved under the umbrella of this authority. It is not intended to be limited to one profession. In addition, physician assistants will be regulated by the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Also, applied behaviour analysts will now be regulated under a successor College to the College of Psychologists of Ontario.

Bill 277, Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care Amendment Act (Supporting Individuals in their Homes and Communities with Assistive Devices for Mental Health), 2021 – (Private Member's Bill) – Bill 277 "requires the Minister to ensure that the Assistive Devices Program, or any other similar program established to provide access to assistive devices to support individuals with health needs, includes assistive devices to support individuals with mental health needs and any related data plans required to connect those devices."

Bill 276, Supporting Recovery and Competitiveness Act, 2021 – (Government Bill, passed first and second reading and referred to the Standing Committee on General Government) Bill 276 is an omnibus bill. Schedule 25 eliminates the Health Professions Regulatory Advisory Council. The amendments to the *Regulated Health Professions Act* and the profession-specific acts seem to have no additional impact other than the removal of the Council. In addition, Schedule 27 adds a new section 29 to the *Statutory Powers Procedure Act* that empowers hearing tribunals, like discipline committees, to make orders preventing the recording and dissemination of recordings and pictures of hearings, such as virtually held hearings.

Bill 269, Protecting the People of Ontario Act (Budget Measures), 2021 – (Government Bill, passed third reading and received Royal Assent) Bill 269 reforms the archaic structure of the Ontario Securities Commission by separating the offices of the Chair of the Commission from that of the CEO and separating the Commission, which acts as its board of directors, from the tribunal that will now hear enforcement matters.

Proclamations

(www.ontario.ca/search/ontario-gazette)

There were no relevant proclamations this month.

Regulations

(https://www.ontario.ca/laws Source Law - Regulations as Filed)

Reopening Ontario (A Flexible Response to COVID-19) Act — The regulation permits a health care practitioner to provide services in a hospital outside of their scope of practice at the direction of the hospital. They will not be accountable under the Regulated Health Professions Act for doing so for anything other than incompetence (i.e., it is not professional misconduct). Such activities are not constrained by policies either. In addition, practitioners who are registered outside of the province can provide services in a hospital setting without becoming registered in Ontario. (Ontario Regulation 305/21, Filed April 21, 2021)

Emergency Management and Civil Protection Act and the Reopening Ontario (A Flexible Response to COVID-19) Act — Numerous regulations were made relating to the management of the pandemic. Most relate to the nature of restrictions. Of course the major one was the stay at home order issued on April 7, 2021. Other regulations provide that fully immunized persons can now work in more than one retirement or long-term care homes. There are also a number of provisions relating to work redeployment of health care providers in hospitals and other settings. One regulation also provides for the transfer of hospital patients to a long-term care home or retirement home without consent.

Proposed Regulations Registry

(www.ontariocanada.com/registry/)

Regulated Health Professions Act – Even as Bill 276 speeds through the Legislature, abolishing the Health Professions Regulatory Advisory Council, there is a consultation on the proposal. The consultation notes that the Minister can still obtain advice through less formal advisory bodies. Comments are due by May 30, 2021. This initiative seems to be part of a pattern as there is current legislation and consultations to eliminate the Citizens' Council and the Pharmacy Council under the *Ontario Drug Benefit Act*.

Bonus Features

Many of these items will appear in our blog: (www.sml-law.com/blog-regulation-pro/)

Honest, Open and Helpful

Regulators conducting investigations sometimes face situations in which practitioners respond to requests for information with questions of "clarification", challenges to the relevance or necessity of the information, and explanations for why it is difficult for the practitioner to obtain the information. Do such non-substantive responses amount to a failure to cooperate?

In Law Society of Ontario v. Diamond, 2021 ONCA 255 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jfhjh, the Court of Appeal dealt with a disciplinary finding of failure to cooperate in circumstances where the practitioner provided all of the requested information many months after the initial request. The Court held that a failure to cooperate finding should be based on the following considerations:

... the following considerations emerge from these decisions: (a) all of the circumstances must be taken into account in determining whether a licensee has acted responsibly and in good faith to respond promptly and completely to the Law Society's inquiries; (b) good faith requires the licensee to be honest, open, and helpful to the Law Society; (c) good faith is more than an absence of bad faith; and (d) a licensee's uninformed ignorance of their record-keeping obligations cannot constitute a "good faith explanation" of the basis for the delay.

The Court held that the regulator did not have to establish an outright, subjective, "refusal to cooperate" for a finding of failing to cooperate.

The reputation of the legal profession rests on the public's confidence that self-regulation is taken seriously by the legal profession. This can only occur where the legal profession has at hand effective and efficient tools by which to achieve accountability among its members. This is fundamental to the health and vibrancy of the legal profession.

The Court upheld the finding based on the panel's findings that the practitioner was playing a "cat and mouse game" with the regulator before finally complying.

For more information on this important decision see: https://www.sml-law.com/resources/grey-areas/recent-issues/.

"This is a helluva way to run a railroad"

Giving full deference to the enormous challenges in managing a once-in-a-century pandemic, one still has to wonder sometimes. The above quote, from 1906, might apply to managing a health care system as well as railroads. On April 20, 2021, without prior notice to key stakeholders, the Chief Medical Officer of Health (CMOH) issued a replacement Medical Directive #2 addressed to "Health Care Providers (Regulated Health Professionals or Persons who operate a Group Practice of Regulated Health Professionals)". Thus, the Directive appeared to be aimed at health practitioners generally, not the hospital sector. The Directive stated: "The following steps are required immediately: All non-emergent and non-urgent surgeries and procedures should be ceased." In the fine print, there was a disclaimer about the provision of other health services but that disclaimer was unclear. The most reasonable reading of the document as a whole was that it was directed at limiting exposure to COVID by drastically reducing the provision of health services in the community. The Directive can be found at:

https://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/publichealth/coronavirus/docs/directives/RHPA_p rofessionals.pdf.

Regulators of health care practitioners were blindsided. Most posted the Directive on their website immediately (as is their custom to support the CMOH during the pandemic), but offered no commentary. Instead, urgent calls were placed to the authorities in an attempt to understand the intent and meaning of the Directive. Were health care practitioners who do not provide non-urgent services to cease all services immediately? Word drifted back from helpful Ministry of Health contacts that the Directive did not really mean what it appeared to say.

Three days later, Ministry of Health officials issued a Question and Answer document stating that "procedures" meant something that "requires surgical nursing support or anaesthetist support or carries a risk of resulting in the use of emergency medical services or other hospital services due to serious intra-operative or post-operative complications." See: https://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/publichealth/coronavirus/docs/directives/Directive2 QA.pdf. In other words, the Directive was about conserving hospital resources. Procedures that were unlikely to require use of hospital resources were not restricted.

This unnecessary panic of regulatory partners could have been avoided by a better initial communication rather than sending confusing messages to those trying their best to support the orderly provision of health services during this pandemic.

Deference to Sanction Findings

The Ontario Divisional Court continues to show deference to sanctions (or penalties) imposed by regulators. In 1855456 Ontario In. v. Registrar, Motor Vehicle Dealers Act, 2002, 2021 ONSC 2905 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jfg85 the Court dealt with a revocation of registration related to the sale of two vehicles where there were concerns about the accuracy of representations made to the consumers and about the safety of the vehicles.

The Court held that the decision on sanction would stand unless palpable and overriding error was shown. The Court described the degree of deference as follows:

On the question of penalty, it is well established that in order to overturn a penalty imposed by a regulatory tribunal, it must be shown that the decision-maker made an error in principle or that the penalty was "clearly unfit": *Mitelman v. College of Veterinarians of Ontario*, 2020 ONSC 3039 at para. 18.

Courts in the criminal context have used a variety of expressions to describe a sentence that reaches this threshold, including "demonstrably unfit", "clearly unreasonable", "clearly or manifestly excessive", "clearly excessive or inadequate" or representing a "substantial and marked departure" from penalties in similar cases. This high threshold applies equally in the administrative law context. To be clearly unfit, the penalty must be disproportionate or fall outside the range of penalties for similar offences in similar circumstances. A fit penalty is guided by an assessment of the facts of the particular case and the penalties imposed in other cases involving similar infractions and circumstances, *College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario v. Peirovy*, 2018 ONCA 420 at para. 56.

The registrant's main argument was that revocation was excessive given their previous clean record. The Court noted that this consideration was considered by the tribunal "but [it] nevertheless concluded that the two proven breaches involved sufficiently serious misconduct as to warrant revocation".

The fact that the tribunal addressed that argument, albeit briefly, in its reasons assisted the Court in upholding the decision.

Permission for Vexatious Litigants to Commence another Action

As courts become more assertive in restricting vexatious litigants, a new form of legal proceeding is emerging. A court order restraining vexatious litigants typically requires the litigant to obtain permission to commence any further actions. Often that permission needs to be obtained without involving those proposed to be sued, presumably to spare them the further aggravation. Courts are now exploring how it will evaluate such requests from vexatious litigants.

Some guidance has been provided in *Yashcheshen v Law Society of Saskatchewan*, 2021 SKQB 110 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jfki4. The litigant had commenced numerous proceedings against the regulator for failing to accommodate her medical disability in the registration process. One of her claims was that the regulator had failed to provide "an alternative to the law school component for admissions to the [admissions process] for persons who cannot obtain a law degree, due to a medical disability".

The Court said that the litigant had to demonstrate two things in order to obtain permission to commence the new proceeding: "An applicant must establish the proposed proceedings are not an abuse of process [citation omitted] and must establish there are reasonable grounds for the proceedings [citation omitted]."

The Court concluded that the proposed proceeding attempted to raise, yet again, arguments that had previously been dismissed by the courts. The Court also concluded that there were no reasonable grounds for proceeding. The causes of actions would not succeed.

It will be rare for vexatious litigants to obtain permission to commence a new action unless it is unrelated to the previous litigation and there is a reasonable prospect of establishing their claim.

Virtual Mischief

While the possibility of taking advantage of opportunities for misbehaviour in virtual proceedings exists, the courts have indicated that they will be dealt with severely. One of the concerns about witnesses testifying virtually is that other people might be present who can influence their testimony. It is for that reason that witnesses are often asked if anyone else is present in the room when they testify.

In Kaushal v. Vasudeva et al., 2021 ONSC 440 (CanLII), https://canlii.ca/t/jcr9v, a party in a civil action was cross-examined on their affidavit in the boardroom of their lawyer. The witness and the lawyer both stated that no one else (other than an interpreter) were present. After the examination was over, it appeared that the virtual computer program was left running. The examining party heard conversation that suggested that the witness's family had also been present during the examination. The interpreter eventually indicated that the family members had been present and had provided assistance to the witness in answering the questions during the examination. While the suggestion was made that the interpreter had been intimidated to providing that information, the witness's lawyer and family members never gave evidence to support the suggestion or to deny that unauthorized persons were in the room. The Court concluded that the family members had been present in the room, contrary to the assurance of the witnesses and legal counsel, that they had provided assistance to the witness during the examination and that the interpreter had not been intimidated to provide false evidence.

The Court concluded that there had not only been interference with the witness, but that there had been a serious abuse of process. The Court struck out not only the evidence provided during the cross-examination, but also the original affidavit. The order likely ended the proceeding.

While this kind of behaviour in a virtual hearing is unlikely to occur frequently, it is reassuring that strong remedies will be imposed. This case forms a precedent for regulators conducting virtual hearings.



Per Diem & Expense Claims: Submission and Processing Handbook

Effective June 1, 2021.

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INTRODUCTION

The College of Naturopaths of Ontario (the College) has instituted a new process for the submission and processing of volunteer claims for per diems and expenses. This handbook has been developed for both volunteers and staff to use to assist in submitting, reviewing and processing of these claims, and to ensure that everyone is aware of what happens at each step.

This handbook and claims process is applicable to Registrants who are appointed to the Council and its Committees, Registrants who are appointed to fulfill in-field roles¹ or Operational Committees and Public Representatives appointed to Council Committees or Operational Committees.

Government appointed Public members will continue to be required to submit their claims to the Health Board Secretariat (HBS) as per the established HBS process.

ACCOUNT SET-UP

All new Council and College-appointed volunteers, including those assigned to Committees and in-field positions are required to complete the following two forms for personal tax credits:

- TD ON Form (current year)
- TD1 Form (current year)

These are available from the Director of Operations of the College and must be completed and returned, along with either a VOID cheque or Account Information from their financial institution to which they would like monies deposited to, before any payment can be made.

A new account creation may take up to five business days to be processed in the College's payroll system. Simultaneously, a new account will be created for the volunteer in Smartsheet for submissions.

SUBMITTING A CLAIM

All Council and College-appointed volunteers, including those assigned to Committees and in-field positions are required to use the new on-line claims submission process outlined in this handbook. Volunteers will no longer be permitted to e-mail or fax their submissions to the College.

To submit a claim, volunteers must first complete an updated Per Diem and Expense Claim form, a copy of which is illustrated as Appendix 1, and will be e-mailed to you. Once completed, the form, along with PDF copies of all necessary receipts, should be saved locally and produced in PDF format.

¹ In-field refers to those volunteers who attend to activities outside of the College, such as examiners, assessors, and inspectors.

For those who are able to, the PDF documents can be merged into a single PDF, although this is not necessary for the processing of the claim. To assist with this process there is a downloadable "app" to your phone (https://acrobat.adobe.com/ca/en/mobile/scanner-app.html). This will allow for you to take a picture of the document, convert it to a PDF and then you will be able to e-mail it to yourself directly from your phone. Volunteers then use the on-line "Volunteer Per Diem and Expense Claims Processing" form and provide the following information:

- Your name, selected from a drop-down menu of contacts. If your name does not appear,
 please contact the College staff support person associated with your role to have this
 information added.
- Your volunteer role, also selected from a drop-down menu. Please note that some of the items selected will add new field(s) to the form. These may include:
 - o Committee member²,
 - o Expert, or
 - Presiding Officer.
- Nature of the Claim, that is, what items are being claimed for reimbursement, selecting as many that apply.
- Claim Upload, this is where you will upload your Expense Claim Form and receipts in PDF.

One form is to be used for each Committee or volunteer role performed, do not combine multiple Committees on one form.

The on-line form that you are completing is a dynamic form that will add fields depending on what you select in the top section. For example, if you enter "Examiner" as the role you are submitting the claim for, specific fields will appear under the Review and Approvals section. If you make a mistake, you can "refresh" your screen to start the submission process over. Once all information is correct, click on submit.

REVIEW PROCESS

The College uses a multipart review process to ensure the accuracy of claims. This process includes those individuals responsible in the program for your role, typically a Coordinator, as well as the Manager or Director responsible for the program area. Once approvals are provided, the Finance Department will review the claim as it is entered into the payroll system and finally, the Director of Operations will audit the claim to ensure that the claim is accurate, and the payment amounts are correct.

Processing and Approval of Claims

Step 1: Initial review

The initial reviewer is the staff support person who works closest with the volunteer (the "claimant") in the role that was performed and for which the claim is being processed. The request for a review is

² If you have sat on a Panel of the Discipline or Fitness to Practice Committees, you select Committee member in this field, followed by a Panel member in the next field.

received by an e-mail from "Andrew Parr via Smartsheet (<u>automation@smartsheet.com</u>)" and a link is provided to review the submission. The link opens in a web browser at the bottom of which are two buttons, one for Approved and a second for Approved with Changes.

At this stage, the reviewer is ensuring the following elements of the claim.

- Are the number of days/hours for which a per diem is claimed correct? This ensures that the person is paid the amount that they are owed and that when a person inadvertently claims a preparation day for which they are not entitled, that is corrected.
- Are any claims for meals in keeping with the College's submission rules?
- Are any expenses, such as travel and accommodation supported by receipts where necessary?
- Do the per diem and expenses add up to the amount being claimed?

There are three possible outcomes from this initial review, only one of which can be selected.

- 1. **Approved**. No changes are required and the claim is approved as it is, in which case the reviewer:
 - a. Edits the PDF and adds the accounting codes for the claim, saves the PDF and uploads it back to the approval system in their web browser, and
 - b. Clicks on "approved" and the claim is forwarded to the manager or director for second approval.
- 2. **Approved with changes**. The claim may be approved but changes are required. The initial reviewer will:
 - a. Edit the PDF making any necessary changes and adding the accounting codes for the claim:
 - Add in the comments section on the approval system web browser a summary of the changes being made to the form, saves the PDF and uploads it back to the approval system in their web browser;
 - c. Click on "approved with changes" which moves the claim forward to the manager or director for approval; and
 - d. Notify the claimant by e-mail of the nature of the changes that have been made. This allows the claimant to call the reviewer to clarify if they have concerns.
- 3. **Rejected**: Claim rejections are limited to a) the absence of receipts where they are needed, b) the absence of an actual claim form, or c) having more than one activity on any given claim form. To reject a claim, the initial reviewer shall close the web browser without clicking either the Approved or Approved with Changes button and will notify accounting@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca that the claim has been rejected. The initial reviewer must then e-mail the claimant to notify them that the claim cannot be processed and advise on correcting the issue and the need to resubmit the claim electronically.

Step 2: Second Review and Approval

The second review/approval is completed by the manager or director responsible for the program area. The request for a review is received by an e-mail from "Andrew Parr via Smartsheet (automation@smartsheet.com)" and a link is provided to review the submission. The link opens in a

web browser at the bottom of which are two buttons, one for Approved and a second for Approved with Changes.

At this stage, the reviewer is confirming the following elements of the claim.

- The number of days for which a per diem is claimed correct? This ensures that the person is paid the amount that they are owed and that when a person inadvertently claims a preparation day for which they are not entitled, that is corrected.
- Any claims for meals in keeping with the College's submission rules?
- Are any expenses, such as travel and accommodation are supported by receipts where necessary?
- Do the per diem and expenses add up to the amount being claimed?
- Are the accounting codes added by the Initial Reviewer the correct ones?

As with the initial review, there are three possible outcomes from the second review.

- 1. **Approved**. The claim is approved as is, in which case the reviewer clicks on "approved" and the claim is forwarded to the Finance Department for processing and payment.
- 2. **Approved with changes**: The claim may be approved but changes are required. The second reviewer will
 - a. Edit the PDF making any necessary changes (including changes to the accounting codes for the claim if that is necessary);
 - b. Add in the comments section on the approval system a summary of the changes being made to the form, saves the PDF and uploads it back to the approval system in their web browser, if any additional changes have been made;
 - c. Click on "approved with changes" which moves the claim forward to the Finance Department; and
 - d. Notify the claimant by e-mail of the nature of the changes that have been made. This allows the claimant to contact the reviewer to clarify if they have concerns.
- 3. **Rejected**. Claim rejections are limited to a) the absence of receipts where they are needed, b) the absence of an actual claim form, or c) having more than one activity on any given claim form. To reject a claim, the reviewer shall close the web browser without clicking either the Approved or Approved with changes button and notify accounting@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca that claim has been rejected. The manager or director must then e-mail the claimant to notify them that the claim cannot be processed and advise on correcting the issue and the need to resubmit the claim electronically.

Step 3: Claims Processing

At this stage, the Finance Department will enter all claims into the College's payroll system. In so doing all claims are grouped by volunteer. As a volunteer, this means that if you have submitted several claims in a period, payment is made one time for all claims. Volunteers can see the number of claims processed in any payroll period by looking at the "Hours/Units" portion of their ADP pay stub³.

³ This is accessible on-line. If you do not have access, please contact accounting@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca.

Step 4: Audit

At this stage, the Director of Operations (or their delegate) is checking all the work completed in the earlier steps and ensuring that the payroll has been entered correctly. Once they have confirmed, they check off the audit complete form and enter the date that the payroll is to be completed, i.e. pay day.

As soon as that date is entered, the system will send the volunteer a notification that the claim has been completed and the date the payroll will be completed, and the funds transferred to their bank account. If these funds are not received, volunteers are invited to contact accounting@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca for follow up.

The Director of Operations will also be responsible for identifying any claims that have been submitted that have not been processed in a timely manner and will alert the staff to take action.

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS

All claims are paid by the College via its payroll system, ADP. All claims are subject to Canada Pension Plan deductions as required by Canada Revenue Agency.

Claims are paid in accordance with the College's payroll cycle, which occurs on either the 15th or last day of each month. To be paid on either of these dates, claims must have been received a minimum of five days prior, that is, either the 10th or the 25th of each month; however, the College endeavours to process claims as quickly as possible.

ACCOUNT CHANGES

For any changes to your:

- Name,
- Address,
- SIN #, and/or
- Banking Information.

Please forward any changes to <u>accounting@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca</u>. The College's payroll system and applicable Smartsheet will be updated accordingly.

NFXT STEPS

To make this new system work effectively, there are several things that should be done.

<u>Volunteers</u>

Please ensure that you have the most up-to-date claims form and that you can print to PDF and scan to

PDF your receipts.

It is also important that you "whitelist" the e-mail address "Andrew Parr via Smartsheet (automation@smartsheet.com)". You may not be able to do this until you receive your first automated notice. We recommend you check your junk or spam folder until the first message comes in and use that message to mark as "never block sender's domain" as that will allow all Smartsheet messages to be received.

Staff

Please review the guidelines and the rules surrounding claims processing. Please act on the notices that you receive as quickly as possible.

Everyone is invited to review the notifications embedded in the system so that you know what you are looking for. They are set out in Appendix 2.

KEY CONTACTS

The following are your key contacts in the administration of the claims processing system.

General Accounting E-mail Address accounting@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca

Monika Zingaro
Administrative Assistant – Operations
416.583.6015
monika.zingaro@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca

Syed Mehdi Finance & Administrative Officer 416.583.5995 syed.mehdi@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca

Agnes Kupny
Director of Operations
416.583.6005
agnes.kupny@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca

Andrew Parr Chief Executive Officer 416.583.6013 ceo@collegeofnaturopaths.on.ca Version 1: May 5, 2021

APPENDIX 1: VOLUNTEER CLAIM FORM

	Name: Phone Number: Committee Name: Submission Date:			-	The College of Naturopaths of Ontario VOLUNTEER EXPENSE CLAIM						
	2 - Attach a sca 3 - Note maximi 4 - No alcohol m 5 - Please subm	haded columns. nned copy of original receipts to expense statement. um allowances for per diem and expenses per GP18 nay be claimed. iit one expense form per meeting/activity. blete expense statement electronically and add your e	,				nit Per Di via Sr	em and Ex nartsheet			
Date	Account Code	Description	Per Diem	Meal B/L/D	Meal \$ (No Tax)	KM #	KM \$ (No Tax)	Other Exp (\$, No Tax)	SubTotal	HST	Total
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, nou	In sub	unitting the claim, I agree that it is an accurate ref Check this box if you are completing this form electrons	-	-			urred.			TOTAL:	

If you do not presently have this claim form, please contact your staff liaison for Committee or volunteer role and one will be e-mailed to you. This form was updated in May 2021.

Signature:

APPENDIX 2: NOTIFICATIONS

In order to provide everyone with enough information, the following are the various notices sent out by the automated system.

Notification on Submission (N1)

Upon submission, the screen will refresh to allow you to enter additional claims, however, at the top of the webpage, you will see a message that says "Success! We've captured your Per diem and Expense Claim."

Notification to First Reviewer (N2)

Subject: Per Diem and Expense Claim - Initial Review

A per diem and expense claim has been submitted for one of your areas of responsibility. You have been identified as the first reviewer. Your role is to review the claim and review it for accuracy by:

- Checking the dates on the claim.
- The per diem claimed.
- Confirming eligibility of any expenses.
- Ensuring receipts are attached to the claim.

Your choices in response to this are as follows:

- Approve the claim it will be sent to the manager or director of the program for final approval before being submitted for payment.
- Approve the claim "with changes" it will be sent to the manager or director of the
 program for final approval before being submitted for payment; however, the claimant
 will be notified that you made changes and the comments you submit will be
 forwarded. Please be clear, precise and concise with your comments.
- Reject the Claim (Take no Action in Smartsheet) if the claim is incorrect to the point
 that it cannot be amended, or if receipts are not provided, take no action in Smartsheet.
 E-mail the claimant directly asking that they resubmit the claim with all errors corrected.
 Copy Monika Zingaro on your e-mail and she will void the claim in Smartsheet.

Notification to Volunteer – Approved

No notification is provided to the volunteer if the claim is approved.

Notification to Volunteer – Approved with Changes (N3)

Subject: Changes made to your Per Diem and Expense Claim

Dear Volunteer,

Your per diem and expense claim that you submitted has been approved with changes. The changes made to it will be outlined in an e-mail you will receive from the first reviewer.

If you are unclear as to why these changes have been made, or you feel that they have been made in error, please do not hesitate to contact the "first reviewer" notified below.

This claim is continuing in our approval process and has been sent to the manager or director responsible for the program area. You may wish to copy them on any e-mail you send to the first reviewer.

Notification to Second Reviewer – Approved or Approved with Changes (N4)

Subject: Per Diem and Expense Claim Final Review

A per diem and expense claim has been submitted for one of your areas of responsibility. You have been identified as the final reviewer. Your role is to review the claim and review it for accuracy by:

- Checking the dates on the claim.
- The per diem claimed.
- Confirming eligibility of any expenses.
- Ensuring receipts are attached to the claim.

Your choices in response to this are as follows:

- Approve the claim it will be sent to the Finance Department for payment.
- Approve the claim "with changes" it will be sent to the Finance Department for
 payment; however, the claimant will be notified that you made changes and the
 comments you submit will be forwarded. Please be clear, precise and concise with your
 comments.
- Reject the Claim (Take no Action in Smartsheet) if the claim is incorrect to the point
 that it cannot be amended, or if receipts are not provided, take no action in Smartsheet.
 E-mail the claimant directly asking that they resubmit the claim with all errors corrected.
 Copy Monika Zingaro on your e-mail and she will void the claim in Smartsheet.

Notice to Volunteer - Approved with Changes (N5)

Subject: Changes made to your Per Diem and Expense Claim

Dear Volunteer,

Your per diem and expense claim that you submitted has been approved with changes. The changes made to it will be outlined in an e-mail you will receive from the second reviewer.

If you are unclear as to why these changes have been made, or you feel that they have been made in error, please do not hesitate to contact the "second reviewer" identified below.

This claim is continuing in our approval process and has been sent to the Finance Department for payment. You may wish to copy them on any e-mail you send to the second reviewer.

Notification to Volunteer – Approved

No notification is provided to the volunteer if the claim is approved.

Notice to Finance Department – Approved or Approved with Changes (N6)

Subject: Expense Per Diem and Expense Claim Approved

This is an automated notice that a per diem and expense claim from a volunteer has been approved for payment processing. You do not need to take any immediate action; however, this will alert you that when you process payroll, there are claims to be processed.

Notice to Volunteer upon Audit Completion (N7)

Subject: Per Diem and Expense Claim payment

Dear Volunteer,

This message is to alert you that your per diem and expense claim(s) identified below have been entered into the Colleges payroll system. The payroll date is listed below. On that date, you can anticipate that the funds will be deposited into your account.

Agnes Kupny Director of Operations

Understanding the Public Interest

In carrying out its objects, the College has a duty to serve and protect the public interest (section 3(3) of the Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991 (RHPA).

The term "public interest" is not defined in any legislation or regulation. What is the public interest?

- It is first and foremost a concept.
- It is contextual, the circumstances of decision-making help determine what it is.
- It is an unbiased concern for society.
- Places the benefit to the whole ahead of the benefit to a group, a few, or any one person.

Serving the public interest means ensuring the following.

- The public has access to professions of choice.
- Individuals are treated with sensitivity and respect.
- There are appropriate standards for the profession.
- There are ethical, safe, competent professionals and services.
- The patient interest is placed over professional interest.
- The principle-driven governance and operations are fair, objective, transparent and accountable.

The public interest is also about public protection and safety. Protecting the public from:

- Harm (physical, psychological, financial).
- Dishonesty and disrespect.
- Poor quality care.
- Sexual abuse.
- Breach of laws.
- Ineffective or unnecessary care.

In its deliberations, Council and Committees should consider the following factors.

- Is the decision fair to all parties?
- Is the decision objective, e.g. evidence-based?
- Is the decision impartial, e.g. made without bias?
- Is the decision transparent, e.g. are all of the relevant considerations clearly articulated and in the public domain?

Considerations/Questions to ask oneself during deliberations include:

- Does the matter relate to the College's statutory objects (section 3(1) of the Code)?
- Does the decision further one of the College's four regulatory activities?
- Is the decision being done transparently?
- Who is the primary beneficiary of the initiative?
- Would this better fit into another's mandate (e.g. the educators, the associations)?
- Who would be unhappy with the initiative and why?

- How would it look on the front page of (any local or national newspaper) or on the evening newscast?
- How would our accountability bodies (e.g. the Government of Ontario, Office of the Fairness Commissioner, Health Professions Appeal Review Board) respond?
- Is our decision consistent with the mandate of the College (e.g. to ensure that Ontarians who wish to receive naturopathic services have access to individuals who have the knowledge, skill and judgment to practice safely, ethically and competently) and with other recent similar decisions.

What the public interest is NOT!

- Advancing the profession's self-interest (e.g. increasing fees charged by or earnings of the profession by limiting the number of members through creating barriers to access to the profession, or by expanding the scope of practice of the profession).
- Advancing personal interests of Council members (e.g. getting good PR in the profession in a reelection year).
- Advancing the interests of a small group of patients who feel that the general health care system is not serving them sufficiently (e.g. patients advocating for expanded scope for illness-specific purposes).

UNDERSTANDING THE RISK ANALYSIS TERMINOLOGY

The risk analysis provided to Council as part of its briefing process is becoming more sophisticated. New terminology will begin to be introduced that may be unfamiliar to many Council members and stakeholders. The table below provides information to allow a reader to interpret the information being provided.

RISK CATEGORY	Risk Type	Type Description	Indicators
HAZARD	People	Loss of key people.	Sudden and unforeseen loss of CEO or senior staff due to resignation, retirement, death or illness.
	Property	Damage or destruction.	Property damage due to fire, weather event, earthquake etc.
	Liability	Claims, and cost of defense claims.	Cost of defending a liability claim or awards paid due to a liability claim.
	Net Income Loss	Net Income loss from hazards.	Loss of Net Income (after expenses) from any of the above noted hazard risks.
OPERATIONAL	People	Risks from people selected to run an organization.	Education, professional experience, staffing levels, employee surveys, customer surveys, compensation and experience benchmarking, incentives, authority levels, and management experience.
	Process	Procedures and practices of an organization.	Quality scorecards, analysis of errors, areas of increased activity or volume, review of outcomes, internal and external review, identification of high-risk areas, and quality of internal audit procedures.
	Systems	Technology or equipment owned by an organization.	Benchmark against industry standards, internal and external review, and analysis to determine stress points and weaknesses.
	External Events	Failure of others external to an organization.	Suppliers unable to provide or deliver supplies, or consultants unable to complete projects on time or on budget.

FINANCIAL	Market risk	Currency price, interest rates, commodity	Interest rates, savings, and return on
		price, equity price, and liquidity risk.	investments.
	Credit risk	Risk of people in an organization lent money	If the College were to lend money or
		to defaulting.	credit to Registrants, the risk of
			defaulting.
	Price risk	Risk of prices of an organization's products or	Price increases of supplies, consultants,
		services, price of assets bought or sold by an	and personnel.
		organization.	
STRATEGIC	Economic environment	GDP changes, inflation, financial crises, and	GDP, CPI, and Interest rates.
(external to an		international trade.	
organization)	Demographics	Changing landscape of people, i.e., aging.	Aging population, lower birth rates.
	Political	Changes in the politics where an organization	Changes in government or government
		operates.	policy, locally, regionally, or nationally.
	Reputation	Damage to the reputation of the organization	Confidence and trust of stakeholders, the
		based on decisions taken or perils	public, and Registrants.
		encountered.	

UNDERSTANDING THE COLLEGE'S COMMITMENT TO TRANSPARENCY

To help protect the public, the College and its Council are committed to transparency. This means providing Ontarians with the tools to make informed decisions, and ensuring that our own decision-making processes are easily understood.

The College and its Council have adopted the Transparency Principles developed by the Advisory Group for Regulatory Excellence (AGRE), a working group of health regulators, as the framework for its decisions.

The following table summarizes the transparency principles adopted by the Council.

Principle	Description
Information to foster trust.	The mandate of regulators is public protection and safety.
	The public needs access to appropriate information in
	order to trust that this system of self-regulation works
	effectively.
Improved patient choice and	Providing more information to the public has benefits,
accountability.	including improved patient choice and increased
	accountability for regulators.
Relevant, credible, and accurate	Any information provided should enhance the public's
information.	ability to make decisions or hold the regulator
	accountable. This information needs to be relevant,
	credible, and accurate.
Timely, accessible and contextual.	In order for information to be helpful to the public, it must
	be;
	a) timely, easy to find, understandable and,
	b) include context and explanation.
Confidentiality when it leads to better	Certain regulatory processes intended to improve
outcomes.	competence may lead to better outcomes for the public if
	they happen confidentially.
Balance.	Transparency discussions should balance the principles of
	public protection and accountability, with fairness and
	privacy.
Greater risk, greater transparency.	The greater the potential risk to the public, the more
	important transparency becomes.
Consistent approaches.	Information available from Colleges about Registrants and
	processes should be similar.



Conflict of Interest Summary of Council Members Declarations 2021-2022

Each year, the Council members are required to complete an annual Conflict of Interest Declaration that identify where real or perceived conflicts of interest may arise.

As set out in the College by-laws, a conflict of interest is:

16.01 Definition

For the purposes of this article, a conflict of interest exists where a reasonable person would conclude that a Council or Committee member's personal or financial interest may affect their judgment or the discharge of their duties to the College. A conflict of interest may be real or perceived, actual or potential, and direct or indirect.

Using an Annual Declaration Form, the College canvasses Council members about the potential for conflict in four areas:

Based on positions to which they are elected or appointed;

Based on interests or entities that they own or possess;

Based on interests from which they receive financial compensation or benefit;

Based on any existing relationships that could compromise their judgement or decision-making.

The following potential conflicts have been declared by the Council members for the period April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022.

Elected or Appointed Positions

Council Member	Interest	Explanation				
None						

Interests or Entities Owned

Council Member	Interest	Explanation
Dr. Brenda Lessard-Rhead, ND (Inactive)	Partner, BRB CE Group	BRB CE Group provides continuing education courses for NDs through in-person conferences and on-line webinars and records.
		The College requires NDs to take continuing education courses and approved courses for credits.

Interests from which they receive Financial Compensation

Council Member	Interest	Explanation
Dr. Kim Bretz, ND	CCNM, Designs for	Paid on a per
	Health, New Roots	engagementbasis.
	Herbal (Europe	
	only), and	
	Cytomatrix/Canprev	
	 fee for speaking 	
	events	
Dr. Shelley Burns, ND	Robert Schad Naturopathic	Provides supervision to
	Clinic (at CCNM) – PT	students of CCNM at
	Faculty	theclinic.

Existing Relationships

Council Member	Interest	Explanation			
None					

Council Members

The following is a list of Council members for the 2021-22 year and the date the took office for this program year¹, the date they filed their Annual Conflict of Interest Declaration form and whether any conflict of interest declarations were made.

Council Member	Date Assumed Office	Date Declaration Received	Any Declarations Made
Asifa Baig	May 26, 2021		
Dr. Jonathan Beatty, ND	May 26, 2021	May 6, 2021	None
Dr. Kim Bretz, ND	May 26, 2021	April 20, 2021	Yes
Dr. Shelley Burns, ND	May 26, 2021	April 24, 2021	Yes
Dean Catherwood	May 26, 2021	May 17, 2021	None
Brook Dyson	May 26, 2021	May 10, 2021	None
Lisa Fenton	May 26, 2021	May 17, 2021	None

 $^{^{1}}$ Each year, the Council begins anew in May at its first Council meeting. This date will typically be the date of the first Council meeting in the cycle unless the individual was elected or appointed .

Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine	May 26, 2021	May 13, 2021	None
Dr. Brenda Lessard-Rhead, ND (Inactive)	May 26, 2021	March 31, 2021	Yes
Dr. Jennifer Lococo, ND	May 26, 2021	May 18, 2021	None
Dr. Jacob Scheer, ND	May 26, 2021		
Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND	May 26, 2021	May 5, 2021	None
Dr. George Tardik, ND	May 26, 2021	May 18, 2021	None

A copy of each Council members' Annual Declaration Form is available on the <u>College's</u> <u>website.</u>

Updated: May 18, 2021

Report from the Council Chair

This is the Chair's Report (previously known as the President's Report) of the current Council cycle and provides information for the period March 1, 2021 to April 30, 2021.

With an increase in COVID-19 cases and hospitalizations, the College received more information from the Ministry of Health through the new directives directed at all Regulated Health Professions focused on redeployment of health care professionals. This led to continued regular communication with the CEO, as staff tried to interpret and adapt to any new changes that would affect the profession.

We are also in the process of moving through the CEO Performance Evaluation, which is being led by Professional Member, Dr. Brenda Lessard-Rhead, ND (inactive), with a meeting being held on May 14, 2021.

While there remains considerable uncertainty for the future work at the College has continued to be high, I am impressed by the hard work and dedication coming from the staff and our large group of volunteers and Committee Members.

Dr. Kim Bretz, ND Council Chair May 2021



Report on Regulatory Operations

The College of Naturopaths of Ontario

П		Regulatory Activity	May-Jun	Jul-Aug	Sep-Oct	Nov-Dec	Jan-Feb	Mar-Apr	YTD
1.1	R	egulatory Activity: Registration			•				
Re	gis	strants (Total)							
	Ge	eneral Class							1531
		In Good Standing	-	-	-	-	-	-	1516
		Suspended	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
	Ina	active Class							172
		In Good Standing	-	-	-	-	-	-	168
		Suspended	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
		e Members	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Cł	an	ges in Registration Status							
		ıspensions	-	-	21	2	2	11	36
		esignations	-	-	3	1	3	12	19
		evocations	-	-	3	3	2	3	11
	Re	einstatements	-	-	15	0	1	12	28
	CI	ass Changes							0
		GC to IN	-	-	7	3	12	22	44
		IN to GC (< 2 years)	-	-	1	2	1	4	8
		IN to GC (> 2 years)	-	-	0	1	0	0	1
	Lif	e Membership Applications							
		Approved	-	-	1	0	1	2	4
		Not Approved	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
Pr	ofe	ssional Corporations (Total)							
		New applications approved	-	-	4	4	3	2	13
		Renewed	-	-	30	25	8	14	77
		Revoked	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Resigned/Dissolved	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
1.2		egulatory Activity: Entry-to-Practi	se						
		ew applications received	-	-	15	40	13	16	84
	Or	n-going applications	-	-	-	-	-	27	23
	Certificates issued		-	-	13	26	20	11	70
	Re	eferred to RC			2	0	2	2	6
		Approved	-	-	1	0	1	1	3
		Approved – TCLs	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Approved – Exams required	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Approved – Education required	-	-	1	0	1	1	3
		Denied			0	0	0	0	0

		Regulatory Activity	May-Jun	Jul-Aug	Sep-Oct	Nov-Dec	Jan-Feb	Mar-Apr	YTD
1.2	Re	egulatory Activity: Entry-to-Practi	se continu	red					
	ΡL	AR Applications							0
		New	-	-	0	0	0	1	1
		On-going	-	-	0	0	1	1	2
1.3	Re	egulatory Activity: Examinations							
(CS	SE .							
		Scheduled	-	-	1	0	1	0	2
		Held	-	-	1	0	1	0	2
		Candidates	-	-	90	0	27	0	117
	В١	1E							
		Scheduled	-	-	0	1	0	1	2
		Held	-	-	0	1	0	1	2
		Candidates	-	-	0	4	0	5	9
	Cli	nical Practical Exam							
		Scheduled	-	-	1	1	1	0	3
		Held	-	-	1	1	0	0	2
		Candidates	-	-	40	37	0	0	77
	Th	erapeutic Prescribing							
		Scheduled	-	-	1	0	0	1	2
		Held	-	-	1	0	0	0	1
		Candidates	-	•	35	0	0	0	35
	IVI	Т							
		Scheduled	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Held	-	•	0	0	0	0	0
		Candidates	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
	Ex	am Appeals							
		CSE							
		*** Granted	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		*** Denied	1	-	0	0	0	0	0
		ВМЕ							
		*** Granted	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		*** Denied	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Clinical Practical							
		*** Granted	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		*** Denied	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Therapeutic prescribing							
		*** Granted	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		*** Denied	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		IVIT							
		*** Granted	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		*** Denied	1	-	0	0	0	0	0
	Ex	am Question Development							
		*** CSE questions developed	-	-	0	0	0	80	80
		*** BME questions developed	-	-	0	0	0	0	0

		Regulatory Activity	May-Jun	Jul-Aug	Sep-Oct	Nov-Dec	Jan-Feb	Mar-Apr	YTD
1.	4 R	egulatory Activity: Patient Relation	ns						
		inding applications							
		New applications	-	-	4	0	0	0	4
		Funding application approved	-	_			0	0	0
		Funding applilcation declined	-	_			0	0	0
1.	5 R	egulatory Activity: Quality Assura	ince						
		eer & Practice Assessments							
		Scheduled	-	-	0	0	0	3	3
		Completed	-	_	0	0	0	3	3
	CE	E Reporting							
		Number in group	-	_	0	0	449	0	449
		Number received	-	-	0	0	448	0	448
		P&P Assessment required	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
	Q/	AC Reviews							
		Accepted	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Work Required	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
	Q/	AC Referrals to ICRC				1	1	0	2
1.	6 R	egulatory Activity: Inspection Pro	gram						
	Ne	ew premises registered	-	-	7	14	1	7	29
	Ne	ew Premise Inspection							
		Part I Scheduled	-	-	9	2	1	2	14
		Part I Completed	-	-	9	2	1	2	14
		Part II Scheduled	-	-	1	12	0	7	20
		Part II Completed	-	-	1	12	0	5	18
	Ne	ew premises-outcomes							
		Passed	-	-	20	9	7	2	38
		Pass with conditions	-	-	2	1	0	0	3
		Failed	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
	Se	econdary Inspections							
		Scheduled	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
		Completed	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
	Se	econd inspections							
		Passed	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
		Pass with conditions	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
		Failed	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
	Ту	pe 1 Occurrence Reports							
		Patient transferred to emergency	-	-	1	8	2	2	13
		Patient died	-	-	1	0	0	1	2
		Emergency drug administered	-	-	1	0	0	0	1

		Regulatory Activity	May-Jun	Jul-Aug	Sep-Oct	Nov-Dec	Jan-Feb	Mar-Apr	YTD
1.7	'R	egulatory Activity: Complaints and	Reports						
	Ne	ew complaints/reports							
		Complaints	-	-	2	4	3	2	11
		CEO Initiated	-	-	15	4	2	5	26
	IC	RC Outcomes							
		Letter of Counsel	-	-	7	3	1	1	12
		SCERP	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Oral Caution	-	-	2	1	0	1	4
		SCERP & Caution	-	-	2	0	0	0	2
		No action needed	-	-	2	0	1	1	4
		Referred to DC	-	-	1	6	0	0	7
	Sι	ımmary of concerns							
		Advertising	-	-	11	5	3	3	22
		Failure to comply	-	-			1	2	3
		Ineffective treatment	-	-	0	2	1	1	4
		Out of scope	-	-	6	3	1	3	13
		Record keeping	-	-	1	2	0	0	3
		Fees & billing	-	-	3	0	0	1	4
		Lab testing	-	-	2	1	0	0	3
		Delegation	-	-	0	2	0	0	2
		Harassment	-	-	1	0	0	0	1
		QA Program comply	-	-	1	1	0	1	3
		C&D compliance	-	-	2	0	1	0	3
		Failure to cooperate	1	-	2	0	0	1	3
		Boundary issues	-	-	1	0	0	0	1
		Practising while suspend.	-	-	2	0	1	1	4
		Unprofessional, unbecoming conduct	-	-			0	1	1
1.8		egulatory Activity: Cease & Desist							
		&D Issued	-	-	7	6	2	3	18
		&D Signed	-	-	7	6	1	2	16
	lnj	unctions							0
		Sought	-	-	1	0	0	0	1
		Approved	-	-	1	0	0	0	1
		Denied	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
1.9	_	egulatory Activity: Hearings							
	Pr	e-hearing conferences							
		Scheduled	-	-	1	0	0	0	1
		Completed	-	-	1	0	0	0	1
	Di	scipline hearings							
		Contested	-	-	0	1	0	0	1
		Uncontested	-	-	5	1	0	1	7
	Co	ontested Outcomes							
		Findings made	-	-	0	0	1	0	1
		No findings made	-	-	5	1	0	0	6
	FT	P Hearings					0	0	0

		Regulatory Activity	May-Jun	Jul-Aug	Sep-Oct	Nov-Dec	Jan-Feb	Mar-Apr	YTD
1.1	0 F	Regulatory Activity: Regulatory Gu	iidance						
	Ind	quiries							
		E-mail	-	-	336	86	114	90	626
		Telephone	-	-	116	93	62	75	346
	To	p inquiries							
		COVID-19	-	-	-	-	20	21	41
		Scope of practice	-	-	-	-	20	17	37
		Conflict of interest	-	-	-	-	7	14	21
		Tele-practice	-	-	-	-	14	13	27
		Inspection program	-	-	-	-	7	12	19
		Patient visits	-	-	-	-	6	8	14
		Advertising	-	-	-	-	10	6	16
		Lab testing	-	-	-	-	6	6	12
		Notifying patients when moving	-	-	-	-	7	6	13
		Fees & billing	-	-	-	-	6	6	12
1.1		Regulatory Activity: HPARB Appea	ıls						
	R	C Appeals							
		Filed	-	-	0	1	0	0	1
		Upheld	-	-	0	1	0	0	1
		Returned	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Pending	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
	IC	RC Appeals							
		Filed	-	-	3	0	1	0	4
		Upheld	-	-	0	0	0	1	1
		Returned	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Overturned	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
		Pending	-	-	0	0	2	2	4
1.1		Regulatory Activity: HRTO Matters							
	In progress		1	0	0	0	0	1	2
	De	ecided							0
		In favour of applicant	0	0	0	0	0		0
		In favour of College	0	0	0	0	0		0

MEMORANDUM

DATE: May 19, 2021

TO: Council members

College of Naturopaths of Ontario

FROM: Agnes Kupny

Director of Operations

RE: Variance Report – Q4 Unaudited Financial Statements

I am pleased to provide this Variance Report and the Unaudited Financial Statements of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario as of March 31, 2021 which represents the fourth quarter of our fiscal year 2020-2021 (year-end).

Statement of Financial Position

The Statement of Financial Position provides a snapshot of the financial standing of the organization at the point in time for which it is dated, in this case, as of March 31, 2021.

At the end of the fiscal year April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021 the College, as anticipated, finished the year with a deficit of \$773,974.

Upon approval of the audited Financial Statements ending March 31, 2021 a request will be made to Council to draw on the Business Continuity Fund to cover this deficit.

In our accounts receivable approximately one third of our Registrants have enrolled in our Pre-Authorized Payment plan which allows for payment of membership dues to be paid over a tenmonth period. This is the highest enrollment the College has experienced since offering the program in prior years. The quality of the accounts receivables will be closely monitored during this period.

For additional transparency of the College's finances, a line item called "Deferred Income" has been added to the Statement of Financial Position. It is included under Liabilities and Equity as these are monies (registration fees) that have been received in this fiscal year but apply to the next registration year which falls in the next fiscal period. The College's liabilities are in line with the expectations.

Under Equity only the Patient Relations Fund had a small transaction of \$511 deducted for counselling fees. It is also important to note that because of the College ending the year in a deficit, none of the four funds will be in receipt of any top ups or be eligible for any additional allocation of monies at the end of this fiscal year.

Statement of Operations

For your reference the coloured legend is as follows:

Blue- notes actual budget and actual expenditures for Q4 only.

Green- is a calculation of how much was spent in Q4 versus the Q4 budget.

Yellow- historical data from the previous year to illustrate actual expenditures versus the budget.

Purple- this table captures the budget and actual expenditures compounding from quarter to quarter. In this report the table includes data for Q1, Q2, Q3 and Q4.

Pink- illustrates the actual annual budget and the percentage of the budget received or spent to date.

Revenue

Total Year-to-Date revenue received was \$2,263,638 which when compared to the Year-to-Date budget of \$3,147,310 represents 72% of budgeted revenues. This is an unfavorable variance of \$881,672. The primary line items that had the greatest impact to decreased revenue are:

		2020-	2021			2019-2020	
Line Item	Year to Date Revenue	Year to Date Budget	Variance in \$	% within the Budget	Q4- Actual Revenue	Q4- Variance in \$	Q4- Variance in %
Registration and Renewals	1,595,523	2,708,755	(1,113,232)	59%	19,347	8,649	181 % over budget
Examination Fees	197,175	256,375	(59,200)	77%	26,500	20,000	408% over budget
Inspection Fees	35,000	80,000	(45,000)	44%	16,250	16,250	1000% over budget
Interest	4,807	65,880	(61,073)	7%	7,178	3	100% within budget

Registration and Renewals- Annual membership fees for Registrants were discounted by 40% for all active and inactive Registrants to provide COVID-19 relief. Small income generated in Q4 is primarily due to issuance fees and Entry to Practice application fees; however, these too would have been lower than originally budgeted.

Examination Fees- Total of 9 candidates completed the jurisprudence exam, 5 candidates completed the Ontario Biomedical exam, and 27 candidates completed the clinical sciences exam. A total of 25 candidates were scheduled to complete the clinical practical exam, which was cancelled due to COVID-19 restrictions. With COVID-19 restrictions in place throughout the year, several exams were cancelled and those that were able to be delivered had restricted capacities.

Inspection Fees- There were three Part 1 inspections and five Part 2 inspections. With COVID-19 restrictions and no inspections taking place in Q1, a total of 31 inspections (combined Part 1

and Part 2) took place in the fiscal year. This is more than 50% less than the budgeted target of completing 64 premises inspections.

Interest- Current investment portfolios continue to underperform versus anticipated for this year. GIC rates in Canada are lower, now in the range of 0.5% to 1.5%.

Expenses

Total Year-to-Date expenses were \$3,037,431,810 compared to the Year-to-Date budget of \$3,789,065, which is 80% of budget and represents a favorable variance of \$751,634. The primary items that contributed to lower expenses are as follows:

		2020-	-2021		2019-2020		
Line Item	Year to Date Expense	Year to Date Budget	Variance in \$	% within the Budget	Q4- Actual Expense	Q4- Variance in \$	Q4- Variance in %
Office and General	137,021	313,680	(176,659)	44%	61,320	(45,489)	387% over budget
Consulting Fees- General	141,905	195,000	(53,095)	73%	18,217	(9,617)	212% over budget
Consulting Fees- Assessors	10,256	81,150	(70,894)	13%	35,828	(31,328)	796% over budget
Legal Fees- Complaints	40,415	101,875	(61,460)	40%	7675	(7675)	1000% over budget
Council Fees and Expenses	94,798	209,607	(114,809)	45%	23,883	21,466	53% under budget
Hearings	20,999	51,454	(30,452)	41%	82	38,052	99% under budget
Education and Training	6,134	15,825	(9,691)	39%	0	0	100% within budget

Office and General- No costs were incurred for accommodations, meals or travel due to the cancellation of in person conferences. Copying, courier, janitorial services and general office supplies reduced by over 50% due to office closure. Credit card processing fees were reduced by almost 40% due to the transition to a new vendor. There has also been one staff turnover requiring recruitment for and ETP Coordinator that has been filled. Lastly, costs were saved under licensing fees due to lowered monthly carrying costs with the new vendor. The old client management system and its licensing seized at the end of Q3.

Consulting Fees General- The Drug, Substance and Lab program deferred all of its activities to the following fiscal year resulting in a savings of 20%. There were also savings noted because of only one PLAR Assessment being completed.

Consulting Fees Assessors- Due to COVID-19 the Quality Assurance Program had limited activity in the fiscal year. This resulted in a cost savings of 75% for consulting fees (peer & practice assessors) and an additional 12% in savings was due to a decreased number of inspections conducted under the Inspection Program.

Legal Fees Complaints- Three new files were opened and seven Registrar's Investigator appointments. A total of three complaints have also been closed this quarter. Cost savings in this program were due to lower number of matters in the year vs. budget.

Council Fees and Expenses- In March 2020 when the College transitioned its operations to remote, this resulted in the full fiscal year hosting all committee meetings via Zoom (teleconference) vs in person. Costs were not incurred for accommodations, meals and travel for a total cost savings of 30%. The additional cost savings were in the per diems- Scheduled Substance Review Committee and Exam Appeals Committee had no meetings and Patient Relations met once and the Executive Committee had a decline in Q4 due to transition to new Governance model with increased Council meeting frequency.

Hearings- One uncontested hearing was held over one full day. Cost savings were due to all hearings taking place via teleconference. No costs were incurred for accommodations, meals, room rentals or travel.

Education and Training- Training for Inspections and QA did not take place due to the postponement of assessments as a result of COVID 19. Under operations CPR training was deferred due to COVID-19 restrictions, staff were unable to attend CNAR conference in person and supplementary training for new Alinity database was not required.

Comment on Q4

Considering performance in Q4 (blue columns on the chart provided), both revenue and expenses exceeded the budget for this quarter. Overall, the next results were a loss of \$709,081 for the quarter, compared to \$702,415 budgeted, an unfavourable variance of 1% for the quarter.

Capital budget

The Capital budget for 2020-21 which was accepted by the Council set out \$7,300 for computer equipment and \$12,100 for furniture and fixtures for a total of \$19,400. No furniture or fixtures were purchased and a total of \$3,130.33 was spent on computer equipment. Overall, cost savings from the capital budget was 84%.

This report is a highlight of the overall financial picture of the College for the relevant reporting period. If you have any questions or would like to discuss any aspects of this report, I am happy to do so.

Respectfully submitted, Agnes Kupny Director of Operations



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As of March 31, 2021 (Q4-Year End) 100% of Fiscal Year

ASSETS

7.00210				
Chequing / Savings				
Bank - Operating Funds	\$	923,083.06		
Bank - Savings	\$	847,014.05		
Petty Cash	\$	700.00		
Total Chequing / Savings			\$ 1	1,770,797.11
, 5				,
Accounts Receivable				
Accounts Receivable	\$	27,614.76		
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	\$	(32,374.50)		
Ordered DC Costs	\$	2,000.00		
Total Accounts Receivable		•	\$	(2,759.74)
				,
Other Current Assets				
Prepaid Expenses	\$	70,164.08		
Investment in Mutual funds	\$	1,573,675.55		
Investment in GIC	\$	510,757.10		
Total Other Current Assets			\$ 2	2,154,596.73
Fixed Assets				
Computer Equipment	\$	69,647.31		
Furniture and Fixtures	\$	159,390.70		
Accumulated Amortn - Computers	\$	(35,976.61)		
Accumulated Amortn - Furniture	\$	(135,680.58)		
				F7 000 00
Total Fixed Assets			\$	57,380.82
			-	•
Total Fixed Assets TOTAL ASSETS			-	57,380.82 3,980,014.92
TOTAL ASSETS			-	•
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			-	•
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable	¢	140 220 22	-	•
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable	\$	149,320.32	-	•
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards	\$	149,320.32 66.67	\$ 3	3,980,014.92
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable			-	•
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable			\$ 3	3,980,014.92
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities	\$	66.67	\$ 3	3,980,014.92
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities	\$ \$	66.67 46,802.80	\$ 3	3,980,014.92
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income	\$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71	\$ 3	3,980,014.92
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income HST Payable (Refund)	\$ \$	66.67 46,802.80	\$ 3	149,386.99
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income	\$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71	\$ 3	3,980,014.92
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income HST Payable (Refund) Total Current Liabilities	\$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71	\$ 3	149,386.99
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income HST Payable (Refund) Total Current Liabilities Equity	\$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71 173,213.68	\$ 3	149,386.99
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income HST Payable (Refund) Total Current Liabilities Equity Retained Earnings	\$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71 173,213.68 417,386.38	\$ 3	149,386.99
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income HST Payable (Refund) Total Current Liabilities Equity	\$ \$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71 173,213.68 417,386.38 89,192.65	\$ 3	149,386.99
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income HST Payable (Refund) Total Current Liabilities Equity Retained Earnings Patient Relations Fund Business Continuity Fund	\$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71 173,213.68 417,386.38 89,192.65 1,075,385.00	\$ 3	149,386.99
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income HST Payable (Refund) Total Current Liabilities Equity Retained Earnings Patient Relations Fund Business Continuity Fund Investigations and Hearning Fund	\$ \$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71 173,213.68 417,386.38 89,192.65	\$ 3	149,386.99
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income HST Payable (Refund) Total Current Liabilities Equity Retained Earnings Patient Relations Fund Business Continuity Fund Investigations and Hearning Fund Succession Planning Fund	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71 173,213.68 417,386.38 89,192.65 1,075,385.00 1,000,000.00 50,000.00	\$ 3	149,386.99
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Credit cards Total Account Payable Other Current Liabilities Accrued Liabilities Deferred Income HST Payable (Refund) Total Current Liabilities Equity Retained Earnings Patient Relations Fund Business Continuity Fund Investigations and Hearning Fund	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	46,802.80 1,752,441.71 173,213.68 417,386.38 89,192.65 1,075,385.00 1,000,000.00	\$ 3	149,386.99



The College of Naturopaths of Ontario

Revenue and Expenses

			20	20-21	
					YTD as
		Budget	Y-	T-D Actual	% of Budget
REVENUES					
Registration and member renewal fees	\$	2,708,755	\$	1,595,523	59%
Examination fees	\$	256,375	\$	197,175	77%
Defferred capital funding	\$	-		-	-
Incorporation fees	\$	20,300	\$	24,112	119%
Ordered costs recovered	\$	16,000	\$	14,900	93%
Inspection fees	\$	80,000	\$	35,000	44%
Interest	\$	31,680	\$	1,896	6%
Investment Income	\$	34,200	\$	2,911	9%
Government Subsidy			\$	390,771	-
Assessement Fees			\$	1,350	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	3,147,310	\$	2,263,637	
EXPENSES					
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,608,013	\$	1,581,775	98%
Rent and utilities	\$	293,148	\$	295,548	101%
Office and general	\$	313,680	\$	137,021	44%
Consulting fees					
Consultants - general	\$	195,000	\$	141,905	73%
Consultants - complaints and inquiries	\$	140,000	\$	117,171	84%
Consultants - assessors/inspectors	\$	81,150	\$	10,256	13%
Exam fees and expenses	\$	270,767	\$	225,985	83%
Legal fees					
Legal fees - general	\$	40,500	\$	35,231	87%
Legal fees - complaints	\$	101,875	\$	40,415	40%
Legal fees - discipline	\$	143,000	\$	121,317	85%
Council fees and expenses	\$	209,607	\$	94,798	45%
Hearings (Discipline, Fitness to Practise)	\$	51,451	\$	20,999	41%
Amortization/Depreciation	\$	22,198	\$	-	0%
Insurance	\$	31,000	\$	30,712	99%
Equipment maintenance	\$	38,960	\$	40,716	105%
Audit fees	\$	16,300	\$	15,600	96%
Public education	\$	213,791	\$	120,895	57%
Education and training	\$	15,825	\$	6,134	39%
Printing and Postage	\$	2,801	\$	954	34%
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	3,789,065	\$	3,037,431	-
EVERSE OF DEVENIES OVER EVERNISES	_	[CA1 755]	Ċ	(772.704)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$	(641,755)	>	(773,794)	



Analysis of Statement of Operations for Q4 commencing January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2021

			Q4					12 MONTH ENDI	NG MARCH 31, 2021			% OF
	Jan-Mar'21	Jan-Mar'21	BUDO		Jan-Mar'20	Jan-Mar'20	YTD	YTD	BUDGET		ANNUAL BURGET	BUDGET
	Budget	Actual	FA' (UNF		Actual	FAV (UNFAV)	Budget	Actual	FAV (UNFAV)		ANNUAL BUDGET	REC'D AND/OR
	\$'s	\$'s	VARIA		\$'s	VARIANCE	\$'s	\$'s	VARIANCI	E		SPENT
Revenue			\$	%		\$			\$	%	\$	%
Registration and Member Renewals	8,500	24,543	16,043	289%	19,347	8,649	2,708,755	1,595,523	(1,113,232)	59%	2,708,755	59%
Examination Fees	37,500	33,850	(3,650)	90%	26,500	20,000	256,375	197,175	(59,200)	77%	256,375	77%
Deferred Capital Funding	-			0%	٠	-				0%	•	0%
Incorporation Fees	2,450	5,981	3,531	244%	3,850	3,850	20,300	24,112	3,812	119%	20,300	119%
Ordered Costs Recovered	4,000	2,750	(1,250)	69%	500	500	16,000	14,900	(1,100)	93%	16,000	93%
Inspection Fees	20,000	11,250	(8,750)	56%	16,250	16,250	80,000	35,000	(45,000)	44%	80,000	44%
Interest	15,120	(563)	(15,683)	-4%	7,178	3	65,880	4,807	(61,073)	7%	65,880	7%
Government Subsidy	-	39,414	39,414	1000%	-	-		390,771	390,771	1000%		1000%
Assessment Fees	-	500	500	1000%				1,350	1,350	1000%		1000%
Total Revenue	87,570	117,725	30,155	134%	73,625	49,252	3,147,310	2,263,638	(883,672)	72%	3,147,310	72%
Expenses												
Salaries and Benefits	404,029	381,437	(22,592)	94%	303,656	26,344	1,608,013	1,581,775	(26,238)	98%	1,608,013	98%
Rent and Utilities	73,608	75,226	1,618	102%	70,192	(1,627)	293,148	295,548	2,400	101%	293,148	101%
Office and General	73,911	27,722	(46,189)	38%	61,320	(45,489)	313,680	137,021	(176,659)	44%	313,680	44%
Consulting Fees-General	11,750	77,536	65,786	660%	18,217	(9,617)	195,000	141,905	(53,095)	73%	195,000	73%
Consulting Fees-Complaints and Inquires	33,250	32,235	(1,015)	97%	15,035	(15,035)	140,000	117,171	(22,829)	84%	140,000	84%
Consulting Fees-Assessors/Inspectors	19,800	3,225	(16,575)	16%	35,828	(31,328)	81,150	10,256	(70,894)	13%	81,150	13%
Exam Fees and Expenses	51,810	147,715	95,905	285%	29,997	8,165	270,767	225,985	(44,782)	83%	270,767	83%
Legal Fees-General	11,625	3,212	(8,413)	28%	9,315	6,280	40,500	35,231	(5,269)	87%	40,500	87%
Legal Fees-Complaints	10,400	12,031	1,631	116%	7,675	(7,675)	101,875	40,415	(61,460)	40%	101,875	40%
Legal Fees-Discipline	17,000	28,691	11,691	169%	11,013	23,987	143,000	121,317	(21,683)	85%	143,000	85%
Council Fees and Expenses	39,250	17,325	(21,925)	44%	23,883	21,466	209,607	94,798	(114,809)	45%	209,607	45%
Hearings (Discipline, Fitness to Practice)	5,777	4,103	(1,674)	71%	82	38,052	51,451	20,999	(30,452)	41%	51,451	41%
Amortization/Depreciation	-	•	•	0%	2,004	20,996	22,198	•	(22,198)	0%	22,198	0%
Insurance		3,318	3,318	100%			31,000	30,712	(288)	99%	31,000	99%
Equipment Maintenace Audit Fees	9,690	12,730	3,040	131% 0%	7,573 15,000	1,961 1,000	38,960 16,300	40,716 15,600	1,756 (700)	105% 96%	38,960 16,300	105% 96%
Public Education	27,397		(27,397)	0%	16,978	(4,368)	213,791	120,895	(92,896)	90% 57%	213,791	57%
Education and Training	-	0	-	0%		-	15,825	6,134	(9,691)	39%	15,825	39%
Printing and Postage	688	300	(388)	44%	387	(196)	2,801	954	(1,847)	34%	2,801	34%
Total Expenses	789,985	826,806	36,821	105%	628,155	32,916	3,789,066	3,037,432	(751,634)	80%	3,789,065	80%
Total Revenue over Expenses	(702,415)	(709,081)	(6,666)	1%	(554,530)	16,336	(641,756)	(773,794)	(132,038)	21%	(641,755)	
I otal Revenue over Expenses	(702,415)	(708,081)	(0,000)	176	(004,030)	10,330	(041,750)	(113,194)	(132,038)	21%	(041,755)	

MEMORANDUM

DATE: May 14, 2021

TO: Council members

FROM: Barry Sullivan

Chair, Governance Policy Review Committee

AND: Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND

GPRC Member

RE: Review of the Governance Process Policies – Part 2

In keeping with the revised Council Annual Cycle, the May meeting of the Council includes a detailed review of the second part of the Governance Process policies. The Governance Policy Review Committee (GPRC) has operationalized that by considering all policies numbered GP07 and above.

The staff circulated information to Council members in advance of this meeting and a number of questions were posed, which the GPRC considered at its meeting of May 4, 2021.

First and foremost, no substantive feedback was received by the GPRC. Second, several changes were recommended by Council members via the Governance Policy Parking Lot.

GP07 – Cost of Governance

Replace Members with Registrants within the definition of Regulatory work. It would be edited as follows:

Means all activities associated with regulating members Registrants of the profession, including all statutory functions of the College.

GP15 – Linkage with the Public and Registrants

Remove the word "the" in point 1. It would be edited as follows:

Identifying opportunities to gather information to share with the Council colleagues to assist in policy development; and

GP 21 – Council Debates, Motions and Votes

Add the word "a" and edit the word "it: within Point 10. It would be edited as follows:

Votes of the Council will usually be carried out by a show of hands and will be recorded as carried or not carried based on the number of votes in favour or opposed and abstentions. Only when a Council member who has abstained or opposed a vote requests H it will their name be recorded in the minutes. The CEO as Secretary to the meeting will report to the Chair on the number of votes and the Chair will rule whether the motion has been carried or defeated.

GPRC Recommendation: The GPRC recommends that these changes be accepted and approved with a single motion.

The Council of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario supports the principles of transparency, accountability and openness in its deliberations surrounding the regulatory framework for naturopaths and the Council's management of the College. All decisions must be made in an environment that is free from influence or the perception of influence of individuals or other organizations. As such, Council members and Committee members appointed by the Council, shall publicly declare on the College's Gift Registry, all gifts and benefits they receive as a result of their role with the College.

Definitions	Benefit	Means a service that is given at no cost to the recipient, but which provides assistance, support or reward to the recipient.
	Council member	Means a person appointed to the Council by the Lieutenant Governance in Council or a Registrant elected or appointed to the Council.
	Committee member	Means a person appointed to a Statutory or Council committee by the Council.
	Gift	Means a product that is given at no cost to the recipient, but which provides assistance, support or reward to the recipient.
	Remuneration	Means the provision of unrequested money, or the payment of a fee or stipend to the recipient for the provision of information or for attending a particular event or activity.

Accordingly,

- 1 Each Council and Committee member must register any gift, benefit or remuneration that they receive from any individual or organization while engaged in regulation or based on their knowledge of regulatory activities with the College.
- 2 Notwithstanding paragraph 1, the following would not need to be declared.
 - a) Any gift or benefit they receive as a corollary when on official College business, e.g., lunch is provided when at a meeting on behalf of the College.
 - b) Any gift or benefit they receive from the College for the performance of their duties, including but not necessarily limited to volunteer recognition gifts, per diems or expenses in accordance with GP18, a meal when at a meeting with the College.
- 3 Declarations of gifts, benefits or remuneration received must be made within seven days of receipt of the gift and on a form prescribed by the Chief Executive Officer (CEO).
- 4 A summary of all declarations received by the CEO shall be disclosed to the Council and publicly as part of the Consent Agenda of the College Council for the period covering the time since the prior Council meeting.
- A full summary of all declarations shall be released by the Council via the College's website annually.

6	Any Council or Committee member who is found to have failed to declare a gift of any value may be subject to removal pursuant to section 15.02 of the by-laws.



BRIEFING NOTE Proposed Schedule 3 (Inspection Program Fee) By-law Changes

PURPOSE:	To consider the proposed changes to Schedule 3 of the by-laws as they relate to the Inspection Program fees based on Inspection Committee (IC) recommendations.					
OUTCOME	Approv	Approval				
NATURE OF DECISION		Strategic	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Regulatory Processes & Actions		Other

Activity:	Review and discussion of the proposed Inspection Program fee changes.					
Results:	Decis	Decision				
Overall Timing:	How much time is allocated on the agenda for this item.					
Steps/Timing:	1.	Presentation of the background and proposed changes – IC Chair	5 minutes			
	2. Discussion, Q&A - All 15 minutes					
	3.	Motion/Vote - Council	2 minutes			

BACKGROUND

PROCESS:

In March 2017, Part IV of the General Regulation came into effect authorizing the College to operate an inspection program for all premises where Registrants perform one or both of administering intravenous infusion therapy (IVIT) or compounding for the purposes of IVIT.

The Inspection Program of the College supports continuous quality improvement through the development and maintenance of standards for all premises in which compounding for and/or administration of IVIT are performed. The College recognizes the importance of maintaining competency for certain procedures that are associated with an increased risk and has developed the Inspection Program to ensure the safety and quality of care for the people of Ontario who choose to access these services.

The structure of the program is to inspect premises where compounding for and/or administration of IVIT are performed to ensure that the Inspection Program Requirements, as well as standards, policies and procedures are in place and are being practised by Registrants within the premises.

Consideration of changes to the inspection fees has been included as part of the scheduled review of the Inspection Program (proposed amendments and considerations submitted in separate briefings). The inspection fee is based on a cost recovery¹ basis for all premises undergoing an inspection prior to being authorized to perform IVIT procedures and subsequently, once every 5 years.

The College's inspection program costs include:

¹ Cost recovery is defined as the principle of recovering business expenditures related to an activity.

- per diems for inspectors to prepare for, conduct the inspections and draft an inspection report,
- travel, meals, and accommodation expenses for inspectors when conducting an inspection, and when attending mandatory training,
- per diems for Inspection Committee members,
- travel, meals, and accommodation expenses for Inspection Committee members when attending meetings and training,
- development and delivery of training for Committee members and inspectors,
- postage and printing,
- legal fees, and
- salaries and benefits for staff required to administer the program.

Following a review of the actual costs of the program since its inception in March 2017, The Inspection Committee initiated a public consultation proposing the following amendment to the Inspection Fee (all fees are subject to HST):

- 1. Reduce the regularly scheduled 5-year inspection fee from \$2,500 to \$2,000.
- 2. Reduce the inspection fee for an inspection ordered by the Inspection Committee from \$2,500 to \$2,000.
- 3. Change the payment schedule for a new premises from a payment of \$1,250 at the time of Part I and a payment of \$1,250 at the time of Part II, to a one time payment of \$2,500 prior to the Part I inspection.
- 4. Require a non-refundable Registration Fee of \$100 payable at the time a premise submits the form to register as a new IVIT premises. The \$100 fee will be applied to the new premise inspection fee. The fee addresses the costs incurred by the College when processing the registration of a new premises.

During the 60-day consultation period (January 8, 2021 to March 9, 2021), feedback was received from one Registrant, and staff provided a clarification response (Attached as Appendix 1).

DISCUSSION POINTS

The proposed changes are indicated in the table below as follows:

Deletion Addition

Current Provision	Proposed Change	Rationale/Explanation
Regularly Scheduled 5-	Regularly Scheduled 5-year	The Actual costs incurred by the
year Inspection \$2,500	Inspection \$2,500	Inspection Program since it began
(payable within 30 days	• \$2,000 (payable within	in March 2017 have been reviewed
of the date of the invoice)	30 days of the date of	and a reduction of \$500 in the
	the invoice)	inspection fee for a scheduled 5-
		year inspection is being proposed.
All existing premises	All existing premises	No longer applicable, as the 24-
required to be inspected	required to be inspected	month period has passed.
within 24 months of the	within 24 months of the date	
date Part IV of O. Reg	Part IV of O. Reg 168/15	
168/15 comes into effect	comes into effect will be	
will be invoiced in two	invoiced in two equal	
equal payments of	payments of \$1,250	
\$1,250 approximately	approximately one year	
one year apart within the	apart within the initial 24-	
initial 24-month period.	month period.	

Inspection ordered by the Inspection Committee \$2,500 (payable within 30 days of the date of the invoice)	Inspection ordered by the Inspection Committee \$2,500 • \$2,000 (payable within 30 days of the date of the invoice)	The Actual costs incurred by the Inspection Program since it began in March 2017 have been reviewed and a reduction of \$500 in the inspection fee for an ordered inspection is being proposed. This fee and the expenses necessary are the same as the Regularly Scheduled 5-year inspection.
Inspection of a new premises • Part I \$1,250 (payable within 30 days of the date of the invoice)	Inspection of a new premises Part I \$1,250 \$2,500 (payable within 30 days of the date of the invoice)	The Actual costs incurred by the Inspection Program since it began in March 2017 indicates that the \$2,500 fee is appropriate. The inspection of a new premises is conducted in two parts, incurring additional expenses as an inspector must attend a premises multiple times (requiring more per diem and travel costs). The original fee was split into 2 equal payments of \$1,250. The payment of the full fee prior to Part I of a new premise inspection, reduces the financial risk to the College, since a premise having only had a Part I inspection may perform IVIT until they are notified of a second inspection and then can withdraw from the program without paying the full costs of administering the program.
Part II \$1,250 (payable within 30 days of the date of the invoice)	 Part II \$1,250 (payable within 30 days of the date of the invoice) Applicable to premises invoiced for Part I at \$1,250 prior to [date changes come into effect] 	Ensures that premises that have been invoiced for their Part I inspection at \$1,250, prior to the date the new fee schedule comes into effect, can be invoiced for their Part II inspection at \$1,250.
NA	Registration fee \$100.00	The registration fee of \$100 is payable at the time a premise submits the form to register as a new IVIT premises. If a premise chooses to cancel their registration, the fee is non-refundable. For a premise that undergoes a Part I inspection, the \$100 fee will be applied to the new premise inspection fee. The fee addresses the costs incurred by the College when processing the registration of a new premises.

ANALYSIS

<u>Risk Assessment</u> – The risk assessment is based on the document *Understanding The Risk Analysis Terminology*, a copy of which was included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those risks that have been identified will be addressed.

- Strategic
 - Reputational Risk: Should the proposed amendments not be approved, or the fees be increased, the intention of the fees being made on a cost recovery basis will no longer apply and the College could be seen to be profiting from the Inspection Program.

<u>Privacy Considerations</u> – There are no privacy considerations.

<u>Transparency</u> – The transparency assessment is based on the document <u>Understanding the College's Commitment to Transparency</u>, a copy of which was included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those transparency principles that are relevant have been identified and addressed.

- Relevant, credible, and accurate information: The proposed amendments to Schedule 3
 of the by-laws provide an accurate reflection of the current costs of the Inspection
 Program and the fee amendments reflect the intent for the program to be one of cost
 recovery.
- Consistent approaches: The registration fee proposed is consistent with the requirements of other Colleges with a similar type of inspection program.

<u>Financial Impact</u> – Financial analysis of the College's Inspection Program costs and the proposed amendments ensure that the costs of administering the program will be recovered resulting in no net financial gain or loss to the College.

<u>Public Interest</u> – The Inspection Program will continue to operate thereby ensuring safe and quality care for Ontarians who choose to access IVIT services.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Inspection Committee recommends the Council approves the proposed amendments to the Inspection Program fees as included on Schedule 3 of the by-laws.

ACTION ITEMS

Inform Registrants of the changes to Schedule 3 of the by-laws through the News Bulletin, website, email blasts and blog posts.

Sean Armstrong, ND Chair, Inspection Committee

Mary-Ellen McKenna, ND (Inactive) Manager, Professional Practice

May 12, 2021

Appendix 1

During the 60-day consultation period (January 8, 2021 to March 9, 2021), feedback was received from one Registrant, as follows:

"This email is regarding the proposed inspection program fee amendments. One of the proposed amendments is a 50% increase in fees for inspection of new premises, from a total of \$2500 to \$3750, made in two parts.

While I don't know the breakdown of what it actually costs CONO to do these inspections, as a business owner I believe a 50% increase is excessive. If I were to increase the price of anything in my practice by 50%, such as consultation fees or supplements prices, it would certainly be unacceptable and unjustifiable for patients. The proposed amendment has reduced the cost of inspecting established IVIT clinics to \$2000. For inspections of new locations, with the exception of having to pay for an inspector to return to a new IVIT clinic twice, I can't see why the cost would be so significantly different. I have difficulty imagining that it costs CONO \$1250 (or if you count the difference in price from a recurring inspection then it would be \$1750) to send an inspector back for a second visit.

Furthermore, I would like to make a recommendation that there be a third category of inspection, with a separate pricing structure. The third category should be for established IVIT clinics that are moving to a new location. This happens often, as lease agreements change with landlords (forcing them to leave due to cost), or practices expand and need additional space to provide care. To levy a fee of \$3750 to a clinic owner who needs to move their current approved IVIT suite to a new physical space could be prohibitive. Certainly, with greater than 5 years of experience in running a IVIT clinic, owners who are moving to a new location are well aware of the rules, regulations, and expectations for their IVIT space. I would argue that this is a different situation than the two categories currently listed in the inspection program, with its own unique circumstances. As such, I propose that CONO inspects these clinics only once, and reduces their fees to the same price of \$2000 that is required for recurring 5-year inspections. If owners fail to meet the requirements, then a second visit with an additional cost can then be applied."

Staff provided the following clarification to the Registrant:

"The proposed fee for a new premises inspection is \$2,500, the same as it currently is. The difference is that it will be invoiced as one payment for the full amount rather than \$1,250 at the time of Part I and \$1,250 at the time of Part II.

The \$1,250 fee you are referring to as an increase is the fee for a Part II inspection and will only apply to those premises that were charged the Part I \$1,250 + HST fee prior to the new fee schedule coming into effect. There is no increase inspection fee being proposed for a new premises inspection."



BRIEFING NOTE Proposed Inspection Program Requirements Amendments

PURPOSE:	To consider the proposed Inspection Program Requirements amendments based on the Inspection Committee recommendation.						
OUTCOME	Appro	Approval of amendments to the Inspection Program Requirements.					
NATURE OF DECISION		Strategic	\checkmark	Regulatory Processes & Actions		Other	
PROCESS:							
Activity:		Review an amendmer		iss the proposed Inspecti	on Pro	ogram Requirements	
Results:		Decision					
Overall Timii	Overall Timing: How much time is allocated on the agenda for this item.					is item.	
Steps/Timing:			Presentation of the background and proposed changes - Chair		10 m	inutes	
		2. Dis	cussior	n, Q&A - All	10 m	inutes	
		3. Mo	tion/Vo	te - Council	2 minutes		

BACKGROUND:

In March 2017, Part IV of the General Regulation came into effect authorizing the College to operate an inspection program for all premises where Registrants perform intravenous infusion therapies (IVIT).

The College's Inspection Program supports continuous quality improvement by developing and maintaining standards for all premises in which compounding for and/or administration of IVIT are performed. The College recognizes the importance of maintaining competency for certain procedures that are associated with increased risk and has accordingly developed the Inspection Program to ensure the safety and quality of care for the people of Ontario who choose to access these services.

The structure of the program is to inspect premises where compounding for and/or administration of IVIT are performed to ensure that the Inspection Program Requirements, as well as standards, policies and procedures, are in place and are being practised by Registrants within the premises.

The Inspection Program Requirements outline the requirements for:

- the physical environment,
- infection control,
- emergency measures,
- equipment and supplies to be stocked and maintained,
- the policies and procedures manual,
- compounding for and administering IVIT procedures,
- record keeping,
- · delegation, and

quality management.

The Inspection Program Requirements apply to an inspection of an existing premises undergoing a scheduled 5-year inspection, and a new premises that will have the inspection conducted in two parts. Part I consists of the requirements that must be in place prior to the premises being authorized to begin performing IVIT procedures. Part II consists of the observation of the performance of compounding for and/or administering IVIT as well as reviewing patient charts and the quality management program.

Inspection Program Requirements Review

A review of the Inspection Program Requirements was conducted by the Inspection Committee as part of the ongoing operations of the College and scheduled to be completed prior to the first round of 5-year inspection being conducted in the fall of 2021. The program requirements were reviewed and compared to current resources from outside agencies, as well as current College regulations, standards of practice, guidelines, and policies. When reviewing external resources, the Committee considered how the requirements for other professions and health care settings apply to IVIT procedures performed by Registrants.

External resources include:

- National Association of Pharmacy Regulatory Authorities (NAPRA) Model Standards for Pharmacy Compounding of Non-Hazardous Sterile Preparations
- USP General Chapter 797 Pharmaceutical Compounding Sterile Preparations
- Provincial Infectious Diseases Advisory Committee (PIDAC) Routine Practices and Additional Precautions in All Health Care Settings
- Provincial Infectious Diseases Advisory Committee (PIDAC) Infection Prevention and Control for Clinical Office Practice

College documents reviewed in the process include:

- General Regulation
- Standard of Practice for Compounding
- Standard of Practice for Consent
- Standard of Practice for Delegation
- Standard of Practice for Emergency Preparedness
- Standard of Practice for Infection Control
- Standard of Practice for Intravenous Infusion Therapy
- Standard of Practice for Record Keeping
- Informed Consent Guideline
- Managing Risk in Clinical Practice Guideline
- Sterile Compounding of Injectables Guideline
- AED Policy
- Laminar Air Flow Hood Policy

The Inspection Committee recommended changes based on the above documents to ensure the requirements for compounding and administering IVIT remain current with the practices of other professions and agencies, as well as College regulations, standards of practice, guidelines, and policies.

Public Consultation

As part of the program review a 60-day public consultation was conducted from January 8, 2021 to March 9, 2021. No feedback was received during the consultation period.

DISCUSSION POINTS:

As part of the Inspection Committee's Terms of Reference, the Committee is responsible for providing advice and recommendations to Council regarding the requirements for the College's Inspection Program. The following recommendations are presented for the Council's consideration and approval.

All proposed changes to the Inspection Program Requirements are included in the table below for existing/scheduled 5-year inspections and new (Part I and Part II) inspections. The table also includes those requirements for which there are no recommended changes.

The proposed changes are categorized as follows.

Terminology/Nomenclature

The Council has directed that a number of terms commonly used by the College be changed in order to improve the collective understanding of stakeholders about the role of the College. The following term is being altered by the Council and the proposed changes to the Inspection Program Requirements reflect the Council's direction:

Member to Registrant - The Council has asked that references to Members of the College be altered to Registrants of the College in order to create a better understanding that the College is not beholden to its Members as a professional association would be, but rather, created to regulate the individuals it "registers".

Housekeeping

As is common, when changes are made, there are often minor grammatical issues that are identified, and wording that is inconsistent with related College documents. These changes also add clarity to requirements that may have been unclear for Registrants or moved a requirement into a new section to make it easier for Registrants to implement. Other housekeeping changes include removing redundant requirements. These changes are not substantive, but it is a good practice to make corrections and changes when College documents are being amended.

Alignment with College policies, standards of practice, and guidelines and external resources.

Since the Inspection Program started in 2017 there have been updates to College standards of practice and guidelines that apply to the program, as well as amendments to the sterile compounding requirements set by NAPRA and the *USP General Chapter 797 – Pharmaceutical Compounding – Sterile Preparations*. Proposed changes to the Inspection Program Requirements are based on these documents, and are intended to ensure the Inspection Program reflects current practices ensuring safe and competent procedures are being following in IVIT premises.

All changes are provided in the table attached as Appendix 1. For each proposed change, the table includes the current requirement, the proposed change for the inspection of an existing premises/5-year scheduled inspection, proposed change to a Part I inspection of a new premises, the proposed change to a Part II inspection of a new premises, and the rationale and explanation for the change.

Substantive Changes

The following table highlights the significant proposed changes, indicated as: Deletion or Addition

Comment	Businessal	Businessal	Duanasad	Dationala/Funlameti
Current	Proposed	Proposed	Proposed	Rationale/Explanati
Requirement	Change to	Change to New	Change to	on
	Existing	Premises - Part I	New Premises	
	premises/5-		- Part II	
	year scheduled			
	inspections			
1.0 Physical Requir	rements			
1.1.3.1 Access for	1.1.3.1 Access for	1.1.3.1 Access for	NA	Accessibility for persons
persons with	persons with	persons with		with disabilities
disabilities complies	disabilities	disabilities		encompasses a wide
with provincial	complies with	complies with		variety of
legislation	provincial	provincial		accommodations beyond
(Accessibility for	legislation	legislation		physical access to the
Ontarians with	(Accessibility for	(Accessibility for		premises and is beyond
Disabilities Act).	Ontarians with	Ontarians with		the role of the IVIT
	Disabilities Act).	Disabilities Act).		Inspection Program.
1.3 Emergency Me				
NA	1.3.4 Notices are	1.3.4 Notices are	NA	New requirement. Aligns
	posted and readily	posted and readily		with the College's AED
	visible in common	visible in common		Policy. Signage allows for
	areas indicating an	areas indicating an		anyone in the premises
	AED is on site.	AED is on site.		to be aware that an AED is on site and the
				location.
NA	1.3.5 The AED is	1.3.5 The AED is	2.2.1 The AED is	Allows for the inspector
	fully stocked, the	fully stocked, the	fully stocked, the	to ensure that the AED is
	AED pads are not	AED pads are not	AED pads are not	in proper working order.
	expired, the battery	expired, the battery	expired, the	
	is fully charged, and	is fully charged, and	battery is fully	
	the unit is fully	the unit is fully	charged, and the	
	operational.	operational.	unit is fully	
			operational.	
2.2 Maintenance a	nd Cleaning		2.1 Maintenanc	e and Cleaning
NA	2.2.1 Laminar air	2.2.1 Laminar air	2.1.1 Laminar air	Reflects the
	flow hood has been	flow hood has been	flow hood has	requirements for
	certified as	certified as	been certified as	certification as outlined
	recommended by	recommended by	recommended by	in the College's Laminar
	manufacturer.	manufacturer.	manufacturer.	Air Flow Hood Policy that
				it is to be maintained
				according to the
				manufacturer's recommendations.
3.0 Drugs and Subs	stancos Storago an	d Inventory and Fe	uinmont	recommendations.
NA	3.5 Once a single-	NA	3.5 Once a single-	Ensures that single-use
IVA	use vial has been	ING	use vial has been	vials are used within a
	punctured it must		punctured it must	safe timeframe after
	be used within 12		be used within 12	they have been initially
	hours.		hours.	punctured.
NA	3.6 Once a multi-	NA	3.6 Once a multi-	Ensures that multi-dose
	dose vial has been		dose vial has	vials are used within a
	punctured, it is not		been punctured,	safe timeframe after
	used beyond the		it is not used	they have been initially
	manufacturer's		beyond the	punctured.
	beyond-use date or		manufacturer's	

	1	Τ	I	1
	28 days, whichever		beyond-use date	
	is shorter.		or 28 days,	
			whichever is	
			shorter.	
4.0 Policies and Pro	ocedures Manual			
The Policies and Procee	dures Manual contains	information, policies, a	and procedures that a	address the following.
4.3 Type 1 and Typ				
NA NA	4.3.4 Record	4.3.4 Record	NA	Ensures there is a policy
INA	keeping for all Type	keeping for all Type	INA .	and procedure in the
	1 Occurrence, Type	1 Occurrence, Type		manual to file all Type 1
	2 Occurrence	2 Occurrence		and Type 2 reports.
	Tracking (i.e. filed	Tracking (i.e. filed		and Type 2 Teports.
	in the patient file as	in the patient file as		
	well as in a master	well as in a master		
	file), and Type 2	file), and Type 2		
	Occurrence Annual	Occurrence Annual		
	reports.	reports.		
4.6 Training				
3.1.2 Annual staff	4.6.1 Processes to	4.6.1 Processes to	NA	Ensures that the Policies
training or updating	ensure completion	ensure completion		and Procedures Manual
is complete on	of staff training for:	of staff training for:		includes thorough
infection prevention	infection	infection		processes to train staff in
and proper PPE use.	prevention and	prevention and		infection prevention and
	control,	control,		proper PPE use.
	 proper PPE use 	 proper PPE use 		
	of personal	of personal		
	protective	protective		
	equipment,	equipment,		
	 proper hand 	 proper hand 		
	hygiene,	hygiene,		
	 emergency 	 emergency 		
	procedures,	procedures,		
	 waste disposal, 	 waste disposal, 		
	inventory	inventory		
	handling and	handling and		
	storage,	storage,		
	 handling gross 	 handling gross 		
	blood spills,	blood spills,		
	 cleaning 	• cleaning		
	equipment and	equipment and		
	patient surfaces,	patient surfaces,		
	and,	and,		
	 other areas as 	 other areas as 		
	determined by	determined by		
	the premises.	the premises.		
6.2 Delivery and Te		NA	5.2 Delivery	
			and	
			Termination	
			of IVIT	
8.2.3 Patient is	6.2.12 The patient's	NA	5.2.12 The	Depending on the length
monitored during	vital signs are is		patient's vital	of time it takes to
treatment (at a	monitored during		signs are is	administer the iv bag it
minimum blood	treatment when		monitored during	may not be appropriate
pressure, heart rate,	indicated or for		treatment when	to monitor vitals during

respiratory rate or	infusions that take		indicated or for	the treatment.
pulse oximeter	longer than 30		infusions that	Depending on the initial
reading and	minutes to		take longer than	temperature it may not
temperature are	administer:		30 minutes to	be clinically indicated to
recorded).	(at a minimum		administer:	monitor during the IVIT.
	 blood pressure 		(at a minimum	
	 heart rate 		• blood	
	 respiratory rate 		pressure	
	or pulse		 heart rate 	
	oximeter		respiratory	
	reading		rate or pulse	
	 temperature, 		oximeter	
	when indicated		reading	
	are recorded)		 temperature, 	
			when	
			indicated are	
			recorded) .	
7.0 General Infec	tion Control Procedu	ures	6.0 General	
			Infection	
			Control	
			Procedures	
NA	7.2 Gloves are used	NA	6.2 Gloves are	Ensures proper infection
IVA	for a single task and	INA.	used for a single	control procedures are
	are never re-used.		task and are	followed and gloves are
	are never re-useu.		never re-used.	never reused.
0.0 Dationt Chart	Poguiromento		8.0 Patient	never reasea.
9.0 Patient Chart	Requirements			
			Chart	
			Requirements	
9.4 Informed Con	sent		8.4 Informed	
9.4 Informed Con	sent			
9.4 Informed Con	sent 9.4.1	NA	8.4 Informed	Proper documentation
		NA	8.4 Informed Consent	Proper documentation regarding informed
	9.4.1	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1	
	9.4.1 Documentation of a	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of	regarding informed consent is often
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion	regarding informed consent is often
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition,
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits,	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects,	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent.
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects,	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the intervention, the	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the intervention, the associated costs,	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the intervention, the associated costs, and the right to	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the intervention, the	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements
	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the intervention, the associated costs, and the right to	NA	8.4 Informed Consent 8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the intervention, the associated costs,	regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sddsadds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements

ANALYSIS

<u>Risk Assessment</u> – The risk assessment is based on the document *Understanding the Risk Analysis Terminology*, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those risks that have been identified will be addressed.

- Strategic risk:
 - Political: Where amendments are made to guidance materials of external related organizations it requires analysis to ensure that the College programs remain consistent and up-to-date. By not approving the proposed changes, the College risks not ensuring premises where IVIT procedures are performed are practising according to current standards.
 - Reputation failure to ensure the College's program is in sync with international and standards of other professions may damage the College's reputation.

<u>Privacy Considerations</u> – There are no privacy considerations.

<u>Transparency</u> – The transparency assessment is based on the document <u>Understanding the College's Commitment to Transparency</u>, a copy of which was included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those transparency principles that are relevant have been identified and addressed.

- Consistent Approaches: the amendments to the program requirements align with other organizations that guide IVIT procedures.
- Timely, accessible, and contextual: Transparency of the proposed changes has been achieved through the 60-day public consultation period undertaken by the College, as well as this briefing being made public, and the Council's discussion being undertaken in an open Council meeting. The proposed changes are presented with the current and proposed changes as well as the context and explanation for the proposed changes.

<u>Financial Impact</u> – There is no financial impact with this recommendation.

<u>Public Interest</u> – The Inspection Program will continue to ensure Registrants are providing IVIT services in accordance with comprehensive, up-to-date requirements ensuring safe and quality care for Ontarians who choose to access IVIT services.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Inspection Committee recommends the Council approve the amendments to the Inspection Program Requirements.

ACTION ITEMS

The Inspection Program Policies will be updated and posted on the College's website.

Registrants will be informed of the changes to the Inspection Program Requirements through the News Bulletin, website, email blasts and blog posts.

Sean Armstrong, ND Chair, Inspection Committee

Mary-Ellen McKenna, ND (Inactive) Manager, Professional Practice

May 12, 2021

Appendix 1

The proposed changes are indicated in the table below as follows: Deletion Addition

Current Requirement	Proposed Change to Existing premises/5- year scheduled inspections	Proposed Change to New Premises - Part I	Proposed Change to New Premises - Part II	Rationale/Explanati on
1.0 Physical Requir	ements			
1.1 General 1.1.1 Site complies with all applicable building codes including fire safety requirements.	1.1.1 Site complies with all applicable building codes including fire safety requirements.	1.1.1 Site complies with all applicable building codes including fire safety requirements.	NA	Fire safety is captured in section 1.1.6.2. Evaluating adherence to building codes is outside of the expertise of IVIT inspectors and is not a necessary component of an IVIT inspection. Removal does not affect the quality and safety of IVIT care being provided at a premise.
1.1.3.1 Access for persons with disabilities complies with provincial legislation (Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act). 1.2.1.1 Temperature and ventilation ensures staff and patient comfort.	1.1.3.1 Access for persons with disabilities complies with provincial legislation (Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act). 1.2.1.1 Temperature and ventilation ensures staff and patient comfort.	1.1.3.1 Access for persons with disabilities complies with provincial legislation (Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act). 1.2.1.1 Temperature and ventilation ensures staff and patient comfort.	NA NA	Accessibility for persons with disabilities encompasses a wide variety of accommodations beyond physical access to the premises and is beyond the role of the IVIT Inspection Program. Patient comfort is captures in section 1.1.2. where the inspector can comment on the room temperature and ventilation.
1.1.5.3 The following areas are functionally separate, this may include separate, dedicated rooms or designated areas, depending on the available space: • administration and patientwaiting area/room	1.1.1.5.3 The following areas are functionally separate, allowing adequate space to ensure patient safety, and that emergency protocols and infection control standards can be met. This may include separate,	1.1.1.5.3 The following areas are functionally separate, allowing adequate space to ensure patient safety, and that emergency protocols and infection control standards can be met. This may include separate,	NA	Adds clarity

	T	T	1	1
 procedure 	dedicated rooms,	dedicated rooms,		
area/room	or designated	or designated		
 clean utility 	areas, depending	areas, depending		
area/room non-	on the available	on the available		
sterile storage	space.	space.		
area/room	 administration 	 administration 		
 compounding 	and patient-	and patient-		
area/room	waiting	waiting		
recovery	area/room	area/room		
area/room.	 procedure IVIT 	 procedure IVIT 		
,	administering	administering		
	area/room	area/room		
	 clean utility 	 clean utility 		
	area/room	area/room		
	• non-sterile	• non-sterile		
	storage	storage		
	area/room	area/room		
	 compounding 	compounding		
	area/room	area/room		
	• recovery	• recovery		
	area/room.	area/room.		
1.1.5.1 Layout	1.1.2 Layout of all	1.1.2 Layout of all	NA	Adds clarity. Includes the
facilitates safe	rooms/areas	rooms/areas	NA .	need to ensure patients
patient care and	facilitates safe,	facilitates safe,		are comfortable
patient flow.	comfortable	comfortable		including the room
patient now.	patient care and	patient care and		temperature and
	patient flow.	patient flow.		ventilation.
1.1.5.2 Premises is	1.1.3 Premises is	1.1.3 Premises is	NA	The premises being
neat, comfortable,	neat, comfortable,	neat, comfortable,	INA	"comfortable" is more
clean and free of	clean and free of	clean and free of		applicable to section
clutter.	clutter.	clutter.		1.1.2
1.2.1.5 Openings to	1.1.4 Openings to	1.1.4 Openings to	NA	No change
the outside are	the outside are	the outside are	INA	No change
effectively protected	effectively	effectively		
	protected against			
against the entrance		protected against		
of insects or animals	the entrance of	the entrance of insects or animals		
by self-closing doors,	insects or animals			
closed windows,	by self-closing	by self-closing		
screening, controlled	doors, closed	doors, closed		
air current or other	windows,	windows,		
effective means.	screening,	screening,		
	controlled air	controlled air		
	current or other	current or other		
4.2.4.4.4	effective means.	effective means.	NA.	A dala ala situ.
1.3.1.1 Appropriate	1.1.5 The	1.1.5 The	NA	Adds clarity
compounding area is	Appropriate	Appropriate		
designated (separate	compounding	compounding		
room or low and	designated	designated		
controlled traffic	area/room	area/room		
area with limited	containing the	containing the		
access).	laminar air flow	laminar air flow		
	hood is in (separate	hood is in (separate		
	room or a low and	room or a low and		
	controlled traffic	controlled traffic		
	area with	area with		
	controlled, limited	controlled, limited		

	access) .	access) .		
NA	1.1.6 A sink is readily available in the premises for staff use.	1.1.6 A sink is readily available in the premises for staff use.	NA	Aligns with the College's Sterile Compounding Guideline.
1.3.1.2 IV substances are located adjacent to the compounding area and in a controlled access area.	1.1.7 IV drugs/substances are located adjacent to the compounding area, in a low traffic area with controlled, limited access.	1.1.7 The area where IV drugs/substances are will be located is adjacent to the compounding area, in a low traffic area with controlled, limited access.	1.1.1 IV drugs/substances are located adjacent to the compounding area, in a low traffic area with controlled, limited access.	Adds clarity
1.1.2.2 Electrical outlets are available. No overloaded wall-plugs or overloaded extension cords are in use.	1.1.8 Electrical outlets are available. No overloaded wall-plugs or overloaded extension cords are in use.	1.1.8 Electrical outlets are available. No overloaded wall-plugs or overloaded extension cords are in use.	NA	No change
1.2 Infection Contr	ol			
1.2.1.2 Floors and walls can be cleaned to meet infection control requirements (eg surfaces are smooth and washable).	1.2.1 Floors, and walls, chairs, examination tables, patient contact surfaces, etc can be cleaned to meet infection control requirements (eg surfaces are smooth and washable).	1.2.1 Floors, and walls, chairs, examination tables, patient contact surfaces, etc can be cleaned to meet infection control requirements (eg surfaces are smooth and washable).	NA	Ensures all patient contact surfaces such as chairs and examination table can be cleaned to meet infection control requirements.
1.2.1.3 In premises access to handwashing facilities and proper towel disposal. 1.2.1.4 Alcohol-based	1.2.2 In premise a Access to hand- washing facilities and with proper towel disposal available to patients and all staff. 1.2.3 Alcohol-based	1.2.2 In premise a Access to hand- washing facilities and with proper towel disposal available to patients and all staff. 1.2.3 Alcohol-based	NA NA	This takes into account that not all premises have a washroom in the premise itself for patients to use but one is available in the building such as in the hallway outside of the premises. Adds clarity that alcohol-
hand cleaner is readily available.	hand cleaner is readily available throughout the premises for staff and patients.	hand cleaner is readily available throughout the premises for staff and patients.		based hand cleaner is to be available throughout the premises (rather than potentially in only one location) for both staff and patients.
3.2.3 Tissue boxes are available for staff and patients.	1.2.4 Tissue boxes are available throughout the premises for staff and patients.	1.2.4 Tissue boxes are available throughout the premises for staff and patients.	NA	Adds clarity that tissue boxes are to be available throughout the premises (rather than potentially in only one location) for both staff and patients.

	T	T	Т	1
3.2.6 Masks are	1.2.5 Disposable	1.2.5 Disposable	NA	Requirements for all
readily available for	masks are readily	masks are readily		signage moved to as
patients along with	available for	available for		separate requirement in
signage for proper	patients. along with	patients. along with		section 1.2.6.
use.	signage for proper	signage for proper		
	use.	use.		
3.2.1 Infection	1.2.6 Infection	1.2.6 Infection	NA	Allows for the premises
control signs are	control signs are	control signs are		to determine where the
posted at the entry	prominently	prominently		signs are best posted for
and at the reception	posted. at the	posted. at the		patients to see.
desk.	entry and at the	entry and at the		
	reception desk.	reception desk.		
NA	1.2.7 Infection	1.2.7 Infection	NA	Provides examples of
	control signage	control signage		information to include in
	includes how to	includes how to		the infection control
	prevent the spread	prevent the spread		signage.
	of infections (e.g.	of infections (e.g.		
	use of alcohol-	use of alcohol-		
	based hand	based hand		
	sanitizer, use of	sanitizer, use of		
	masks, etc).	masks, etc).		
3.2.8 A telephone, in	1.2.8 A telephone,	1.2.8 A telephone,	1.2.1 A	Ensures the process to
person or online	in person or online	in person or online	telephone, in	screen for patients is
infectious disease	infectious disease	infectious disease	person or online	being used on a
screening protocol	screening protocol	screening protocol	infectious disease	consistent basis for
has been developed	has been	has been	screening	existing and Part II
and implemented for	developed and is	developed and	protocol has been	inspections. For the Part
use when	consistently	implemented for	developed and is	I inspection, the
communicating with	implemented for	use when	consistently	requirement ensures
patients and	use when	communicating	implemented for	that a protocol has been
scheduling	communicating	with patients and	use when	developed for use once
appointments.	with patients and	scheduling	communicating	the premises is
	scheduling	appointments.	with patients and	authorized to perform
	appointments.		scheduling	IVIT procedures.
			appointments.	The process are con-
3.2.4 Garbage cans	1.2.9 Garbage cans	1.2.9 Garbage cans	NA	Adds clarity that garbage
are readily available.	are readily	are readily		cans are to be available
and a summer	available	available		throughout the premises
	throughout the	throughout the		(rather than potentially
	premises for staff	premises for staff		in only one location) for
	and patients.	and patients.		both staff and patients.
3.2.7 Reception staff	1.2.10 Reception	1.2.10 Reception	NA	Ensures protocols are in
can maintain a safe	staff are protected	staff are protected		place to reduce the risk
distance	from possible	from possible		of staff and patient
(approximately 1	exposure (e.g. use	exposure (e.g. use		exposure to infectious
meter) from patients.	of personal	of personal		agents.
meter, from patients.	protective	protective		apento.
	equipment, can	equipment, can		
	maintaining a safe	maintaining a safe		
	distance	distance		
	(approximately 1	(approximately 1		
	meter) from	meter) from		
	patients, or	patients, or		
		-		
	protective barriers	protective barriers		
	are in place).	are in place).		

segregation area is available, when needed. 3.2.10 Clean toy and 1.2.12 Clean toy and solied toy bins are used, where applicable. applicable. 3.3.10 Tableways. 1.3.1 Hallways, stairways and elevators are sufficiently wide to allow emergency evacuation of a patient by emergency personnel and their equipment. 1.1.6.2 The premises is equipped with a fire/smoke alarm system that conforms to local fire codes and fire safety training. 1.1.6.4 Fire exits are clearly marked, and exocutation maps are prominently displayed loeated in all patient areas. NA 1.3.4 Notices are posted and readily visible in common areas indicating an AED is on site. NA 1.3.5 The AED is fully stocked, the AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. 1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in patient care areas. 1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in patient care in all patient care in all patient care in all patient eare in all pat	-	T	T	T	
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fully stocked, the AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. 1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting patient care areas. fully stocked, the AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. fully stocked, the AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. NA Ensures that the AED is in proper working order. expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. NA Ensures that emergency lighting in all patient care					location.
AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. 1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in patient care areas. AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. NA Ensures that emergency lighting in all patient care in proper working order.	NA	1.3.5 The AED is	1.3.5 The AED is	2.2.1 The AED is	Allows for the inspector
AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. 1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in patient care areas. AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. 1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care		fully stocked, the	fully stocked, the	fully stocked, the	to ensure that the AED is
expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. 1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in patient care areas. expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care					in proper working order.
is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. 1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting patient care areas. is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational. NA Ensures that emergency lighting lighting in all patient care in all patient care		expired, the battery		expired, the	
the unit is fully operational. the unit is fully operational. the unit is fully operational. charged, and the unit is fully operational. 1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in patient care areas. 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care in all patient care the unit is fully operational. NA Ensures that emergency lighting in all patient care areas where patients		-		battery is fully	
1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in patient care areas. 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care		the unit is fully	the unit is fully	charged, and the	
1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in patient care areas. 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care 1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	operational.	_	
1.1.6.5 There is emergency lighting in patient care areas.1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient care1.3.6 There is emergency lighting in all patient careNAEnsures that emergency lighting is available in all areas where patients				-	
emergency lighting in patient care areas. emergency lighting in all patient care emergency lighting in all patient eare	1.1.6.5 There is	1.3.6 There is	1.3.6 There is	· ·	Ensures that emergency
patient care areas. in all patient care in all patient care areas where patients	emergency lighting in	emergency lighting	emergency lighting		
	patient care areas.	in all patient care	in all patient care		areas where patients
	Emergency lighting	areas. Emergency	areas. Emergency		

	T	Г	T	T .
may include but is	lighting may	lighting may		may be, not just in
not limited to a	include but is not	include but is not		care/treatment rooms.
permanently	limited to a	limited to a		
installed emergency	permanently	permanently		
system or battery	installed	installed		
powered portable	emergency system	emergency system		
devices.	or battery powered	or battery powered		
	portable devices.	portable devices.		
1.1.6.3 Emergency	1.3.7 Emergency	1.3.7 Emergency		There has been
procedures are	procedures are	procedures are		confusion as to whether
clearly displayed.	clearly displayed.	clearly displayed.		this was emergency
	readily available for	readily available for		evacuation procedures
	staff to use in the	staff to use in the		or emergency
	event of a patient-	event of a patient-		procedures to be
	related emergency.	related emergency.		followed by staff in the
	,	,		event of a patient-
				related emergency.
				There is no need for
				evacuation procedures
				to be displayed since
				exits are clearly marked
				and maps are posted.
				The change adds clarity
				and improves safety
				measures.
1.4.2.2 Crash cart is	1.3.8 A crash cart is	1.3.8 A crash cart is	1.1.1 A crash cart	Ensures that the crash
immediately	immediately		is immediately	
available.	available and fully	immediately available and fully	available and fully	cart is always fully stocked.
avaliable.	stocked.	stocked.	•	stocked.
2.0 Faurings and and	L.	Stocked.	stocked.	
2.0 Equipment and	Supplies			
2.1 General				
1.1.2.1 All electrical	2.1.1 All electrical	2.1.1 All electrical	NA	Adds clarity
devices are certified	devices are	devices are		
by CSA or licensed	certified by CSA or	certified by CSA or		
for use in Canada.	licensed for use in	licensed for use in		
	Canada meet	Canada meet		
	Canadian electrical	Canadian electrical		
	safety	safety		
	requirements and	requirements and		
	contain	contain		
	certification marks,	certification marks,		
	such as CSA, cUL or	such as CSA, cUL or		
	cETL.	cETL.		
1.2.1.7	2.1.2	2.1.2	NA	Adds clarity to ensure
Sharps/biohazard	Sharps/biohazard	Sharps/biohazard		the proper sharps
containers are	containers are	containers are		containers are used.
readily available to	readily available to	readily available to		
staff.	staff puncture-	staff puncture-		
	resistant, tamper-	resistant, tamper-		
	resistant, leak-	resistant, leak-		
	proof with a clearly	proof with a clearly		
	identifiable	identifiable		
	biological hazard	biological hazard		
	label.	label.		
1.2.1.7	2.1.3	2.1.3	NA	Adds clarity to ensure
	Sharps/biohazard	2.1.3 Sharps/biohazard	INA	that sharps containers
Sharps/biohazard				

containers are readily available to staff. 1.3.2.1 Laminar airflow hood in place 1.3.2.1 Appropriate personal protective	containers are readily available to staff easily accessible in every "point of use" area and mounted out of the reach of children. 2.1.4 A laminar airflow hood is in place for premises where compounding for IVIT is conducted. 2.1.5 Appropriate personal protective	containers are readily available to staff easily accessible in every "point of use" area and mounted out of the reach of children. 2.1.4 A laminar airflow hood is in place for premises where compounding for IVIT is conducted. 2.1.5 Appropriate personal protective	NA NA	are accessible to staff in the areas where they are used (compounding and administering areas) and are safely out of the reach of children. Adds clarity that the LAFH is only required when there is on site compounding for IVIT.
equipment (PPE) is available for procedures where applicable.	equipment (PPE) is available for procedures where applicable.	equipment (PPE) is available for procedures where applicable.		
NA	2.1.6 Spill kit is readily available to clean gross spills of blood.	2.1.6 Spill kit is readily available to clean gross spills of blood.	NA	The requirement to have a process to clean gross spills of blood has been in place, however, there has not been a requirement to have a spill kit on hand. The process for cleaning blood spills is documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
2.2 Maintenance a	nd Cleaning		2.1 Maintenance and Cleaning	
NA	2.2.1 Laminar air flow hood has been certified as recommended by manufacturer.	2.2.1 Laminar air flow hood has been certified as recommended by manufacturer.	2.1.1 Laminar air flow hood has been certified as recommended by manufacturer.	Reflects the requirements for certification as outlined in the College's Laminar Air Flow Hood Policy that it is to be maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
1.2.2.2 Equipment used for administering IVIT is maintained and inspected regularly for functionality.	2.2.2 Equipment used for administering IVIT is maintained and inspected regularly for functionality and is recorded in the applicable log.	2.2.2 Maintenance logs are available to record the maintenance and inspection of equipment used for administering IVIT.	2.1.2 Equipment used for administering IVIT is maintained and inspected regularly for functionality and is recorded in the applicable log.	Ensures that there is documentation of the maintenance of equipment used to administer IVIT and allows for the inspection to include a review of the log. For Part I – this ensures a log to record the maintenance of equipment used to

1.3.2.2 Equipment used for compounding for IVIT is maintained and inspected regularly for functionality.	2.2.3 Equipment used for compounding IVIT is maintained and inspected regularly for functionality and is recorded in the applicable log.	2.2.3 Maintenance logs are available to record the maintenance and inspection of equipment used when compounding for IVIT.	2.1.3 Equipment used for compounding IVIT is maintained and inspected regularly for functionality and is recorded in the applicable log.	administer IVIT is in place and ready to be used. Ensures that there is documentation of the maintenance of equipment used to compound for IVIT and allows for the inspection to include a review of the log. For Part I – this ensures a log to record the maintenance of equipment used to compound for IVIT is in
3.5.2 Approved and appropriate disinfectant products are available for patient surfaces, equipment, and instruments.	2.2.4 Approved and appropriate cleaning and disinfecting products are available for cleaning and disinfecting patient surfaces.	2.2.4 Approved and appropriate cleaning and disinfecting products are available for cleaning and disinfecting patient surfaces.	NA	place and ready to be used. Adds clarity, is specific to products used on patient surfaces, and ensures the inspector can check that the products are stocked and available for use.
3.5.2 Approved and appropriate disinfectant products are available for patient surfaces, equipment, and instruments.	2.2.5 Approved and appropriate cleaning and disinfecting products are available for cleaning and disinfecting equipment and instruments.	2.2.5 Approved and appropriate cleaning and disinfecting products are available for cleaning and disinfecting equipment and instruments.	NA	Adds clarity, is specific to products used for equipment and instruments, and ensures the inspector can check that the products are stocked and available for use.
NA	2.2.6 Cleaning and disinfecting of patient surfaces, equipment, and instruments is recorded in a cleaning log.	2.2.6 A log is available to record all completed cleaning and disinfecting of patient surfaces, equipment, and instruments.	2.1.4 Cleaning and disinfecting of patient surfaces, equipment, and instruments is recorded in a cleaning log.	New requirements to ensure that cleaning and disinfecting procedures are completed and recorded. Procedures are documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual and ensuring staff is following the procedures is part of the Quality Management Program.
2.3 Items Required	on the Crash Cart		2.2 Items Required on the Crash Cart	
Automated External Defibrillator	 Alcohol Angiocatheters Atropine i.v. Calcium chloride and/or Calcium 	 Alcohol Angiocatheters Atropine i.v. Calcium chloride and/or Calcium 	 Alcohol Angiocatheter s Atropine i.v. Calcium 	Nitroglycerin is included on Table 3 of the General Regulation allowing its use in office in emergency

- (AED)
- Alcohol
- Arm board
- Basic dressing supplies
- Cotton balls
- Gauze and bandages
- IV tubing, administration sets and angiocatheters
- Micropore tape
- Non-latex gloves
- Non-latex tourniquets
- Pocket mask for cardiopulmonary resuscitation
- Resuscitation bag with O₂ attachment
- Safety

 engineered
 needles
- Scissors
- Smelling salts (amyl nitrate) or essential oil (peppermint)
- Syringes2.3
- Atropine
- Calcium chloride and/or Calcium gluconate and/or Calcium glycerophosphate
- Dextrose
- Diphenhydramin e hydrochloride
- Epinephrine hydrochloride i.m.
- Ipratropium bromide
- Magnesium chloride and/or Magnesium sulfate
- Saline bags
- Oxygen tank with regulator 0-10 L/min with mask or nasal canula

- gluconate and/or Calcium glycerophosphat e i.v.
- 5. Dextrose 5% (D5W) and 50% i.v.
- 6. Diphenhydramin 6. e hydrochloride i.v., i.m.
- 7. Epinephrine hydrochloride i.m.
- 8. Ipratropium bromide
- IV tubing and administration sets
- Magnesium chloride and/or Magnesium sulfate i.v.
- 11. Micropore tape
- 12. Nitroglycerin
- 13. Non-latex gloves
- 14. Non-latex tourniquets
- Oxygen tank with regulator
 0-10 L/min with mask or nasal canula
- 16. Pocket mask for cardiopulmonar y resuscitation
- 17. Resuscitation bag with O₂ attachment
- 18. Safety
 engineered
 needles
- 19. Salbutamol
- 20. Saline bags
- 21. Smelling salts (amyl nitrate) or essential oil (peppermint)
- 22. Syringes

- gluconate and/or Calcium glycerophosphat e i.v.
- 5. Dextrose 5% (D5W) and 50% i.v.
- 6. Diphenhydramin e hydrochloride i.v., i.m.
- 7. Epinephrine hydrochloride i.m.
- 8. Ipratropium bromide
- IV tubing and administration sets
- Magnesium chloride and/or Magnesium sulfate i.v.
- 11. Micropore tape
- 12. Nitroglycerin
- 13. Non-latex gloves
- 14. Non-latex tourniquets
- Oxygen tank
 with regulator
 0-10 L/min with
 mask or nasal
 canula
- 16. Pocket mask for cardiopulmonar y resuscitation
- 17. Resuscitation bag with O₂ attachment
- 18. Safety engineered needles
- 19. Salbutamol
- 20. Saline bags
- 21. Smelling salts (amyl nitrate) or essential oil (peppermint)
- 22. Syringes

- chloride
 and/or
 Calcium
 gluconate
 and/or
 Calcium
 glycerophosph
 ate i.v.
- 5. Dextrose 5% (D5W) and 50% i.v.
- Diphenhydram ine hydrochloride i.v., i.m.
- 7. Epinephrine hydrochloride i.m.
- 8. Ipratropium bromide
- 9. IV tubing and administration sets
- Magnesium chloride and/or Magnesium sulfate i.v.
- 11. Micropore tape
- 12. Nitroglycerin
- 13. Non-latex gloves
- 14. Non-latex tourniquets
- Oxygen tank with regulator 0-10 L/min with mask or nasal canula
- 16. Pocket mask for cardiopulmon ary resuscitation
- 17. Resuscitation bag with O₂ attachment
- 18. Safety engineered needles
- 19. Salbutamol
- 20. Saline bags
- 21. Smelling salts (amyl nitrate) or essential oil

circumstances and should be included on the crash cart. For emergency purposes it is recommended that dextrose is stocked on the crash cart in two concentrations – 5% and 50%. The type of injection (e.g. i.v.) has been added for clarity.

a Callaude1			/nonn====:=t\	
Salbutamol			(peppermint) 22. Syringes	
2.4.5	 Committee met em Co	rock Cout but		
2.4 Equipment and	i Supplies not on C	rasn cart but	2.3 Equipment	
Readily Available			and Supplies	
			not on Crash	
			Cart but	
			Readily	
			Available	
2.4 Cold compresses, hot packs Natural anxiolytic Non-latex blood pressure cuff Pulse oximeter Snacks (crackers, fruit juices) Stethoscope Thermometer Watch (if no wall clock with second hand present in the room) Lidocaine (topical)	1. Arm board or other support (e.g. pillow with disposable cover) 2. Automated External Defibrillator (AED) 3. Basic dressing supplies 4. Blood pressure cuff 5. Cold compresses, hot packs 6. Cotton balls 7. Gauze and bandages 8. Lidocaine (topical) 9. Natural anxiolytic 10. Non-latex blood pressure cuff 11. Pulse oximeter 12. Scissors 13. Snacks (crackers, fruit juices) 14. Stethoscope 15. Thermometer 16. Watch (if no wall clock with	1. Arm board or other support (e.g. pillow with disposable cover) 2. Automated External Defibrillator (AED) 3. Basic dressing supplies 4. Blood pressure cuff 5. Cold compresses, hot packs 6. Cotton balls 7. Gauze and bandages 8. Lidocaine (topical) 9. Natural anxiolytic 10. Non-latex blood pressure cuff 11. Pulse oximeter 12. Scissors 13. Snacks (crackers, fruit juices) 14. Stethoscope 15. Thermometer 16. Watch (if no wall clock with	1. Arm board or other support (e.g. pillow with disposable cover) 2. Automated External Defibrillator (AED) 3. Basic dressing supplies 4. Blood pressure cuff 5. Cold compresses, hot packs 6. Cotton balls 7. Gauze and bandages 8. Lidocaine (topical) 9. Natural anxiolytic 10. Non-latex blood pressure cuff 11. Pulse oximeter 12. Scissors 13. Snacks (crackers, fruit juices) 14. Stethoscope 15. Thermometer 16. Watch (if no	Supports other than an arm board can be used during the administration of IVIT.
	second-hand	second-hand	wall clock with	
	present in the	present in the	second-hand	
	room)	room)	present in the	
2 0 Druge and Suba	tancos Storago and	l Inventory and Fe	room)	
3.0 Drugs and Subs				Includes the drugs that
4.1.1.3 Only	3.1 Only	NA	3.1 Only	Includes the drugs that
drugs/substances listed on Table 2 are	drugs/substances listed on Tables 2		drugs/substances listed on Tables 2	may be compounded for IVIT as listed in the
stocked for	and 5 of the		and 5 of the	General Regulation can
compounding and	General Regulation		General	be stocked.
administering by	are stocked for		Regulation are	
IVIT.	compounding for		stocked for	

	T		1	
	and/or		compounding for	
	administering by		and/or	
	IVIT.		administering by	
			IVIT.	
4.1.1.4 Drugs not	3.2	NA	3.2	Adds clarity that drugs
listed on Table 2 may	Drugs/substances		Drugs/substances	and substances not
be stocked if they are	not listed on Tables		not listed on	included on Table 2 and
being administered	2 and 5 of the		Tables 2 and 5 of	Table 5 of the General
through a delegation.	General Regulation		the <i>General</i>	Regulation can only be
	may be are stocked		Regulation may	stocked if there is a
	if they are being for		be are stocked if	delegation in place.
	compounding for		they are being for	
	and/or		compounding for	
	administering		and/or	
	through by IVIT		administering	
	only when a		through by IVIT	
	delegation is in		only when a	
	place.		delegation is in	
			place.	
4.1.1.5 Only	4.1.1.5 Only	4.1.1.5 Only	4.1.1.5 Only	Captured above in
drugs/substances	drugs/substances	drugs/substances	drugs/substances	sections 3.1 and 3.2
approved for use by	approved for use by	approved for use	approved for use	
the College of	the College of	by the College of	by the College of	
Naturopaths of	Naturopaths of	Naturopaths of	Naturopaths of	
Ontario for IV	Ontario for IV	Ontario for IV	Ontario for IV	
administration are	administration are	administration are	administration	
used.	used.	used.	are used.	
4.1.1.1 A general	3.3 An IVIT general	3.1 An IVIT general	3.3 An IVIT	Adds clarity that the
drug/substance	drug/substance	drug/substance	general	inspection applies to IVIT
inventory record is	inventory record,	inventory record,	drug/substance	drugs and substances.
maintained including	which includes	which includes	inventory record,	Lot numbers are
expiration dates.	expiration dates	expiration dates	which includes	required to track
	and lot numbers, is	and lot numbers, is	expiration dates	inventory
	maintained and up	available.	and lot numbers,	
	to date.		is maintained and	
			up to date.	
4.1.1.2 When	3.4 When	NA	3.4 When	Housekeeping change
applicable,	applicable, IVIT		applicable, IVIT	
drugs/substances are	drugs/substances		drugs/substances	
labelled to indicate	are labelled to		are labelled to	
the date the seal was	indicate the date		indicate the date	
broken.	they were initially		they were initially	
	punctured seal was		punctured seal	
	broken .		was broken.	
NA	3.5 Once a single-	NA	3.5 Once a single-	Ensures that single-use
	use vial has been		use vial has been	vials are used within a
	punctured it must		punctured it must	safe timeframe after
	be used within 12		be used within 12	they have been initially
	hours.		hours.	punctured.
NA	3.6 Once a multi-	NA	3.6 Once a multi-	Ensures that multi-dose
	dose vial has been		dose vial has	vials are used within a
	punctured, it is not		been punctured,	safe timeframe after
	used beyond the		it is not used	they have been initially
	manufacturer's		beyond the	punctured.
	beyond-use date or		manufacturer's	F
	Degona ase date of		beyond-use date	
	l		beyond use date	

	T	Т	T	T
	28 days, whichever		or 28 days,	
	is shorter.		whichever is	
			shorter.	
4.1.1.8	3.7 IVIT	3.2 IVIT	3.7 IVIT	Housekeeping change
Drugs/substances are	drugs/substances	drugs/substances	drugs/substances	
stored according to	are stored	are stored	are stored	
manufacturer's	according to the	according to the	according to the	
recommendations.	manufacturer's	manufacturer's	manufacturer's	
	recommendations,	recommendations,	recommendation	
	eg room	eg room	s, eg room	
	temperature,	temperature,	temperature,	
	refrigerated, away	refrigerated, away	refrigerated,	
	from light.	from light.	away from light.	
4.1.1.10	3.8 IVIT	3.3 IVIT	NA	Ensures that all storage
Drugs/substances are	drugs/substances	drugs/substances		spaces including shelves
organized for easy	are organized for	are organized for		and those in the
access in	easy access in	easy access in		refrigerator are labeled.
appropriately	appropriately	appropriately		
labelled	labeled bins,	labeled bins,		
bins/cupboards.	cupboards and	cupboards and		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	shelves, including	shelves, including		
	those in the	those in the		
	refrigerator.	refrigerator.		
4.1.1.11	3.9 IVIT	3.4 A dedicated	3.8 IVIT	Clarifies that the
Drugs/substances	drugs/substances	refrigerator is	drugs/substances	dedicated fridge is only
requiring	requiring	available for the	requiring	for injectables, and
refrigeration are	refrigeration are	storage of	refrigeration are	allows for non-IVIT
properly stored in a	properly stored in a	injectable	properly stored in	injectables to be stored
dedicated	dedicated	drugs/substances	a dedicated	in the same fridge. The
refrigerator, with the	refrigerator	only.	refrigerator	requirement for
temperature check	dedicated to	omy.	dedicated to	refrigerator temperature
regularly (eg. use of a	injectable		injectable	is in a separate
thermometer that	drugs/substances		drugs/substances	requirement.
registers maximum	only. with the		only. with the	
and minimum	temperature check		temperature	
temperatures and	regularly (eg. use of		check regularly	
has a visual readout	a thermometer that		(eg. use of a	
externally).	registers maximum		thermometer that	
externally).	and minimum		registers	
	temperatures and		maximum and	
	has a visual readout		minimum	
	externally).		temperatures and	
	externally).		has a visual	
			readout	
			externally).	
4.1.1.11	3.10	3.5	NA	Adds clarity
Drugs/substances	Drugs/substances	Drugs/substances	IVA	Adds cidility
requiring	requiring	requiring		
refrigeration are	refrigeration are	refrigeration are		
properly stored in a	properly stored in a	properly stored in a		
dedicated	dedicated The	dedicated The		
refrigerator, with the	refrigerator used	refrigerator used		
temperature check	for IVIT	for IVIT		
regularly (eg. use of a	drugs/substances is	drugs/substances is		
thermometer that	at with the correct	at with the correct		
registers maximum	temperature (2-8	temperature (2-8		

	T	T	T	
and minimum	°C) check regularly	°C) check regularly		
temperatures and	(eg. use of and	(eg. use of and		
has a visual readout	monitored with a	monitored with a		
externally).	thermometer that	thermometer that		
	registers records	registers records		
	maximum and	maximum and		
	minimum	minimum		
	temperatures and	temperatures and		
	has includes an	has includes an		
	external visual	external visual		
	readout externally).	readout externally).		
NIA.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2.0.4	Formula that the continu
NA	3.11 A refrigerator	3.6 A refrigerator	3.9 A refrigerator	Ensures that there is
	temperature log is	temperature log is	temperature log	documentation of the
	maintained and up	available.	is maintained and	refrigerator temperature
	to date.		up to date.	being monitored and
				allows for the inspection
				to include a review of
				the log. For Part I – this
				ensures a log to record
				the refrigerator
				temperature is in place
				and ready to be used.
4.1.1.14 Expired or	3.12 Expired or	NA	3.10 Expired or	Adds clarity.
contaminated	contaminated	IVA	contaminated	Adds clarity.
drugs/substances are	drugs, substances		drugs, substances	
stored and labelled	_		_	
	and equipment are		and equipment	
to ensure they are	labelled and stored		are labelled and	
not used, and are	separately from		stored separately	
discarded	current products,		from current	
appropriately (may	to ensure they are		products, to	
use the Ontario	not used and are		ensure they are	
Medications Return	discarded		not used and are	
Program).	appropriately		discarded	
	before being		appropriately	
	properly discarded.		before being	
	(May use the		properly	
	Ontario		discarded. (May	
	Medications Return		use the Ontario	
	Program)		Medications	
			Return Program)	
4.1.1.6	4.1.1.6	4.1.1.6	4.1.1.6	There is no need to stock
Drugs/substances	Drugs/substances	Drugs/substances	Drugs/substances	different
	appropriate for	appropriate for	.	
appropriate for			appropriate for	drugs/substances for
paediatric	paediatric	paediatric	paediatric	paediatric use.
administration are	administration are	administration	administration	
available if	available if	are/will be	are available if	
applicable.	applicable.	available if	applicable.	
		applicable.		
4.1.1.7	4.1.1.7	NA	4.1.1.7	It is appropriate to have
Drugs/substances are	Drugs/substances		Drugs/substances	labelling requirements in
labeled in	are labeled in		are labeled in	the compounding
accordance with	accordance with		accordance with	section only when the
CONO's General	CONO's General		CONO's General	label is created by the
Regulation and	Regulation and		Regulation and	Registrant. All purchased
Standard of Practice	Standard of		Standard of	products will be labelled
for Compounding.				
.or compounding.	l .	I	1	1

	Dunation for		Practice for	
	Practice for			and are not under the
4.0.0-11-1	Compounding.		Compounding.	control of the Registrant.
4.0 Policies and Pro				
		s information, policies,	, and procedures tha	t address the following.
4.1 Administrative				
11.1.1 Staff person(s)	4.1.1 Staff	4.1.1 Staff	NA	Housekeeping change
responsible for	person(s)	person(s)		
developing and	responsible for	responsible for		
maintaining the	developing and	developing and		
Policies and	maintaining the	maintaining the		
Procedures Manual is	Policy and	Policy and		
determined.	Procedure Manual	Procedure Manual		
44.4.2.0	is determined.	is determined.	A1.4	AL I
11.1.2 Organizational	4.1.2	4.1.2	NA	No change
chart.	Organizational	Organizational		
44.4.2.6	chart	chart	NI A	NIh
11.1.3 Scope and limitations of the	4.1.3 Scope and limitations of the	4.1.3 Scope and limitations of the	NA	No change
services provided at	services provided at	services provided at		
the premises.	the premise.	the premise.		
11.2.1 Descriptions	4.1.4 Descriptions	4.1.4 Descriptions	NA	Adds clarity that the
for all premises staff	for all premises	for all premises	NA .	scope of the Inspection
that define the	staff who are	staff who are		Program is only for IVIT
scope,	involved with	involved with		and the Policies and
responsibilities, and	patients receiving	patients receiving		Procedures Manual
limitations for	IVIT that define the	IVIT that define the		content as required in
patient care.	scope	scope		the Inspection Program
'	responsibilities and	responsibilities and		Requirements should
	limitations of their	limitations of their		reflect this.
	duties and	duties and		
	responsibilities for	responsibilities for		
	patient care .	patient care .		
11.2.2	11.2.2	11.2.2	NA	This is redundant as
Responsibilities for	Responsibilities for	Responsibilities for		section 4.1.4 will include
supervising staff.	supervising staff.	supervising staff.		if the scope of a staff
				member includes
				supervisory
				responsibilities.
4.2 Operational Pro				
11.6.1 Storage,	4.2.1 Storage,	4.2.1 Storage,	NA	No change
handling, and	handling, and	handling, and		
disposal of	disposal of	disposal of		
combustible and	combustible and	combustible and		
volatile materials.	volatile materials.	volatile materials.		
11.6.7 Drugs and	4.2.2 IVIT drugs and	4.2.2 IVIT drugs and	NA	Adds clarity that the
substances handling	substances	substances		Policies and Procedures
and inventory.	handling and	handling and		Manual as required in
	inventory.	inventory.		the Inspection Program
				Requirements is specific
4 1 1 12 Cold -b-:-	4 2 2 Cold ob sin	4 2 2 Cold shair	NA	to IVIT.
4.1.1.12 Cold chain	4.2.3 Cold chain	4.2.3 Cold chain	NA	Ensures there is a policy and procedure for staff
management is ensured.	management - storage and	management - storage and		regarding cold chain
Crisui eu.	handling of drugs	handling of drugs		management and that it
	and substances	and substances		is to include the storage
	and Substances	and substances	l .	15 to morage the storage

	requiring a	requiring a		and handling of drugs
	controlled cold	controlled cold		and substances that
	temperature.	temperature.		require a controlled cold
				temperature.
11.6.3 Routine	4.2.4 Routine	4.2.4 Routine	NA	Adds clarity that the
maintenance and	Appropriately	Appropriately		requirements relate to
calibration of	scheduled	scheduled		equipment used for IVIT
equipment.	maintenance	maintenance		and that the
	and/or calibration	and/or calibration		maintenance log is to be
	of IVIT equipment,	of IVIT equipment,		kept up to date.
	and up-dating the	and up-dating the		
	maintenance log.	maintenance log.		
1.3.2.3 The following	4.2.5 The following	4.2.5 The following	NA	The list of equipment
documentation for	Documentation for	Documentation for		used when compounding
all equipment used	all equipment used	all equipment used		for and administering
when compounding	when for	when for		IVIT should be included
for IVIT is available:	administering and	administering and		in the Policies and
• equipment	compounding for	compounding for		Procedures Manual.
operating manuals,	IVIT is available	IVIT is available		Other additions are
• equipment	included:	included:		housekeeping changes.
maintenance	• equipment	• equipment		
contracts, where	operating	operating		
applicable	manuals, where	manuals, where		
 maintenance log. 	applicable,	applicable,		
ateaee iegi	• equipment	• equipment		
	maintenance	maintenance		
	contracts,	contracts,		
	where	where		
	applicable,	applicable,		
	maintenance	maintenance		
	log,	log,		
	• inventory list.	• inventory list.		
1.3.2.3 The following	1.3.2.3 The	1.3.2.3 The	NA	Combined the
documentation for	following	following	ING.	requirement for
all equipment used	documentation for	documentation for		compounding and
for compounding IVIT	all equipment used	all equipment used		administering equipment
is available:	for compounding	for compounding		documentation into one
• equipment	IVIT is available:	IVIT is available:		section (4.2.5).
operating manuals	• equipment	• equipment		section (4.2.5).
• equipment	operating	operating		
maintenance	manuals	manuals		
contracts, where	• equipment			
applicable	- equipment maintenance	 equipment maintenance 		
• •	contracts, where	contracts, where		
 maintenance log. 	applicable	applicable		
	• •	• •		
11.6.5 Patient	maintenance log. 4.2.7 Patient	maintenance log. 4.2.7 Patient	NA	Not possessati to have
			INA	Not necessary to have the type of patient
booking system.	booking system.	booking system.		booking system included
				in the Policies and
11.6.6.Ohtainina	4.2.0 Obtaining	4.2.9.Ohtainina	NIA	Procedures Manual.
11.6.6 Obtaining	4.2.8 Obtaining	4.2.8 Obtaining	NA	The requirements to
patient informed	patient informed	patient informed		document informed
consent.	consent.	consent.		consent is included in
				section 9.4, and the
				Quality Management

				Program. Not necessary
				to have a policy and
				process included in the
				Policies and Procedures
				Manual.
11.6.8 Patient	4.2.6 Patient	4.2.6 Patient	NA	
			INA	Adds clarity that the
preparation for	preparation for IVIT	preparation for IVIT		scope of the Inspection
procedures.	procedures.	procedures.		Program is only for IVIT
				and the Policies and
				Procedures Manual
				content as required in
				the Inspection Program
				Requirements should
				reflect this.
11.6.9 Response to	4.2.7 Response to	4.2.7 Response to	NA	Ensures that all premises
latex allergies.	latex allergies	latex allergies		ave a policy and
	including accidental	including accidental		procedure to address
	exposure in a latex-	exposure in a latex-		latex allergies even if
	free clinic.	free clinic.		they are a latex-free
	iree ciiriic.	iree ciiriic.		clinic.
11.6.10.14/2016	4 2 0 1 0 0 0 0	4 2 0 Hamalina	NΑ	
11.6.10 Waste and	4.2.8 Handling and	4.2.8 Handling and	NA	Adds clarity and ensures
garbage disposal.	disposal of	disposal of		Registrants are aware
	biomedical and	biomedical and		that processes should be
	non-biomedical	non-biomedical		different depending on
	waste. and garbage	waste. and garbage		the type of waste.
	disposal.	disposal.		
4.3 Type 1 and Typ	e 2 Occurrences			
11.3.1 Ensures all	4.3.1 Ensures All	4.3.1 Ensures All	NA	Adds clarity. Other
staff are aware of the	staff are aware of	staff are aware of		requirements are
requirements of	the requirements	the requirements		captured in separate
when and who to	of when and who	of when and who		sections.
report Type 1 and 2	to report what	to report what		
occurrences to.	Type 1 and Type 2	Type 1 and Type 2		
	occurrences are to.	occurrences are to.		
11.3.2 Ensures all	4.3.2 Ensures All	4.3.2 Ensures All	NA	Adds clarity.
staff are aware of the	staff are aware of	staff are aware of	IVA	Adds clarity.
	the possible	the possible		
possible occurrences	•	•		
that can happen and	occurrences that	occurrences that		
how staff are to	can happen and	can happen and		
ensure they are	how staff are to	how staff are to		
reported to the	ensure they are	ensure they are		
College and the	reported to the	reported to the		
designated member	College and the	College and the		
and recorded in the	designated	designated		
patient file.	member and	member and		
	recorded in the	recorded in the		
	patient file when	patient file when		
	and who they must	and who they must		
	report Type 1 and	report Type 1 and		
	Type 2 occurrences	Type 2 occurrences		
	to.	to.		
11.3.4 Establishes	4.3.3 Establishes	4.3.3 Establishes	NA	Emergency response and
how Type 1 and 2	How Type 1 and	How Type 1 and		management is
occurrences are	Type 2 occurrences	Type 2 occurrences		addressed in section 4.4.
responded to,	are responded to.	are responded to.		and coold in Section 4.4.
including the criteria	including the	including the		
miciaumig the criteria	menualing the	menualing the		

		T	T	T
to determine if	criteria to	criteria to		
emergency services	determine if	determine if		
are required. In an	emergency services	emergency services		
occurrence where	are required. In an	are required. In an		
emergency services	occurrence where	occurrence where		
are not required	emergency services	emergency services		
ensure the necessary	are not required	are not required		
procedures to	ensure the	ensure the		
provide patient care	necessary	necessary		
are included.	procedures to	procedures to		
	provide patient	provide patient		
	care are included.	care are included.		
NA	4.3.4 Record	4.3.4 Record	NA	Ensures there is a policy
	keeping for all Type	keeping for all Type		and procedure in the
	1 Occurrence, Type	1 Occurrence, Type		manual to file all Type 1
	2 Occurrence	2 Occurrence		and Type 2 reports.
	Tracking (i.e. filed	Tracking (i.e. filed		
	in the patient file as	in the patient file as		
	well as in a master	well as in a master		
	file), and Type 2	file), and Type 2		
	Occurrence Annual	Occurrence Annual		
F 2 2 Dooth convenience	reports.	reports.	NIA	If there has been a death
5.2.2 Death occurring	4.3.5 Requirement	4.3.5 Requirement	NA	
within the premises	to report a death	to report a death		within the premise
should also be	occurring within	occurring within		emergency services will
reported to the	the premises	the premises		be called and on site.
coroner.	should also be	should also be		The Registrant is
	reported to the	reported to the		expected to report it to
	coroner.	coroner.		the coroner.
4.4 Emergency Res	ponse and Safety I	Precautions Manag	ement	
2.1.1 A risk analysis	4.4.1 A risk analysis	4.4.1 A risk analysis	NA	Adds clarity to ensure
of the practice is	for the premises, of	for the premises, of		the risk analysis is
conducted, and	the practice is	the practice is		completed in accordance
documented, based	conducted, and	conducted, and		with the Standard of
on, at a minimum,	documented, based	documented, based		Practice for Emergency
the following criteria:	on, at a minimum,	on, at a minimum,		Preparedness.
 volume of 	the following	the following		
patients	criteria as outlined	criteria as outlined		
 volume of high- 	in the Standard of	in the Standard of		
risk patients	Practice for	Practice for		
proximity to a	Emergency	Emergency		
hospital	Preparedness, that	Preparedness, that		
	includes:	includes:		
1	 volume of 	volume of		
emergency room	patients,	patients,		
acuity of illness of	volume of high-	volume of high-		
patients	_	_		
access to	risk patients,	risk patients,		
emergency	proximity to a	proximity to a		
services.	hospital,	hospital,		
	 proximity to an 	proximity to an		
	emergency	emergency		
	room,	room,		
•	 acuity of illness 	 acuity of illness 		
	<u> </u>	I		
	of patients, and	of patients, and		
	<u> </u>	I		

	T -	T .	1	T
	services.	services.		
11.4.1 Management	4.4.2 Management	4.4.2 Management	NA	No change
of patient	of patient	of patient		
emergencies.	emergencies.	emergencies.		
11.4.2 Management	4.4.3 Management	4.4.3 Management	NA	No change
of emergencies due	of an emergency	of an emergency		
to fire.	due to fire.	due to fire.		
11.4.3 Management	4.4.4 Management	4.4.4 Management	NA	No change
of emergencies due	of an emergency	of an emergency		
to power failure.	due to a power	due to a power		
	failure.	failure.		
11.4.4 Management	4.4.5 Management	4.4.5 Management	NA	Adds clarity
of other emergency	of other	of other		
evacuations.	emergencies	emergencies		
	requiring	requiring		
	immediate	immediate		
	evacuation.	evacuation.		
11.4.5 Emergency	4.4.6 Emergency	4.4.6 Emergency	NA	No change
situations that	situations that	situations that		
require 911 to be	need 911 to be	need 911 to be		
called.	called.	called.		
11.4.6 How to	4.4.7 How and	4.4.7 How and	NA	Adds clarity
summon additional	when to summon	when to summon		/ taus clarity
staff urgently within	additional staff	additional staff		
the premises.	urgently within the	urgently within the		
the premises.	premise.	premise.		
11.5.1 Patient is to	4.4.8 How a patient	4.4.8 How a patient	NA	Adds clarity
be transferred to	in urgent need of	in urgent need of		/ taus clarity
hospital by an	transfer is to be	transfer is to be		
appropriate	transferred to	transferred to		
transportation	hospital by an	hospital by an		
service in most cases	appropriate	appropriate		
this would be an	transportation	transportation		
ambulance.	service (in most	service (in most		
ambalance.	cases this would be	cases this would be		
	by ambulance).	by ambulance).		
11.5.2 The ND most	4.4.9 How the ND	4.4.9 How the ND	NA	Adds clarity
responsible for the	most responsible	most responsible	INA	Adds clarity
patient ensures that	for the patient	for the patient		
essential medical	ensures that sends	ensures that sends		
information is sent	essential medical	essential medical		
with the patient.	information is sent	information is sent		
with the patient.	with the patient.	with the patient.		
11.5.3 A regulated	4.4.10 How to	4.4.10 How to	NA	Allows for situations
health professional	ensure a regulated	ensure a regulated	INA.	where a non-staff
staff member should	health professional	health professional		regulated health
accompany the	staff member	staff member		professional
patient during the	should	should		accompanies the patient
transfer.	accompanies the	accompanies the		during transfer, such as
u alistet.	patient during the	patient during the		EMS.
	transfer.	transfer.		LIVIS.
11.5.4 If the ND most	11.5.4 If the ND	11.5.4 If the ND	NA	Section 4.4.9 ensures
responsible for the	most responsible	most responsible	INA.	that essential
patient is not	for the patient is	for the patient is		information regarding
accompanying the	not accompanying	not accompanying		the patient is sent to the
accompanying the	пот ассотирануни в	пот ассотирануни]	the patient is selle to the

		_		
patient, he/she must	the patient, he/she	the patient, he/she		appropriate facility or
contact the receiving	must contact the	must contact the		health care provider. The
physician/premises	receiving	receiving		receiving physician or
immediately, by	physician/premises	physician/premises		premises may not be
phone or in person.	immediately, by	immediately, by		available to contact by
	phone or in person.	phone or in person.		phone or in person.
11.5.5 The ND most	11.5.5 The ND most	11.5.5 The ND most	NA	The reporting
responsible for the	responsible for the	responsible for the		requirement is captured
patient must	patient must	patient must		in the Type 1 occurrence
complete a report.	complete a report.	complete a report.		reporting requirements.
4.5 Infection Control				
3.1.1 The premises	4.5.1 Infection	4.5.1 Infection	NA	Housekeeping changes
adheres to and	control protocols,	control protocols,		to have all policies and
maintains	including cleaning	including cleaning		procedures for infection
documentation for	protocols, that	protocols, that		control in one section.
accepted standards	Premise adhere to	Premise adhere to		
of infection control	and maintains	and maintains		
practices pertinent to	documentation for	documentation for		
IVIT.	accepted standards	accepted standards		
	of infection control	of infection control		
3.5.1 Written	practices.	practices.		
protocols and				
procedures for				
cleaning the office				
setting are available.				
11.6.4 Infection				
control protocols.				
2 E 2 A procedure is	4 5 2 4	4 - 0 4		1
3.5.3 A procedure is	4.5.2 A procedure is	4.5.2 A procedure is	NA	Housekeeping change
in place to	in place Protocol to	in place Protocol to	NA	Housekeeping change
in place to decontaminate gross	in place Protocol to decontaminate	in place Protocol to decontaminate	NA	Housekeeping change
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills.		
in place to decontaminate gross	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for	NA NA	Ensures that infection
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the		Ensures that infection control procedures
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for		Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the		Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow		Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood.	NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site.
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for		Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when	NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT	NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when	NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures.	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures.
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone,	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone,	NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented in the Policies and
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented in the Policies and
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented in the Policies and
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented in the Policies and
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented in the Policies and
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments.	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments.	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments. 4.5.6 When and	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments. 4.5.6 When and	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA NA NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments. 4.5.6 When and how staff are to use	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments. 4.5.6 When and how staff are to use	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
in place to decontaminate gross spills of blood. NA NA NA	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments. 4.5.6 When and	in place Protocol to decontaminate gross blood spills. 4.5.3 Protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood. 4.5.4 Protocols for hand hygiene when performing IVIT procedures. 4.5.5 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol used when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments. 4.5.6 When and	NA NA	Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for cleaning the laminar air flow hood for premises that compound on site. Ensures that infection control procedures include protocols for hand hygiene specific to IVIT procedures. Ensures the screening process is documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.

			<u> </u>	12 11
	protect themselves and others.	protect themselves and others.		regarding the proper use of PPE.
3.1.4 Referral for	4.5.7 Referral for	4.5.7 Referral for	NA	Adds clarity
post-exposure	post-exposure	post-exposure		/ taas clarity
prophylaxis is	prophylaxis is	prophylaxis is		
recommended for all	recommended for	recommended for		
staff with blood and	Process to ensure	Process to ensure		
body fluid exposure.	all staff who are	all staff who are		
, ,	exposed to with	exposed to with		
	blood and/or body	blood and/or body		
	fluids exposure are	fluids exposure are		
	referred for post-	referred for post-		
	exposure	exposure		
	prophylaxis.	prophylaxis.		
4.6 Training				
3.1.2 Annual staff	4.6.1 Processes to	4.6.1 Processes to	NA	Ensures that the Policies
training or updating	ensure completion	ensure completion		and Procedures Manual
is complete on	of staff training for:	of staff training for:		includes thorough
infection prevention	• infection	infection		processes to train staff in
and proper PPE use.	prevention and	prevention and		infection prevention and
	control,	control,		proper PPE use.
	 proper PPE use 	 proper PPE use 		
	of personal	of personal		
	protective	protective		
	equipment,	equipment,		
	 proper hand 	 proper hand 		
	hygiene,	hygiene,		
	 emergency 	 emergency 		
	procedures,	procedures,		
	 waste disposal, 	 waste disposal, 		
	inventory	inventory		
	handling and	handling and		
	storage,	storage,		
	 handling gross 	 handling gross 		
	blood spills,	blood spills,		
	 cleaning 	cleaning		
	equipment and	equipment and		
	patient surfaces,	patient surfaces,		
	and,	and,		
	 other areas as 	 other areas as 		
	determined by	determined by		
	the premises.	the premises.		
4.7 Monitoring Qua			gram	T
Processes regarding th				
NA	4.7.1 Formation of	4.7.1 Formation of	NA	Ensure there is a
	a Quality	a Quality		thorough Quality
	Management	Management		Management Program
	Committee and the	Committee and the		documented in the
	staff members,	staff members,		Policies and Procedures
	who are involved	who are involved		Manual.
	with patients	with patients		
	receiving IVIT,	receiving IVIT,		
	comprising the	comprising the		
	committee.	committee.		

Γ	1	T	1	T
NA	4.7.2 Frequency	4.7.2 Frequency	NA	Ensure there is a
	and reasons for	and reasons for		thorough Quality
	Quality	Quality		Management Program
	Management	Management		documented in the
	Committee	Committee		Policies and Procedures
	meetings.	meetings.		Manual.
NA	4.7.3 Staff review	4.7.3 Staff review	NA	Ensure there is a
	of the Policies and	of the Policies and		thorough Quality
	Procedures	Procedures		Management Program
	Manual, at least	Manual, at least		documented in the
	annually.	annually.		Policies and Procedures
44.70.5	4745	4745		Manual.
11.7.2 Process to	4.7.4 Process to	4.7.4 Process to	NA	Adds clarity
review individual ND	review individual	review individual		
performance	ND Performance	ND Performance		
(procedure selection,	review of	review of		
patient outcomes,	naturopath(s) who	naturopath(s) who		
occurrences, etc.).	perform IVIT	perform IVIT		
	procedures.	procedures.		
	(procedure	(procedure		
	selection, patient	selection, patient		
	outcomes,	outcomes,		
NΙΔ	occurrences, etc.).	occurrences, etc.).	NA	Enguros that the Ovelth
NA	4.7.5 Review of	4.7.5 Review of	NA	Ensures that the Quality
	staff who are	staff who are		Management Program
	involved in	involved in		documented in the
	delegated	delegated		Policies and Procedures
	procedures to	procedures to		Manual includes a
	ensure all	ensure all		process to review that
	requirements	requirements		delegations are being
	outlined in the	outlined in the		done according the
	Standard of	Standard of		College's requirements.
	Practice for	Practice for		
	Delegation and Part III of the General	Delegation and Part III of the General		
	Regulation are met.			
1 7 1 Draces to		Regulation are met.	NΙΔ	Housekooning shange
1.7.1 Process to review the	4.7.6 Process to	4.7.6 Process to	NA	Housekeeping change
performance of non-	Performance	Performance		
medical staff	review of non-	review of non-		
involved in any of the	medical staff	medical staff		
premise's IVIT	involved in any of	involved in any of		
related processes	the premise's IVIT	the premise's IVIT		
and procedures.	related processes	related processes		
and procedures.	and procedures.	and procedures.		
NA	4.7.7 Reviewing	4.7.7 Reviewing	NA	Ensure there is a
INA	that staff are aware	that staff are aware	INA	thorough Quality
	of and trained in	of and trained in		
				Management Program documented in the
	the premise's	the premise's		Policies and Procedures
	emergency	emergency		
	procedures,	procedures,		Manual.
	including use of the	including use of the AED.		
NΙΛ	AED.		NA	Encure there is a
NA	4.7.8 Reviewing that staff are aware	4.7.8 Reviewing that staff are aware	NA	Ensure there is a
				thorough Quality
	of and consistently	of and consistently		Management Program

NA	use the telephone, in person and online infectious disease screening protocol when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments. 4.7.9 Reviewing	use the telephone, in person and online infectious disease screening protocol when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments. 4.7.9 Reviewing	NA	documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
	that staff are aware of how and when to use personal protective equipment.	that staff are aware of how and when to use personal protective equipment.		thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
NA	4.7.10 Reviewing that staff are aware of procedures to follow in the event of exposure to blood or body fluids.	4.7.10 Reviewing that staff are aware of procedures to follow in the event of exposure to blood or body fluids.	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
NA	4.7.11 Monitoring and evaluating the quality of patient care provided.	4.7.11 Monitoring and evaluating the quality of patient care provided.	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
NA	4.7.12 Tracking and reviewing patient outcomes.	4.7.12 Tracking and reviewing patient outcomes.	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
NA	4.7.13 Developing and implementing methods to improve patient care.	4.7.13 Developing and implementing methods to improve patient care.	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
NA	4.7.14 Identifying and correcting deficiencies in the premise's policies and procedures.	4.7.14 Identifying and correcting deficiencies in the premise's policies and procedures.	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
NA	4.7.15 Reviewing all Type 1 and Type 2 reporting and record keeping requirements.	4.7.15 Reviewing all Type 1 and Type 2 reporting and record keeping requirements.	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
11.7.5 Process to review all Type 1 and 2 occurrences that occurred at the	4.7.16 Process to Reviewing all Type 1 and Type 2 occurrences that	4.7.16 Process to Reviewing all Type 1 and Type 2 occurrences that	NA	Adds clarity

potential remedial actions that may be taken to prevent future occurrences and mitigate harm to patients. 11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record	urred at the mises, including ential remedial ons that may be en and eloping policies procedures to uce the risk of the procedure of the risk of the r	occurred at the premises, including potential remedial actions that may be taken and developing policies and procedures to reduce the risk of		
actions that may be taken to prevent future occurrences and mitigate harm to patients. 11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record actic actic take development to the standard of Practice for Record potential patient to the standard of Practice for Record potential potential actic take development to the standard of Practice for Record potential potential actic take development to the standard of Practice for Record potential potential actic take development to the standard of Practice for Record potential potential take development to the standard of Practice for Record	ential remedial cons that may be en and eloping policies procedures to uce the risk of vent future	potential remedial actions that may be taken and developing policies and procedures to		
taken to prevent future occurrences and mitigate harm to patients. 11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record	ens that may be en and eloping policies procedures to uce the risk of vent future	taken and developing policies and procedures to		
future occurrences and mitigate harm to patients. 11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record and records and review 5-10 patients asses completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record and review 5-10 patients asses of patients, and accuracy of entries, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record	en and eloping policies procedures to uce the risk of vent future	taken and developing policies and procedures to		
and mitigate harm to patients. 11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record and reduced and review 5-10 patients assess to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record and reduced previous patients.	eloping policies procedures to uce the risk of vent future	developing policies and procedures to		
patients. and redupred occumiting patients. 11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record and redupred in the standard selection patients at least le	procedures to uce the risk of vent future	and procedures to		1
reduprevalues and review 5-10 patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record occur	uce the risk of went future	•	·	i
11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record	/ent future	reduce the risk of		
11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record				
11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record 4.7.2 rane at let the standard of the stan		prevent future		
11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record 4.7. rane at le e records to assess and patients asse o q p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p	urrences and	occurrences and		
11.7.3 Process to randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record 4.7. 4.7. France 4.7. France 5. France 6. France 7. France 7. France 7. France 7. France 8. France 8. France 8. France 8. France 9. Franc	gate harm to	mitigate harm to		
randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record at least l	ents .	patients .to		
randomly select and review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record at least l		patients.		
review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record at le and to at le and e and patients asse • q p p p e records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record	17 Process to	4.7.17 Process to	NA	Ensure there is a
review 5-10 patient records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record at le and to at le and e and patients asse c c c p p p p p c c c c c c c c c c c	lomly Selecting,	randomly Selecting,		thorough Quality
records to assess quality of care to patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record and patients e q patients asse e q patients	east annually,	at least annually,		Management Program
quality of care to patients, asset completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record patients.	reviewing 5-10	and reviewing 5-10		documented in the
patients, completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record asset of the Standard of entries for Record asset of the Standard of	ent records to	patient records to		Policies and Procedures
completeness, and accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record • d		assess:		Manual.
accuracy of entries, and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record p p p e				
and to ensure records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record • c a e	uality of care to	• quality of care to		
records adhere to the Standard of Practice for Record • d	atients,	patients,		
the Standard of e Practice for Record • d	ompleteness	• completeness		
Practice for Record • d	nd accuracy of	and accuracy of		
	ntries,	entries,		
	locumentation	 documentation 		
Keeping.	of informed	of informed		
С	onsent,	consent,		
• a	ppropriateness	appropriateness		
	of treatment,	of treatment,		
	ollow-up to	follow-up to		
	bnormal	abnormal		
	aboratory test	laboratory test		
	esults, and	results, and		
	o ensure	• to ensure		
	ecords	records		
	dherence to	adherence to		
	he Standard of	the Standard of		
	Practice for	Practice for		
	Record Keeping.	Record Keeping.		
	18 Monitoring	4.7.18 Monitoring	NA	Ensure there is a
adh	erence to	adherence to		thorough Quality
infe	ction control	infection control		Management Program
prac	ctices pertinent	practices pertinent		documented in the
to IV	-	to IVIT.		Policies and Procedures
				Manual.
NA 4.7.	19 Monitoring	4.7.19 Monitoring	NA	Ensure there is a
	per cleaning	proper cleaning	* *	thorough Quality
	cedures for	procedures for		Management Program
The state of the s	ent surfaces	patient surfaces		documented in the
	IVIT	and IVIT		
				Policies and Procedures
	ipment.	equipment.		Manual.
	20 Monitoring	4.7.20 Monitoring	NA	Ensure there is a
		_	' '	
IVIT	ntenance of	maintenance of		thorough Quality
equi	ntenance of and emergency	_		
IVIT	ntenance of	_		

				Policies and Procedures
			<u> </u>	Manual.
NA	4.7.21 Monitoring the drug and substance inventory and storage (including cold chain management).	4.7.21 Monitoring the drug and substance inventory and storage (including cold chain management).	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
NA	4.7.22 Monitoring labelling and disposal of expired drugs, substances, and equipment.	4.7.22 Monitoring labelling and disposal of expired drugs, substances, and equipment.	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
NA	4.7.23 Monitoring use of logs for inventory, cleaning, and maintenance.	4.7.23 Monitoring use of logs for inventory, cleaning, and maintenance.	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
NA	4.7.24 Reviewing proper handling and disposal of all biomedical and non-biomedical waste.	4.7.24 Reviewing proper handling and disposal of all biomedical and non-biomedical waste.	NA	Ensure there is a thorough Quality Management Program documented in the Policies and Procedures Manual.
11.7.4 Process to review compliance with all policies and procedures in the manual.	11.7.4 Process to review compliance with all policies and procedures in the manual.	11.7.4 Process to review compliance with all policies and procedures in the manual.	NA	Too broad a requirement. The recommended additions and changes, clarify and ensure a more thorough Quality Management Program is documented and in place.
4.8 Delegation				
11.6.2 Delegating controlled acts.	4.8.1 Delegating controlled acts. Processes to ensure the criteria for making a delegation as outlined in the Standard of Practice for Delegation and Part III of the General Regulation are met.	4.8.1 Delegating controlled acts. Processes to ensure the criteria for making a delegation as outlined in the Standard of Practice for Delegation and Part III of the General Regulation are met.	NA	Adds clarity and allows the inspection to include reviewing procedures that are in place in the event delegations are made.
NA	4.8.2 How to meet the criteria for accepting a delegation as outlined in the Standard of Practice for Delegation and Part	4.8.2 How to meet the criteria for accepting a delegation as outlined in the Standard of Practice for Delegation and Part	NA	As above with respect to accepting a delegation.

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	III of the General	III of the General		
4.0.84:	Regulation are met.	Regulation are met.		
4.9 Miscellaneous	1			
11.8.1 All forms used	4.9.1 All forms used	4.9.1 All forms used	NA	More examples added
at the premises	at the premises	at the premises		
(intake forms, IV	(intake, IV	(intake, IV		
treatment form,	treatment, consent,	treatment, consent,		
consent form etc).	Type 1 occurrence	Type 1 occurrence		
	report, Type 2	report, Type 2		
	occurrence	occurrence		
	tracking).	tracking).		
	4.9.2 Templates of	4.9.2 Templates of	NA	Ensures all logs used at
	all logs including	all logs including		the premises are
	inventory,	inventory,		included in the Policies
	maintenance,	maintenance,		and Procedures Manual.
	cleaning,	cleaning,		
	refrigerator	refrigerator		
44.004	temperature, etc	temperature, etc		A
11.8.3 Any external	4.9.3 Any external	4.9.3 Any external	NA	No change
policies, as deemed	policies, as deemed	policies, as deemed		
necessary by each	necessary by each	necessary by each		
individual premises.	individual premises.	individual premises.		
5.0 Observation of	Compounding IV E	Bag	4.0	
			Observation of	
			Compounding	
			IV Bag	
E 1 Compounding	IV Rage		IV Bag	
5.1 Compounding	IV Bags		4.1	
5.1 Compounding	IV Bags		4.1 Compounding	
	_		4.1 Compounding IV Bags	
7.1.3 Laminar airflow	5.1.1 Laminar	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar	Housekeeping change
	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH)	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood	Housekeeping change
7.1.3 Laminar airflow	5.1.1 Laminar	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar	Housekeeping change
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH)	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least	Housekeeping change
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been	Housekeeping change
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least	Housekeeping change
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is	NA NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior	Ensures that the laminar
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile		4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl		4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70%	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non-		4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a nonshedding/lint-free		4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non-	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non-shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes		4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a nonshedding/lint-free		4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non-shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes		4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non-shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use.	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use.	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to compounding for IVIT.
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. NA 7.1.1 It is verified	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a nonshedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 5.1.3 It is Verify		4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 4.1.3 It is Verify	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to compounding for IVIT.
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. NA 7.1.1 It is verified that the proper IV	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a nonshedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 5.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 4.1.3 It is Verify that the proper	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to compounding for IVIT. Ensures that the ND checks that the formula
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. NA 7.1.1 It is verified that the proper IV prescription is being	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non-shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 5.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 4.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to compounding for IVIT. Ensures that the ND checks that the formula of the iv bag is the
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. NA 7.1.1 It is verified that the proper IV prescription is being prepared for the	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 5.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 4.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to compounding for IVIT. Ensures that the ND checks that the formula of the iv bag is the correct one for the
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. NA 7.1.1 It is verified that the proper IV prescription is being	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 5.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether compounded on	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 4.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether compounded on	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to compounding for IVIT. Ensures that the ND checks that the formula of the iv bag is the correct one for the patient, whether it is
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. NA 7.1.1 It is verified that the proper IV prescription is being prepared for the	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a nonshedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 5.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether compounded on site or by a	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 4.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether compounded on site or by a	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to compounding for IVIT. Ensures that the ND checks that the formula of the iv bag is the correct one for the patient, whether it is made at a compounding
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. NA 7.1.1 It is verified that the proper IV prescription is being prepared for the	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a nonshedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 5.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether compounded on site or by a compounding	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 4.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether compounded on site or by a compounding	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to compounding for IVIT. Ensures that the ND checks that the formula of the iv bag is the correct one for the patient, whether it is made at a compounding pharmacy or
7.1.3 Laminar airflow hood has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. NA 7.1.1 It is verified that the proper IV prescription is being prepared for the	5.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 5.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a nonshedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 5.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether compounded on site or by a	NA	4.1 Compounding IV Bags 4.1.1 Laminar airflow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use. 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non- shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use. 4.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether compounded on site or by a	Ensures that the laminar air flow hood is properly cleaned prior to compounding for IVIT. Ensures that the ND checks that the formula of the iv bag is the correct one for the patient, whether it is made at a compounding

		1	T	
	the intended		for and the	
	patient.		intended patient.	
7.1.2 Osmolarity is	5.1.4 Calculate	NA	4.1.4 Calculate	Adds clarity
calculated.	osmolarity before		osmolarity before	,
	compounding.		compounding.	
			g.	
7.1.5 Proper	7.1.5 Proper	7.1.5 Proper	7.1.5 Proper	Replaced with more
infection controls	infection controls	infection controls	infection controls	detailed requirements to
and prevention of	and prevention of	and prevention of	and prevention of	ensure Registrants are
contamination	contamination	contamination	contamination	aware the expectations.
procedures are	procedures are	procedures are	procedures are	
followed when	followed when	followed when	followed when	
working under the	working under the	working under the	working under	
laminar airflow hood.	laminar airflow	laminar airflow	the laminar	
	hood.	hood.	airflow hood.	
7.1.12 Bottles are	5.1.5 Bottles are All	NA	4.1.5 Bottles are	Ensures that all
checked for expiry	needed bags, vials		All needed bags,	injectables are checked
date, proper	and containers are		vials and	for expiry or beyond use
concentration,	collected and		containers are	date, appearance etc
contamination and	checked for:		collected and	before being used to
abnormal	 beyond use 		checked for:	compound the iv bag.
appearance.	expiry date, to		 beyond use 	Possible contamination
	ensure it is		expiry date, to	is assessed by checking
	current,		ensure it is	for leaks, defects and
	• proper		current,	abnormal appearance.
	concentration,		• proper	
	• leaks,		concentration,	
	 defects that 		• leaks,	
	could		 defects that 	
	compromise		could	
	sterility, and		compromise	
	• contamination,		sterility, and	
	abnormal		• contamination,	
	appearance –		abnormal	
	cloudiness,		appearance –	
	colour,		cloudiness,	
	precipitate.		colour,	
	precipitate.		precipitate.	
7.1.13 All packages	5.1.6 All packages	NA	4.1.6 All packages	Ensures that all
are checked to	are checked to All	INA	are checked to All	equipment used for
ensure they are new	needed		needed	compounding, is checked
and not previously	compounding			to insure it is new and
			compounding	
opened.	equipment is		equipment is	not previously opened.
	collected, checked		collected,	
	for the expiration		checked for the	
	date where		expiration date	
	applicable and		where applicable	
	ensured it is new		and ensured it is	
	and not previously		new and not	
	opened.		previously	
7 4 7 7	5 4 7 7"		opened.	
7.1.7 The person	5.1.7 The person	NA	4.1.7 The person	Ensures the person
compounding under	performing the		performing the	doing the compounding
the laminar airflow	compounding		compounding	is aware of the proper
hood washes their	under the laminar		under the laminar	procedures and the

	T	Г	T	T
hands with a suitable	airflow hood		airflow hood	PIDAC document for
antimicrobial at the	washes their hands		washes their	proper hand hygiene.
beginning and when	follows proper		hands follows	
re-entering the	hand hygiene with		proper hand	
aseptic preparation	a suitable		hygiene with a	
area.	antimicrobial at the		suitable	
	beginning, and		antimicrobial at	
	when re-entering		the beginning,	
	the aseptic		and when re-	
	preparation area		entering the	
	before donning		aseptic	
	gloves to		preparation area	
	compound under		before donning	
	the laminar air flow		gloves to	
	hood in accordance		compound under	
	with <i>PIDAC</i> –		the laminar air	
	Infection		flow hood in	
	Prevention and		accordance with	
	Control for Clinical		PIDAC - Infection	
	Office Practice.		Prevention and	
			Control for	
			Clinical Office	
			Practice.	
7.1.6 Personnel use	5.1.8 The person	NA	4.1.8 The person	Adds clarity
protective	performing the		performing the	
equipment of gloves,	compounding dons		compounding	
gown, and mask,	a Personnel use		dons a Personnel	
(hair cover and shoe	protective		use protective	
cover are optional).	equipment of mask,		equipment of	
	gown and gloves at		mask, gown and	
	a minimum; (hair,		gloves at a	
	shoe, and beard		minimum; (hair,	
	(when applicable)		shoe, and beard	
	covers are		(when applicable)	
	optional).		covers are	
			optional).	
7.1.8 All bottles, vials	5.1.9 All bottles,	NA	4.1.9 All bottles,	Ensures all injectables
or containers are	vials, containers,		vials, containers,	and equipment are
wiped down with	and equipment		and equipment	properly cleaned and
alcohol or	necessary for		necessary for	disinfected before being
disinfectant before	compounding the		compounding the	place under the laminar
being brought into	preparation are		preparation are	air flow hood.
the laminar airflow	disinfected with		disinfected with	
hood.	70% isopropyl		70% isopropyl	
7.1.10 All items	alcohol using a non-		alcohol using a	
necessary for the	shedding/lint-free		non-	
preparation should	cloth or wipes as		shedding/lint-free	
be placed under the	they are placed		cloth or wipes as	
hood prior to	under the LAFH		they are placed	
commencing the	prior to		under the LAFH	
compounding.	commencing the		prior to	
	compounding. are		commencing the	
	wiped down with		compounding. are	
	alcohol or		wiped down with	
	disinfectant before		alcohol or	
	being brought into		disinfectant	
	Serie Stought into		albinicotant	

NA	the laminar airflow hood 5.1.10 Sterile items that are in sealed containers designed to keep them sterile are removed from the covering as they are introduced into the LAFH without being wiped.	NA	before being brought into the laminar airflow hood 4.1.10 Sterile items that are in sealed containers designed to keep them sterile are removed from the covering as they are introduced into the LAFH without being wiped.	Ensures that Registrants are aware that there is no need to disinfect items that are in sterile packaging as they are introduced into the laminar air flow hood.
7.1.9 All objects are suitably placed in the hood to provide good airflow with minimal obstruction.	5.1.11 All objects are suitably place in the LAFH to provide good airflow with minimal obstruction.	NA	4.1.11 All objects are suitably place in the LAFH to provide good airflow with minimal obstruction.	No change
7.1.15 Bottles are swabbed with alcohol and left for 30 seconds before puncturing.	5.1.12 Bottles are swabbed with alcohol and left for 30 seconds before puncturing. Vial stoppers, ampule necks and intravenous bag septa are wiped with 70% isopropyl alcohol and allowed to dry before entering or puncturing stoppers and septa, or breaking the necks of ampules.	NA	4.1.12 Bottles are swabbed with alcohol and left for 30 seconds before puncturing. Vial stoppers, ampule necks and intravenous bag septa are wiped with 70% isopropyl alcohol and allowed to dry before entering or puncturing stoppers and septa, or breaking the necks of ampules.	Adds clarity
7.1.16 Proper drawing technique is used, (eg. calcium gluconate is added last or a new needle used, 45 degree angle entry into rubber stoppers).	5.1.13 Proper drawing technique is used (e.g. calcium gluconate is added last or a new needle is used, 45° angle with bevel up entry into rubber stoppers).	NA	4.1.13 Proper drawing technique is used (e.g. calcium gluconate is added last or a new needle is used, 45° angle with bevel up entry into rubber stoppers).	Adds clarity
7.1.17 All drugs/substances are added to the bag and	5.1.14 All drugs and substances are added to the iv bag	NA	4.1.14 All drugs and substances are added to the	The requirement to inspect the finished product has been moved

product is inspected for visible precipitate 7.1.14 IV bags are checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance. appearance. 7.1.15 Direct contact between a sterile product and any nonsterile product sinspected for visible precipitate. Finished product is inspected for visible precipitate. NA 4.1.15 Once compounded, the iv bag is checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. 7.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and any nonsterile product should be avoided. Finished product is inspected for visible product is inspected for leaks inspected for visible precipitate. NA 4.1.15 Once compounded, the iv bag is checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. Finished product is inspected for visible precipitate. NA 4.1.15 Once compounded, the iv bag is checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. Finished product is inspected for visible precipitate. NA 4.1.15 Once compounded, the iv bag is checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. Finished product is inspected for visible precipitate. NA 4.1.15 Once compounded, the iv bag is checked for leaks and abnormal appearance after it has been compounded. Finished product is inspected for visible precipitate. NA 4.1.15 Once compounded, the iv bag is checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance after it has been compounded. Finished product is inspected for visible precipitate. NA 4.1.16 Direct contact between a sterile and a non sterile product and a non sterile product is something that is no something that is no serile product is somethi		Г	Г	T	T
For visible precipitate Inspected for visible precipitate	mixed well. Finished	and mixed well.		iv bag and mixed	to a separate
S.1.14 IV bags are checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance. Solution Soluti	-	•			requirement (5.1.17).
7.1.14 IV bags are checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance. 7.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and any non-sterile product and non-sterile product is avoided. Gloved hands are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol before reintroduction into the LAFH or after gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile surface during the compounding procedure. 3.1.3 All sharps are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resistant, leak-proof sharps container. 7.1.120 All materials are disposed of properly. 5.1.18 All materials are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, leak-proof sharps container. 7.1.19 The labelu used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable.	for visible precipitate	•		•	
7.1.14 IV bags are checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance. contamination, and abnormal appearance conduction, and precipitate. 7.1.11 Direct contact 5.1.16 Direct contact between a sterile product and any non-sterile product and any non-sterile product and anno-sterile product with a non-sterile product with a non-sterile gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile surface during the compounding procedure. 3.1.3 All sharps are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resis		visible precipitate.		•	
7.1.14 IV bags are checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance. 2.1.15 Once compounded, the iv bag is checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. 2.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and any nor sterile product should be avoided. 3.1.16 Direct contact between a sterile product and any nor sterile product hands are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol before reintroduction into the LAFH or after gloves have been in contact with a nonsterile surface during the compounding procedure. 3.1.3 All sharps are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resistant				visible	
checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance. T.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and any non-sterile product should be avoided. Should be avoided. Solved hands are disposed of in puncture-resistant, sharps containers. T.1.20 All materials are disposed of properly. T.1.19 The label used is goosed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. Compounded, the iv bag is checked for leaks an abnormal apparance affer in by bag is checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. NA 4.1.16 Direct contact between a sterile product and any necipitate. NA 4.1.16 Direct contact between a sterile product and an on-sterile product is avoided. Gloved hands are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol before re-introduction into the LAFH or after gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile surface during the compounding procedure. S.1.13 All sharps are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, sharps containers. S.1.17 All sharps are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, tamper-resistant,				precipitate.	
iv bag is checked for leaks, appearance. contamination, and abnormal appearance. contamination, and abnormal appearance cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. 7.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and anon-sterile product should be avoided. Gloved hands are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol before re-introduction into the LAFH or after gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile surface during the compounding procedure. 3.1.3 All sharps are disposed of in puncture-resistant sharps containers. 3.1.12 All materials are disposed of properly. 7.1.120 All materials are disposed of properly. 7.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable.	7.1.14 IV bags are	5.1.15 Once	NA	4.1.15 Once	Ensures the iv bag is
abnormal appearance. for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. 7.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and any non-sterile product is avoided. Gloved hands are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol before reintroduction into the LAFH or after gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile surface during the compounding procedure. 3.1.3 All sharps are disposed of in puncture-resistant, sharps containers. 5.1.18 All materials are disposed of properly. 7.1.20 All materials are disposed of properly. 7.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable.	checked for leaks,	compounded, the		compounded, the	checked for leaks and
appearance. Contamination, and abnormal appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. 7.1.11 Direct contact S.1.16 Direct contact between a sterile product and any non-sterile product and any non-sterile product is avoided. Gloved hands are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol before relintroduction into the LAFH or after gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile surface during the compounding procedure. 3.1.3 All sharps are disposed of in puncture-resistant, sharps containers. S.1.17 All sharps are disposed of properly. P.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. Contamination, and abnormal appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. Ensures that Registra appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. Ensures that Registra appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. Ensures that Registra appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. Ensures that Registra appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. Ensures that Registra appearance and precipitate. Ensures that Registra are aware of the procedure is are aware of the procedure for an early of the product is avoided. Gloved hands are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol before relintroduction into the LAFH or after gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile surface during the compounding procedure. S.1.17 All sharps are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, tamper-resistant, teak-proof sharps container. S.1.18 All materials are disposed of properly. S.1.19 The iv bag disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. S.1.19 The iv bag information is destroyed or unreadable. S.1.19 The iv bag information is destroyed or unreadable. S.1.19 The iv bag information is destroyed or unreadable. S.1.19 The iv bag information is destroyed or unreadable. S.1.19 The iv bag i	contamination, and	iv bag is checked		iv bag is checked	abnormal appearance
abnormal appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. 7.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and any non-sterile product and any non-sterile product should be avoided. Should be averify any avoid be avoided. Should be avoided. Should be averify any	abnormal	for leaks,		for leaks,	after it has been
appearance - cloudiness, colour, and precipitate. 7.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and any non-sterile product and any non-sterile product should be avoided. 6.1.16 Direct contact between a sterile product and any non-sterile product and any non-sterile product is avoided. Gloved hands are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol before re-introduction into the LAFH or after gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile surface during the compounding procedure. 3.1.3 All sharps are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, tamper-resistant, tamper-resi	appearance.	contamination, and		contamination,	compounded.
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7.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and any nonsterile product should be avoided. Should be a		cloudiness, colour,		cloudiness,	
7.1.11 Direct contact between a sterile product and any non-sterile product should be avoided. Should be		and precipitate.		colour, and	
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puncture-resistant sharps containers. puncture-resistant, sharps containers. puncture-resistant, sharps containers. puncture-resistant, sharps containers. proof sharps container. 7.1.20 All materials are disposed of properly. properly. 7.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. puncture-resistant, resistant, tamper-resistant, leak-proof sharps containers. NA 4.1.18 All materials are disposed of materials are disposed of properly. NA 4.1.19 The iv bag label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or disposed or information is destroyed or destroyed or destroyed or	I	-		•	
sharps containers. tamper-resistant, leak-proof sharps container. 7.1.20 All materials are disposed of properly. 7.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. tamper-resistant, leak-proof sharps container. NA 4.1.18 All No change materials are disposed of properly. NA 4.1.19 The iv bag label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable.	puncture-resistant	puncture-resistant,		•	sharps containers.
leak-proof sharps container. 7.1.20 All materials are disposed of properly. 7.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. leak-proof sharps container.	!	· ·			
container. 7.1.20 All materials are disposed of properly. 7.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. Container. Proof sharps container. NA 4.1.18 All Materials are disposed of properly. NA 4.1.19 The iv bag label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable.	'			-	
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properly. 7.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. properly. disposed of properly. 4.1.19 The iv bag label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable.				_	J-
7.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. properly. 4.1.19 The iv bag label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable.		-			
7.1.19 The label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. 5.1.19 The iv bag label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or	. ' '	' ' '			
is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. Iabel used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or destroyed or destroyed or destroyed or destroyed or disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or	7.1.19 The label used	5.1.19 The iv bag	NA		Housekeeping change
secure manner, such that any identifying such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable. disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or information is destroyed or information is destroyed or information is destroyed or					
that any identifying secure manner, such that any identifying identifying information is unreadable. secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or information is destroyed or	I -				
information is such that any such that any identifying information is destroyed or destroyed or destroyed or destroyed or destroyed or					
destroyed or identifying information is destroyed or destroyed or identifying information is destroyed or					
unreadable. information is destroyed or information is		-			
destroyed or destroyed or					
		-		-	
5.2 Labelling 4.2 Labelling	5.2 Labelling	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
The iv bag, or a document attached to the bag, is properly labelled with the following:		ont attached to the 1	t is proporty lebelled.		

 the name of the patient for whom the bag was compounded an identification number, if applicable the member's 	5.2.1 The name of the patient for whom the bag was compounded, or an identification number, if applicable 5.2.2 The member	NA NA	4.2.1 The name of the patient for whom the bag was compounded, or an identification number, if applicable 4.2.2 The	Ensures all labelling requirements align with the Standard of Practice for IVIT and the General Regulation. Housekeeping change.
name and title	Registrant's name and title, address, and telephone number		member Registrant's name and title, address, and telephone number	
the name, address and telephone number of the place where the bag was compounded	5.2.3 The name of the person who compounded the iv bag, and the address and telephone number of the place where the bag was compounded if different from above,	NA	4.2.3 The name of the person who compounded the iv bag, and the address and telephone number of the place where the bag was compounded if different from above,	Housekeeping change.
the identification of the drugs, substances and any other ingredients used in the compounding, the names and strength and, if available, the manufacturer	5.2.4 identification The names and strength of the drugs, substances and any other ingredients used in the compounding, the names and strength and the manufacturer if available,	NA	4.2.4 identification The names and strength of the drugs, substances and any other ingredients used in the compounding, the names and strength and the manufacturer if available,	Housekeeping change.
the amount or percentage of each of the drugs, substances and any other ingredients used to make the compounded product and the quantity of the compounded product in the container	5.2.5 The amount or percentage of each of the drugs, substance and any other ingredients used to make the compounded product and the total quantity of the compounded product in the container,	NA	4.2.5 The amount or percentage of each of the drugs, substance and any other ingredients used to make the compounded product and the total quantity of the compounded product in the container,	Housekeeping change.
the date that the compounded drug was prepared and the date that the	5.2.6 The date that the iv bag compounded drug was:	NA	4.2.6 The date that the iv bag compounded drug was:	All compounded iv bags are to be administered within 12 hours of being prepared. The date the

compounded drug	 prepared, and 		• prepared, and	bag was prepared, the
was administered	the date that		the date that	date it was administered
to the patient,	the		the	and the expiry date on
 the expiry date of 	compounded		compounded	the label must ensure
the iv bag, even if	drug was		drug was	the 12-hour timeframe is
the bag is to be	 administered to 		 administered 	met.
used on the same	the patient		to the patient	
day it is	and the expiry		and the expiry	
compounded.	date. of the iv		date. of the iv	
·	bag, even if the		bag, even if	
	bag is to be		the bag is to	
	used on the		be used on the	
	same day it is		same day it is	
	compounded,		compounded,	
the directions for	5.2.7 The directions	NA	4.2.7 The	No change
the storage of the	for storage of the iv		directions for	S
iv bag,	bag,		storage of the iv	
J,			bag,	
 use of the iv bag, 	5.2.8 The directions	NA	4.2.8 The	Housekeeping changes
including its dose,	for use of the iv		directions for use	1 0 0
frequency, route of	bag, including its		of the iv bag,	
administration and	dose, frequency,		including its dose,	
any special	route of		frequency, route	
instructions	administration and		of administration	
	any special		and any special	
	instructions, and		instructions, and	
any cautionary	5.2.9 any	NA	4.2.9 any	No change
information about	cautionary		cautionary	
the drug or	information about		information	
substance.	the drug or		about the drug or	
	substance.		substance.	
6.0 Observed IVIT	Treatment		5.0 Observed	
			IVIT	
			Treatment	
6.1 Pre-treatment	Preparation		5.1 Pre-	
			treatment	
04451: 1:	C 4 4 Tl	ALA.	Preparation	
8.1.1 Patient is re-	6.1.1 The patient is	NA	5.1.1 The patient	Adds clarity and more
assessed including a	re-assessed		is re-assessed	direction as to what the
review of symptoms,	including a review		including a review	Regsitrant should do
medications,	of questioned		of questioned	prior to starting each
supplements, and	regarding any		regarding any	IVIT.
diagnostic tests.	change in their		change in their	
	symptoms,		symptoms,	
	medications, and		medications, and	
	supplements;		supplements;	
	consideration has		consideration has	
	been given to		been given to	
	possible new		possible new	
	contraindications		contraindications	
	and if additional		and if additional	
	diagnostic tests are		diagnostic tests	
0.1.4 Informed	needed.	NA	are needed.	No shange
8.1.4 Informed	6.1.2 Informed	NA	5.1.2 Informed	No change
consent is obtained,	consent is		consent is	1

and all patient's	obtained, and all		obtained, and all	
questions are	the patient's		the patient's	
answered.	questions are		questions are	
	answered.		answered.	
8.1.2 Patient is	6.1.3 The patient is	NA	5.1.3 The patient	Housekeeping change
verified for	verified for IVIT		is verified for IVIT	
treatment being	treatment being		treatment being	
administered.	administered.		administered.	
8.1.7 Collect IV	6.1.4 Collect IV	NA	5.1.4 Collect IV	Housekeeping change
equipment:	Equipment needed		Equipment	
 administration 	to administer IVIT is		needed to	
set	collected:		administer IVIT is	
 alcohol 	 administration 		collected:	
• cotton	set		 administratio 	
gloves	alcohol		n set	
safety	• cotton		alcohol	
engineered	• gloves		• cotton	
needles	• safety		gloves	
• tape	engineered		safety	
tourniquet.	needles		engineered	
·	• tape		needles	
	• tourniquet.		• tape	
	·		• tourniquet.	
8.1.8 Collect IV bags	6.1.5 Collect IV	NA	5.1.5 Collect IV	Adds clarity, and ensures
and inspect for leaks	bags and inspect		bags and inspect	a final check of the iv bag
and cloudy or	for leaks, and		for leaks, and	before being
abnormal	cloud y iness, and		cloud y iness, and	administered.
appearance	abnormal		abnormal	
	appearance colour		appearance	
	and precipitate.		colour and	
			precipitate.	
8.1.3 Patient is	6.1.6 Patient is	NA	5.1.6 Patient is	Information about the
questioned	questioned		questioned	patient's fear or anxiety
regarding:	regarding:		regarding:	regarding the IVIT or if
 use of restroom 	use of		use of	they have a history of
fears/anxiety	restroom, and		restroom, and	fainting are captured in
around	 fears/anxiety 		 fears/anxiety 	the Patient Chart
treatment	around		around	Requirements (9.7.2)
 history of fainting 	treatment		treatment	and does not need to be
due to needles	 history of 		 history of 	asked prior to every IVIT.
 last time they 	fainting due to		fainting due	
have eaten.	needles		to needles	
	 the last time 		the last time	
	they have		they have	
	eaten.		eaten.	
8.1.6 Ensure	6.1.7 Ensure	NA	5.1.7 Ensure	Changed from one
infection control	infection control		infection control	requirement to two
procedures are	procedures are		procedures are	distinct requirements
followed – e.g. wash	followed – e.g.		followed – e.g.	(see below). Ensures that
hands, establish	wash hands,		wash hands,	the person administering
clean field.	establish clean		establish clean	the IVIT has followed
	field. The person		field. The person	proper hand hygiene
	administering the		administering the	protocols.
	IVIT washes their		IVIT washes their	
	hands and dons		hands and dons	
	gloves.		gloves.	

	1	T		1
8.1.6 Ensure	6.1.8 Ensure	NA	5.1.8 Ensure	Adds clarity that there is
infection control	infection control		infection control	a clean and a dirty field.
procedures are	procedures are		procedures are	
followed – e.g. wash	followed – e.g.		followed – e.g.	
hands, establish	wash hands,		wash hands,	
clean field.	establish Clean and		establish Clean	
	dirty fields are		and dirty fields	
	established.		are established.	
8.1.9 Appropriate IV	6.1.9 Appropriate	NA	5.1.9 Appropriate	Housekeeping change
equipment is placed	IV equipment is		IV equipment is	
in the clean field.	items are placed in		items are placed	
	the clean field.		in the clean field.	
8.1.5 Pre-treatment	6.1.10 Pre-	NA	5.1.10 Pre-	No change
vital signs are taken –	treatment vital		treatment vital	
blood pressure, heart	signs are taken:		signs are taken:	
rate, respiratory rate	blood pressure		blood pressure	
or pulse oximeter	heart rate		heart rate	
reading and			respiratory	
temperature	respiratory rate		· ·	
temperature	or pulse		rate or pulse	
	oximeter		oximeter	
	reading		reading	
	temperature.		temperature.	
NA	6.1.11 All relevant	NA	5.1.11 All relevant	Ensures NDs are aware
	pre-treatment		pre-treatment	of the need to chart pre-
	information is		information is	treatment info.
	entered in the		entered in the	
	patient chart.		patient chart.	
8.1.10 Administration	8.1.10	NA	8.1.10	No details of each step
set is properly set up	Administration set		Administration	of setting up the admin
	is properly set up		set is properly set	set were previously
			up	provided in the
				Inspection Program
				Requirements. The
				following additions
				include the procedures
				to follow when setting
				up the administration
				set.
NA	6.1.12 The	NA	5.1.12 The	Procedure to be
	administration set		administration set	followed when setting
	is attached to the		is attached to the	up the administration
	IV bag and the line		IV bag and the	set.
	is flushed.		line is flushed.	set.
NΑ	6.1.13 The drip	NA		Procedure to be
NA	chamber is set to	IVA	5.1.13 The drip chamber is set to	
	half full.		half full.	followed when setting
	nair tuii.		nair full.	up the administration
			 	set.
6.2 Delivery and Te	ermination of IVIT	NA	5.2 Delivery	
			and	
			Termination	
			of IVIT	
0.2.4 Dationation	C 2 4 Deti-us to	NIA		No detaile of the state
8.2.1 Patient is	6.2.1 Patient is	NA	6.2.1 Patient is	No details of what steps
properly positioned	properly positioned		properly	are expected when
and prepared for injection.	and prepared for injection.		positioned and	positioning the patient and preparing them for

NA	6.2.1 The patient's arm is properly	NA	prepared for injection. 5.2.1 The patient's arm is	the injection were previously provided in the Inspection Program Requirements. The following additions include the procedures to follow when preparing the patient for injection. Procedure to be followed when preparing
	positioned and supported.		properly positioned and supported.	the patient for injection.
NA	6.2.2 The tourniquet is applied.	NA	5.2.2 The tourniquet is applied.	Procedure to be followed when preparing the patient for injection.
NA	6.2.3 The appropriate injection site is selected.	NA	5.2.3 The appropriate injection site is selected.	Procedure to be followed when preparing the patient for injection.
NA	6.2.4 The injection site is swabbed with 70% isopropyl alcohol.	NA	5.2.4 The injection site is swabbed with 70% isopropyl alcohol.	Procedure to be followed when preparing the patient for injection.
8.2.2 The IV is inserted and drip started.	8.2.2 The IV is inserted and drip started.	NA	8.2.2 The IV is inserted and drip started.	No details of what steps are expected when inserting the IV and starting the drip were previously provided in the Inspection Program Requirements. The following additions include the procedures to follow when the iv is inserted and the drip started.
NA	6.2.5 The angiocatheter or butterfly needle is inserted.	NA	5.2.5 The angiocatheter or butterfly needle is inserted.	Procedure to be followed when the iv is inserted and the drip started, which all IVIT Registrants have been trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.
NA	6.2.6 The angiocatheter/need le is checked for a back flow of blood (flashback).	NA	5.2.6 The angiocatheter/ne edle is checked for a back flow of blood (flashback).	Procedure to be followed when the iv is inserted and the drip started, which all IVIT Registrants have been

NA	6.2.7 The	NA	5,2,7 The	trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.
	tourniquet is released.		tourniquet is released.	followed when the iv is inserted and the drip started, which all IVIT Registrants have been trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.
NA	6.2.8 The administration line is attached.	NA	5.2.8 The administration line is attached.	Procedure to be followed when the iv is inserted and the drip started, which all IVIT Registrants have been trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.
NA	6.2.9 The angiocatheter/need le is taped and secured.	NA	5.2.9 The angiocatheter/ne edle is taped and secured.	Procedure to be followed when the iv is inserted and the drip started, which all IVIT Registrants have been trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.
NA	6.2.10 The IV drip is started and the drip rate set.	NA	5.2.10 The IV drip is started and the drip rate set.	Procedure to be followed when the iv is inserted and the drip started, which all IVIT Registrants have been trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures

NA	6.2.11 The insertion site is monitored during the treatment.	NA	5.2.11 The insertion site is monitored during the treatment.	that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection. Procedure to be followed when the iv is inserted and the drip started, which all IVIT Registrants have been trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.
8.2.3 Patient is monitored during treatment (at a minimum blood pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading and temperature are recorded).	6.2.12 The patient's vital signs are is monitored during treatment when indicated or for infusions that take longer than 30 minutes to administer: (at a minimum blood pressure heart rate respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading temperature, when indicated are recorded).	NA	5.2.12 The patient's vital signs are is monitored during treatment when indicated or for infusions that take longer than 30 minutes to administer: (at a minimum • blood pressure • heart rate • respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading • temperature, when indicated are recorded).	Depending on the length of time it takes to administer the iv bag it may not be appropriate to monitor vitals during the treatment. Depending on the initial temperature it may not be clinically indicated to monitor during the IVIT.
8.2.4 IV drip is terminated, and all materials are properly disposed of.	8.2.4 IV drip is terminated, and all materials are properly disposed of.	NA	8.2.4 IV drip is terminated, and all materials are properly disposed of.	No details of what steps are expected when terminating the IV and disposal of materials were previously provided in the Inspection Program Requirements. The following additions include the procedures to follow when terminating the IVIT and disposing of materials.
NA	6.2.13 Once the iv bag has been administered, the angiocatheter/	NA	5.2.13 Once the iv bag has been administered, the angiocatheter/	Procedure to be followed when terminating the IVIT which all IVIT Registrants

NA	needle and tape are removed. 6.2.14 The agiocatheter/needl e is checked to ensure it is intact and there is no breakage.	NA	needle and tape are removed. 5.2.14 The agiocatheter/nee dle is checked to ensure it is intact and there is no breakage.	have been trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection. Procedure to be followed when terminating the IVIT which all IVIT Registrants have been trained to perform. The addition to
				the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.
NA	6.2.15 Pressure is applied with gauze or a cotton ball once the angiocatheter/ needle is removed.	NA	5.2.15 Pressure is applied with gauze or a cotton ball once the angiocatheter/ needle is removed.	Procedure to be followed when terminating the IVIT which all IVIT Registrants have been trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.
NA	6.2.16 A bandaid is applied or cotton ball taped down over the insertion site.	NA	5.2.16 A bandaid is applied or cotton ball taped down over the insertion site.	Procedure to be followed when terminating the IVIT which all IVIT Registrants have been trained to perform. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.
NA	6.2.17 All waste is handled and disposed of properly.	NA	5.2.17 All waste is handled and disposed of properly.	Procedure to be followed when disposing of materials, which all IVIT Registrants have been trained in. The addition to the Inspection Program Requirements ensures that the Registrant is aware that it will be observed as part of the inspection.

8.3.3 All sharps are	6.2.18 All sharps	NA	5.2.18 All sharps	Adds clarity as to the
disposed of in a	are disposed of in a		are disposed of in	requirements for all
puncture-resistant	puncture-resistant,		a puncture-	sharps containers.
sharps container.	tamper-resistant,		resistant, tamper-	
	leak-proof sharps		resistant, leak-	
	container.		proof sharps	
			container.	
NA	6.2.19 The insertion	NA	5.2.19 The	Procedure to be
	site is observed		insertion site is	followed when
	post-treatment for		observed post-	terminating the IVIT
	redness, swelling or		treatment for	which all IVIT Registrants
	hematoma.		redness, swelling	have been trained to
	Treatment is		or hematoma.	perform. The addition to
	provided as		Treatment is	the Inspection Program
	needed.		provided as	Requirements ensures
			needed.	that the Registrant is
				aware that it will be
				observed as part of the
				inspection.
8.2.5 Vital signs	6.2.20 Post-	NA	5.2.20 Post-	Allows for temperature
(blood pressure,	treatment vital		treatment vital	to only be taken when it
heart rate,	signs are taken:		signs are taken:	is clinically indicated.
respiratory rate or	after treatment.		after treatment.	is chineany maleatea.
pulse oximeter	blood pressure		blood pressure	
reading and	heart rate		heart rate	
temperature) are				
taken after	respiratory rate		respiratory	
treatment.	or pulse		rate or pulse	
treatment.	oximeter		oximeter	
	reading 		reading	
	• temperature,		• temperature,	
	when indicated.		when	
			indicated.	
8.2.6 Appropriate	6.2.21 Appropriate	NA	5.2.21	No change
post-treatment	post-treatment		Appropriate post-	
instructions are given	instructions are		treatment	
to the patient	given to the		instructions are	
including reporting to	patient, including		given to the	
the ND any serious	reporting to the ND		patient, including	
health events such as	any serious health		reporting to the	
shock or convulsions,	events such as		ND any serious	
infections, allergic	shock or		health events	
reactions, and	convulsions,		such as shock or	
adverse reactions.	infections, allergic		convulsions,	
Also any	reactions, and		infections, allergic	
unscheduled	adverse reactions.		reactions, and	
treatments as a	Also any		adverse	
result of the IV	unscheduled		reactions. Also	
treatment, that may	treatments as a		any unscheduled	
include visit to a	result of the IV		treatments as a	
hospital emergency	treatment, that		result of the IV	
department or	may include visit to		treatment, that	
another health care	a hospital		may include visit	
practitioner are to be	emergency		to a hospital	
reported.	department or		emergency	
	another health care		department or	
			another health	

	practitioner are to		care practitioner	
	be reported.		are to be	
			reported.	
8.2.7 All relevant	6.2.22 All relevant	NA	5.2.22 All relevant	Adds clarity
information is	information is		information is	
entered on an IVIT-	entered on an IVIT-		entered on an	
specific treatment	specific treatment		IVIT-specific	
form.	form in the patient		treatment form in	
	chart.		the patient chart.	
8.2.8 Only qualified	8.2.8 Only qualified	NA	8.2.8 Only	Not necessary since the
personnel deliver	personnel deliver		qualified	performance of the
treatment in	treatment in		personnel deliver	above procedures allows
accordance with	accordance with		treatment in	the inspector to assess
their knowledge,	their knowledge,		accordance with	the knowledge, skill, and
skill, and judgment.	skill and judgment.		their knowledge,	judgment of the person
skiii) aria jaagiiieriti	Skiii arra jaagirieriei		skill and	delivering the IVIT.
			judgment.	delivering the iviii
7.0 General Infecti	on Control Brosodi	iros	6.0 General	
7.0 General infecti	on control Procedt	ires		
			Infection	
			Control	
			Procedures	
8.3.1 Universal	8.3.1 Universal	NA	8.3.1 Universal	Not necessary since
precautions are	precautions are	10.7	precautions are	other requirements
followed	followed.		followed.	outline the proper
Tonowea	Tolloweal		Tonowear	infection control
				procedures and
				precautions to follow.
8.3.2 Needles,	7.1 When	NA	6.1 When	Provides clarity.
syringes, IV bags,	administering IVIT,	IVA	administering	Trovides clarity.
medication,	the following are		IVIT, the following	
administration tubing	used for only one		are used for only	
and connectors are	patient:		one patient:	
never re-used.	•		-	
never re-useu.	• needles,		• needles,	
	• syringes,		• syringes,	
	• iv bags of IV		 iv bags of IV 	
	solution,		solution,	
	 medication, 		 medication, 	
	 administration 		 administration 	
	tubing and		tubing and	
	connectors are		connectors are	
	never reused .		never reused .	
NA	7.2 Gloves are used	NA	6.2 Gloves are	Ensures proper infection
	for a single task and		used for a single	control procedures are
	are never re-used.		task and are	followed and gloves are
			never re-used.	never reused.
8.3.5 Appropriate	7.3 Appropriate	NA	6.3 Appropriate	Adds clarity regarding
additional	additional		additional	the use of personal
precautions are	precautions are		precautions are	protective equipment.
applied as necessary	applied as personal		applied as	
re: airborne,	protective		personal	
contact/droplet or	equipment is used		protective	
contact precautions.	when necessary re:		equipment is	
	to protect against		used when	
	airborne, contact		necessary re: to	
	and droplet		protect against	
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	transmission. or		airborne, contact	
	contact		and droplet	
	precautions .		transmission. or	
			contact	
			precautions .	
8.3.6 Staff wear	8.3.6 Staff wear	NA	8.3.6 Staff wear	This requirement is too
appropriate Personal	appropriate		appropriate	general. The appropriate
Protective	personal protective		personal	use of PPE is captured in
Equipment.	equipment (PPE).		protective	other sections with more
			equipment (PPE).	specific expectations.
3.5.2 Approved and	7.4 Approved and	NA	6.4 Approved and	Cleaning and disinfecting
appropriate	appropriate		appropriate	patient surfaces has
disinfectant products	cleaning and		cleaning and	been separated from the
are available for	disinfectant		disinfectant	requirement for
patient surfaces,	products are		products are	equipment and
equipment, and	available for used		available for used	instruments.
instruments.	to clean and		to clean and	
	disinfect patient		disinfect patient	
	surfaces,		surfaces,	
	equipment, and		equipment, and	
	instruments.		instruments.	
3.5.2 Approved and	7.5 Approved and	NA	6.5 Approved and	Cleaning and disinfecting
appropriate	appropriate		appropriate	patient surfaces has
disinfectant products	cleaning and		cleaning and	been separated from the
are available for	disinfectant		disinfectant	requirement for
patient surfaces,	products are		products are	equipment and
equipment and	available for used		available for used	instruments.
instruments.	to clean and		to clean and	
	disinfect patient		disinfect patient	
	surfaces,		surfaces,	
	equipment, and		equipment, and	
	instruments.		instruments.	
NA	7.6 The cleaning	NA	6.6 The cleaning	Ensures Registrants keep
	and disinfecting log		and disinfecting	a log and the inspector
	is kept up to date.		log is kept up to	will be able to check.
			date.	
8.0 Quality Manage	ement		7.0 Quality	
			Management	
The following requirem	nents annly to the impl	l ementation of the Oua		gram as laid out in the
Policies and Procedure		ementation of the Qua	ncy management rio	סי שיוו עס ועוע טענ ווו נווכ
10.1.1	10.1.1	NA	10.1.1	Moved to the Policies
Documentation that	Documentation		Documentation	and Procedures Manual.
a Quality	that a Quality		that a Quality	The Quality
Management	Management		Management	Management section
Committee has been	Committee has		Committee has	addresses how and if the
established and is	been established		been established	processes were carried
comprised of all staff	and is comprised of		and is comprised	out.
providing IVIT related	all staff providing		of all staff	out.
patient care.	IVIT related patient		providing IVIT	
patient care.	care.		related patient	
	cure.		care.	
NA	8.1 The Quality	NA	7.1 The Quality	Ensures that the Quality
IVA	Management	110	Management	Management Committee
	Committee meets		Committee meets	meets in accordance
	in accordance with		in accordance	with the Policies and
	the Policies and		with the Policies	Procedures Manual.
	the Folicies allu	l .	WICH THE FUHLIES	i rocedures ivialidal.

	Procedures		and Procedures	
	Manual.		Manual.	
10.1.2 A process is in	8.2 A process is in	NA	7.2 A process is in	Ensures that Quality
place to ensure that	place to ensure		place to ensure	Management Program
all staff review the	that all Staff		that all Staff	includes reviewing that
Policy and Procedure	reviews the Policies		reviews the	staff have reviewed the
Manual on an annual	and Procedures		Policies and	Policies and Procedures
basis.	Manual on an at		Procedures	Manual on an annual
	least annually basis.		Manual on an at	basis.
			least annually	
			basis .	
10.2.3 Naturopathic	8.3 Naturopathic	NA	7.3 Naturopathic	Adds clarity that the
Doctor performance	doctor(s)		doctor(s)	Quality Management
is reviewed including	performance is		performance is	Program applies to IVIT.
patient selection to	reviewed as it		reviewed as it	The review of
ensure	relates to IVIT		relates to IVIT	appropriateness of
appropriateness of	processes and		processes and	treatment is captured in
treatment.	procedures.		procedures.	the patient records
	including patient		including patient	review section 8.18.
	selection to ensure		selection to	
	appropriateness of		ensure · ·	
	treatment.		appropriateness	
40.2.2 Non modical	0.4 N	NIA.	of treatment.	Nie elegene
10.2.2 Non-medical	8.4 Non-medical	NA	7.4 Non-medical	No change
staff performance is	staff performance		staff performance	
reviewed as it relates	is reviewed as it		is reviewed as it	
to IVIT processes and	relates to IVIT		relates to IVIT	
procedures.	processes and		processes and	
NA	procedures. 8.5 Reviews that	NA	procedures. 7.5 Reviews that	Francis delegation
INA	staff who are	INA	staff who are	Ensures delegation procedures are reviewed
	involved in		involved in	at least annually as part
	delegated		delegated	of the Quality
	procedures are		procedures are	Management Program
	aware of and have		aware of and	and are being followed
	met all		have met all	in a premises where
	requirements		requirements	delegations occur.
	outlined in the		outlined in the	delegations occur.
	Standard of		Standard of	
	Practice for		Practice for	
	Delegation and Part		Delegation and	
	III of the <i>General</i>		Part III of the	
	Regulation are met.		General	
	negaration are met		Regulation are	
			met.	
2.1.3 All staff are	8.6 Reviews that all	NA	7.6 Reviews that	This requirement was
aware of and trained	staff are aware of		all staff are aware	included in the general
in the clinic's	and trained in the		of and trained in	emergency
emergency	clinic's emergency		the clinic's	preparedness
procedures.	procedures,		emergency	requirements. Inclusion
	including use of the		procedures,	in the Quality
	AED.		including use of	Management Program
			the AED.	ensures it is reviewed
				when all other reviews
				are done and now
				includes use of the AED.
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NA	8.7 Reviews that	NA	7.7 Reviews that	Ensures that the Quality
	staff are aware of		staff are aware of	Management Program
	and consistently		and consistently	includes a review that
	use the telephone,		use the	staff are following
	in person or online		telephone, in	screening protocols.
	infectious disease		person or online	
	screening protocol		infectious disease	
	when		screening	
	communicating		protocol when	
	with patients and		communicating	
	scheduling		with patients and	
	appointments.		scheduling	
			appointments.	
3.2.5 Personal	8.8 Reviews that	NA	7.8 Reviews that	Ensures that the Quality
protective	staff are aware of		staff are aware of	Management Program
equipment available	how and when to		how and when to	includes a review that
and used by staff	use personal		use personal	staff are following
when appropriate.	protective		protective	procedures related to
	equipment in order		equipment in	use of personal
	to protect		order to protect	protective equipment.
	themselves and		themselves and	' ' '
	others.		others.	
NA	8.9 Reviews that	NA	7.9 Reviews that	Ensures that the Quality
	staff are aware of		staff are aware of	Management Program
	procedures to		procedures to	includes a review that
	follow in the event		follow in the	staff are following
	of exposure to		event of exposure	procedures related to
	blood or body		to blood or body	exposure to blood or
	fluids.		fluids.	body fluids.
10.2.1 The premises	8.10 The premises	NA	7.10 The premises	Housekeeping change
has a written quality	has a written		has a written	
improvement	quality		quality	
program in place	improvement		improvement	
which:	program in place		program in place	
monitors and	which:		which:	
evaluates patient	The quality of		The quality of	
care,	patient care		patient care	
care,	provided is		provided is	
	monitored and		monitored and	
	evaluated.		evaluated.	
10.2.4 Patient	8.11 Patient		7.11 Patient	No change
outcomes are	outcomes are		outcomes are	110 change
tracked and	tracked and		tracked and	
reviewed.	reviewed.		reviewed.	
10.2.1 The premises	8.12 evaluates	NA	7.12 evaluates	Ensures the methods are
has a written quality	Methods to	INA	Methods to	not just developed but
				also reviews that they
improvement	improve patient		improve patient care are	_
program in place which:	care are developed			are being implemented.
_	and implemented.		developed and	
• evaluates			implemented.	
methods to				
improve patient				
care,				
	0.40 5 6		7.40 5.60	
 identifies and 	8.13 Deficiencies	NA	7.13 Deficiencies	Housekeeping change
corrects	regarding policies		regarding policies	

deficiencies	and procedures are		and procedures	
within the	identified and		are identified and	
premises,	corrected .		corrected.	
	deficiencies within		deficiencies	
	the premises		within the	
	the premises		premises	
alerts the	alerts the	NA	alerts the	Not necessary,
designated	designated		designated	identifying and resolving
member to	member to identify		member to	problems is captured in
identify and	and resolve		identify and	other requirements, and
resolve problems.	problems.		resolve problems.	may not always be the
				responsibility of the
				designated member.
NA	8.14 Reviews that	NA	7.14 Reviews that	Had been included in the
	staff are familiar		staff are familiar	Policies and Procedures
	with Type 1 and		with Type 1 and	Manual but not included
	Type 2 occurrences.		Type 2	as part of the Quality
			occurrences.	Management Program.
				The addition, ensures
				that staff reviews what
				Type 1 and 2
				occurrences are.
NA	8.15 Reviews that	NA	7.15 Reviews that	Ensures that the Quality
	staff have met the		staff have met	Management Program
	reporting		the reporting	includes a review of the
	requirements for		requirements for	reporting requirements
	Type 1 and Type 2		Type 1 and Type 2	for Type 1 and 2
	occurrences.		occurrences.	occurrences.
NA	8.16 Reviews that	NA	7.16 Reviews that	Ensures that the Quality
	staff have met the		staff have met	Management Program
	record keeping		the record	includes a review of the
	procedures for		keeping	record keeping
	Type 1 and Type 2		procedures for	requirements for Type 1
	occurrences that		Type 1 and Type 2	and 2 occurrences.
	have happened.		occurrences that	
10.3.5 Commissations	0.17 Compliantions	NIA.	have happened.	Francisco de estado o Occalidad
10.2.5 Complications	8.17 Complications	NA	7.17	Ensures that the Quality
and Type 1 and 2	and Type 1 and		Complications and Type 1 and	Management Program
occurrences are tracked and	Type 2 occurrences are tracked and		Type 2	includes a review of Type
evaluated.	evaluated. that		occurrences are	1 and Type 2 occurrences and that
evaluateu.	have happened are		tracked and	procedures to reduce
	reviewed and the		evaluated. that	the risk of future
	procedures to		have happened	occurrences are
	reduce the risk of		are reviewed and	reviewed, developed,
	future occurrences		the procedures to	and implemented.
	are reviewed,		reduce the risk of	and implemented.
	developed, and		future	
	implemented.		occurrences are	
			reviewed,	
			developed, and	
			implemented.	
10.2.6 At least	8.18 At least	NA	7.18 At least	Housekeeping changes.
annually, a random	annually, a random		annually, a	Deleted requirements
selection of 5-10	selection of 5-10		random selection	are captured in other
patient records is	patient records is		of 5-10 patient	sections.

	1			<u></u>
reviewed to assess	reviewed to assess		records is	
for:	for:		reviewed to	
record	• record		assess for:	
completion and	completion and		• record	
documentation	adherence to		completion	
of informed	the Standard of		and adherence	
consent,	Practice for		to the	
 completeness 	Record Keeping		Standard of	
and accuracy of	documentation		Practice for	
entries,	of informed		Record	
appropriate	consent		Keeping	
	• completeness		documentatio	
patient	•		n of informed	
treatment,	and accuracy of			
when required,	entries 		consent	
reporting	 appropriateness 		• completeness	
requirements are	of patient		and accuracy	
met in a timely	treatment		of entries	
manner,	 when required, 		 appropriatene 	
 evaluation and 	reporting		ss of patient	
follow-up of Type	requirements		treatment	
1 and 2	are met in a		• when	
occurrences,	timely manner		required,	
 assessment of 	 evaluation and 		reporting	
incidents	follow-up-of		requirements	
requiring transfer	Type 1 and 2		are met in a	
to hospital,	occurrences		timely manner	
abnormal	• assessment of		• evaluation and	
laboratory results	incidents		follow-up of	
follow-up.			Type 1 and 2	
Tollow-up.	requiring transfer to		occurrences	
			• assessment of	
	hospital			
	follow-up to		incidents 	
	abnormal		requiring	
	laboratory test		transfer to	
	results.		hospital	
			follow-up to	
			abnormal	
			laboratory test	
			results.	
3.1.1 The premises	8.19 Premise	NA	7.19 Premise	Ensures that the Quality
adheres to and	adheres to and		adheres to and	Management Program
maintains	maintains		maintains	includes a review of the
documentation for	documentation for		documentation	infection control
accepted standards	Reviews that		for Reviews that	practices relevant to
of infection control	accepted standards		accepted	IVIT.
practices pertinent to	of infection control		standards of	
IVIT.	practices pertinent		infection control	
	to IVIT are being		practices	
	followed.		pertinent to IVIT	
	.onowcu.		are being	
			followed.	
10.3.1 Review of	8.20 Reviews of	NA	7.20 Reviews of	Housekooning shangs
activities related to	activities related to	INA	activities related	Housekeeping change,
				divides the requirement
cleaning,	that cleaning		to that cleaning	into two separate
maintenance and	procedures are		procedures are	requirements since
storage of equipment	being followed and		being followed	cleaning is a separate

	1	T		
	the cleaning log is		and the cleaning	process from
	properly		log is properly	maintenance and
	maintained.		maintained.	storage. Includes a
	maintenance and		maintenance and	review that the
	storage of		storage of	applicable logs are being
	equipment.		equipment.	maintained.
10.3.1 Review of	8.21 Reviews of	NA	7.21 Reviews -of	As above
activities related to	activities related to		activities related	
cleaning,	cleaning.		to cleaning.	
maintenance and	Maintenance and		Maintenance and	
storage of equipment	storage of		storage of	
	equipment. that		equipment. that	
	IVIT and emergency		IVIT and	
	equipment is being		emergency	
	maintained and the		equipment is	
	maintenance log is		being maintained	
	properly		and the	
	maintained.		maintenance log	
			is properly	
40.44.0 :	0.22 D :		maintained.	
10.4.1 Review of	8.22 Reviews of	NA	7.22 Reviews of	Housekeeping change,
activities related to	activities related to		activities related	separates the
monitoring drug	monitoring that		to monitoring	requirement into two
inventory and proper	drug and substance		that drug and	requirements to add
storage.	inventory is		substance	clarity. Includes a review
	monitored, and the		inventory is	that the applicable logs
	inventory log is		monitored, and	are being maintained.
	properly		the inventory log	
	maintained and		is properly	
	proper storage .		maintained and	
10.4.1 Davieus of		NA	7.23 Reviews of	A c ch cuc
10.4.1 Review of	8.23 Reviews of	NA	7.23 Reviews of	As above
activities related to	activities related to			
monitoring drug	monitoring that		to monitoring	
inventory and proper	drugs and		that drugs and	
storage.	substances are		substances are	
	inventory and		inventory and	
	properly stored,		properly stored,	
	and the refrigerator		refrigerator	
	temperature log is		•	
	properly		temperature log	
	maintained.		is properly maintained.	
NA	8.24 Reviews that	NA	7.24 Reviews that	Ensures that the Quality
IVA	expired drugs,	INA	expired drugs,	Management Program
	substances and		substances and	includes a review that
	equipment are		equipment are	expired drugs,
	labelled and		labelled and	substances and
	properly disposed		properly disposed	equipment are labelled
	of.		of.	and properly disposed
	OI.		J1.	of.
NA	8.25 Reviews that	NA	7.25 Reviews that	Ensures that the Quality
14/1	biomedical and		biomedical and	Management Program
	non-biomedical		non-biomedical	includes a review that
	waste is being		waste is being	procedures for handling
	handled and		handled and	and disposing of all
<u>i</u>	nanaica ana	l	nanaled and	and disposing or all

				,
	disposed of		disposed of	waste are being
	properly		properly	followed.
10.5.1 A process is in	10.5.1 A process is	NA	10.5.1 A process	Changed to more
place for the	in place for the		is in place for the	specific quality
reporting and	reporting and		reporting and	management
documentation of	documentation of		documentation of	requirements for Type 1
Type 1 and 2	Type 1 and 2		Type 1 and 2	and 2 occurrences.
occurrences,	occurrences,		occurrences,	Reporting and
incompetence or	incompetence or		incompetence or	documentation of
professional	professional		professional	incompetence and
misconduct.	misconduct.		misconduct.	professional misconduct
				is outside of the scope of
				the Inspection Program.
9.0 Patient Chart F	Requirements		8.0 Patient	
			Chart	
			Requirements	
All patient charts must	be maintained in acco	rdance with the Sta	ndard of Practice for	The following is a list of
Record Keeping and co				the information to be
	_			included in the patient
				chart.
9.1 Appointment F	Record		8.1	
			Appointment	
			Record	
6.1.1 Contains	9.1.1 Contains	NA	8.1.1 Contains	Housekeeping and
member's name,	member's	INA	member's	terminology changes
clinic name, address,	Registrant's name,		Registrant's	terminology changes
and telephone	clinic name,		name, clinic	
number.	address, and		name, address,	
number.	telephone number		and telephone	
	telephone name		number	
6.1.2 Contains the	9.1.2 Contains the	NA	8.1.2 Contains the	Housekeeping change
date and time of the	Date and time of		Date and time of	and the second of the second of
appointment.	the appointment		the appointment	
6.1.3 Contains the	9.1.3 Contains the	NA	8.1.3 Contains the	Housekeeping change
patient's name.	Patient's name		Patient's name	
6.1.4 Indicates the	9.1.4 Indicates the	NA	8.1.4 Indicates	Housekeeping change
duration of the	Duration of the		the Duration of	
appointment.	appointment		the appointment	
9.2 Patient Financi	ial Record and Pati	ent Receipt	8.2 Patient	Housekeeping change
		•	Financial	
			Record and	
			Patient	
	Taa :	T	Receipt	
6.2.1 Treating	9.2.1 Treating	NA	8.2.1 Treating	Housekeeping and
member's name,	Member's		Member's	terminology changes
clinic name, address,	Registrant's name,		Registrant's	
and telephone number are	clinic name,		name, clinic	
recorded.	address, and		name, address,	
ו בנטועבע.	telephone number.		and telephone number. are	
	are recurued		recorded	
6.2.2 Patient's name	9.2.2 Patient's	NA	8.2.2 Patient's	Ensures that the phone
and address are	name, and address	INA	name, and	number is added as it is
recorded on the	and telephone		address and	required in the Standard
recorded on the	and telephone	1	auul ESS allu	required in the Standard

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receipt.	number. are		telephone	of Practice for Record
	recorded on the		number. are	Keeping.
	receipt.		recorded on the	
			receipt.	
6.2.3 Date of service	9.2.3 Date of	NA	8.2.3 Date of	Housekeeping change
is recorded.	service. is recorded.		service. is	
			recorded.	
6.2.4 Fees for	9.2.4 Fees for	NA	8.2.4 Fees for	Housekeeping change
naturopathic	naturopathic		naturopathic	
consultation are	consultation are		consultation are	
billed separately	(billed separately		(billed separately	
from all other fees.	from all other fees).		from all other	
			fee).	
6.2.5 Fees for	9.2.5 Fees for	NA	8.2.5 Fees for	Adds clarity
supplements,	supplements,		supplements,	1
injectables, etc are	injectables, etc are		injectables, etc	
listed separately	listed itemized and		are -listed	
from the	separately from the		itemized and	
naturopathic	naturopathic		separate ly from	
consultation fee.	consultation fee.		the naturopathic	
consultation ree.	constitution rec.		consultation fee.	
6.2.6 Receipts are	9.2.6 Receipts are	NA	8.2.6 Receipts are	Adds clarity
issued for all	issued for all	INA	issued for all	Auds clarity
payments and copies	payments and		payments and	
are maintained in the	Copies of the		Copies of the	
patient financial	1			
	receipts are		receipts are provided to	
record.	provided to patient		·	
	for all payments.		patient for all	
	are maintained in		payments. are	
	the patient		maintained in the	
	financial record.		patient financial	
			record.	
6.2.7 Financial record	9.2.7 Financial	NA	8.2.7 Financial	Housekeeping change
includes payment	record includes		record includes	
amount, method of	Payment amount,		Payment amount,	
payment and balance	method of payment		method of	
of the account.	and balance of the		payment and	
	account		balance of the	
			account	
9.3 General Patien	t Chart Record Kee	ping	8.3 General	
Components			Patient Chart	
Components			Record	
			Keeping	
			Components	
6.3.1 Patient's name,	9.3.1 Patient's	NA	8.3.1 Patient's	Housekeeping change
address, phone	name, address,		name, address,	
number and date of	phone number and		phone number	
birth are	date of birth. are		and date of birth.	
documented.	documented		are documented	
6.3.3 In the event	9.3.2 In the event	NA	8.3.2 In the event	Regardless of how many
that more than one	that more than one		that more than	health care practitioners
health care	health care		one health care	are making entries, there
practitioner is	practitioner is		practitioner is	should always be a
making entries in the	making entries in		making entries in	signature, registration
				Signature, registration
patient chart, each	the patient chart,		the patient chart,	

	T	T	T	_
practitioner is	each practitioner is		each practitioner	number and date for
identified with his or	identified with his		is identified with	every entry.
her registration	or her Indication of		his or her	
number and	who made each		Indication of who	
signature, along with	entry with a		made each entry	
the date the entry	signature and		with a signature	
was made.	registration		and registration	
	number (when		number (when	
	applicable), and the		applicable), and	
	date the entry was		the date the entry	
	made.		was made.	
6.3.4 Patient name or	9.3.3 Patient name	NA	8.3.3 Patient	No change
patient number on	or patient number		name or patient	
each page.	on each page.		number on each	
			page.	
6.3.5 All pages are in	9.3.4 All pages are	NA	8.3.4 All pages	No change
chronological order,	in chronological		are in	
consecutively	order,		chronological	
numbered and	consecutively		order,	
dated.	numbered and		consecutively	
dated.	dated.		numbered and	
	dated.		dated.	
6.3.6 A consistent	9.3.5 All dates are	NA	8.3.5 All dates are	Nechange
		INA		No change
format is used for	recorded in a		recorded in a	
recording the date.	consistent format.		consistent	
			format.	
6.3.7 All entries are	9.3.6 All entries are	NA	8.3.6 All entries	No change
made in, at the least,	made in, at the		are made in, at	
either English or	least, either English		the least, either	
French.	or French.		English or French.	
6.3.8 All written	9.3.7 All written	NA	8.3.7 All written	No change
records are legible.	records are legible.		records are	
			legible.	
6.3.9 All written	9.3.8 All written	NA	8.3.8 All written	No change
entries are made in	entries are made in		entries are made	
indelible ink.	indelible ink.		in indelible ink.	
6.3.10 No highlighter	9.3.9 No highlighter	NA	8.3.9 No	No change
is used over writing.	is used over		highlighter is used	
	writing.		over writing.	
6.3.11 There are no	9.3.10 Blank spaces	NA	8.3.10 Blank	No change
blank spaces	are not left	100	spaces are not	140 change
between entries.	between entries.		left between	
between entries.	between entires.			
6.3.12 All chart	6.3.12 All chart	NA	entries. 6.3.12 All chart	This is outside of what
		NA		This is outside of what
entries are recorded	entries are		entries are	an inspector can assess.
as soon as possible	recorded as soon as		recorded as soon	
after the patient	possible after the		as possible after	
interactions.	patient		the patient	
	interactions.		interactions.	
6.3.13 When other	9.3.11 A legend of	NA	8.3.11 A legend of	Housekeeping change
than generally	abbreviations or		abbreviations or	
accepted medical	codes is available		codes is available	
abbreviations are	when other than		when other than	
used, a legend of	generally accepted		generally	
abbreviations or	medical		accepted medical	

	abbreviations are used.		abbreviations are used.	
9.4 Informed Con			8.4 Informed	
5.4 informed Consent			Consent	
NΙΛ	0.4.1	NA		Dranar dagumentation
NA	9.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the intervention, the associated costs, and the right to withdraw consent.	NA	8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the intervention, the associated costs, and the right to withdraw	Proper documentation regarding informed consent is often deficient. This addition, sdds clarity to include the information that is to be documented and provided to the patient when obtaining informed consent, as stated in the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements are part of an inspection.
6.3.2 Patient chart contains a signed informed consent form.	9.4.2 Patient chart contains a signed informed consent form Documentation in the form of a notation in the patient record or a consent form that is dated, signed, and witnessed.	NA	consent. 8.4.2 Patient chart contains a signed informed consent form Documentation in the form of a notation in the patient record or a consent form that is dated, signed, and witnessed.	Aligns with the Standard of Practice for Consent and the Standard of Practice for Record Keeping. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements are part of an inspection.
NA	9.4.3 Any modifications to the consent.	NA	8.4.3 Any modifications to the consent.	Aligns with the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements are part of an inspection.
NA	9.4.4 If consent is withdrawn, the reason(s) why and what was specifically withdrawn.	NA	8.4.4 If consent is withdrawn, the reason(s) why and what was specifically withdrawn.	Aligns with the Standard of Practice for Consent. Also ensures that Registrants are aware that the requirements are part of an inspection.
9.5 Required Elec Components	tronic Medical Natu	ropathic Record	8.5 Required Electronic Medical	Housekeeping change

				T
			Naturopathic	
			Record	
			Components	
6.4.1 The system	9.5.1 The system	NA	8.5.1 The system	Housekeeping change
provides a visual	provides A visual		provides A visual	
display of the	display of the		display of the	
recorded	recorded		recorded	
information.	information can be		information can	
	provided.		be provided.	
6.4.2 The system	9.5.2 The system	NA	8.5.2 The system	Housekeeping change
provides a means of	provides a means		provides a means	
accessing the record	of accessing the		of accessing the	
of each patient by	record of each		record of each	
the patient's name.	patient can be		patient can be	
	accessed by the		accessed by the	
	patient's name or		patient's name or	
	other unique		other unique	
	identifier.		identifier.	
6.4.3 The system is	9.5.3 The system is	NA	8.5.3 The system	Housekeeping change
capable of printing	capable of printing	107	is capable of	Trousekeeping change
promptly the	promptly the		printing promptly	
recorded information	recorded		the recorded	
in chronological	information can be		information can	
order for each	printed promptly in		be printed	
patient.	chronological order		promptly in	
patient.	for each patient.		chronological	
	Tor each patient.		order for each	
			patient.	
6.4.4 Confidentiality	9.5.4	NA	8.5.4	Aligns with the Standard
and privacy is	Confidentiality and	INA .	Confidentiality	of Practice for Record
maintained (such as	privacy is		and privacy is	Keeping.
through password	maintained		maintained	Reeping.
protection,			Protections	
•	Protections against unauthorized or			
encryption).			against unauthorized or	
	inappropriate			
	access are in place		inappropriate	
	(e.g. password		access are in	
	protection,		place (e.g.	
	encryption).		password	
			protection,	
C 4 5 71 .	0.5.5.71		encryption).	
6.4.5 The system	9.5.5 The system	NA	8.5.5 The system	No change
maintains an audit	maintains an audit		maintains an	
trail that:	trail that:		audit trail that:	
 records the date 	 records the date 		• records the	
and time of each	and time of		date and time	
entry for each	each entry for		of each entry	
patient,	each patient,		for each	
 preserves the 	 preserves the 		patient,	
original content	original content		 preserves the 	
of the record if	of the record if		original	
changed or	changed or		content of the	
updated,	updated,		record if	
identifies the	 identifies the 		changed or	
person making	person making		updated,	

	1	T		
each entry or	each entry or		identifies the	
amendment,	amendment,		person making	
 is capable of 	and		each entry or	
printing each	• is capable of		amendment,	
patient record	printing each		and	
separately.	patient record		• is capable of	
	separately.		printing each	
			patient record	
			separately.	
0.6.0			-	
9.6 Required Natur	ropatnic iviedicai K	ecoras	8.6 Required	
Components			Naturopathic	
			Medical	
			Records	
	T .	T	Components	
6.5.1 The chief	9.6.1 The chief	NA	8.6.1 The chief	Aligns with the Standard
complaint(s) is clearly	complaint(s) is		complaint(s) is	of Practice for Record
stated, the	clearly stated the		clearly stated the	Keeping.
symptoms are	symptoms are		symptoms are	
adequately	adequately		adequately	
described, the	described, the		described, the	
duration of	duration of		duration of	
symptoms noted,	symptoms noted,		symptoms noted,	
and a functional	and a functional		and a functional	
inquiry is performed.	inquiry is		inquiry is	
	performed.		performed.	
6.5.2 The family	9.6.2 Health, family	NA	8.6.2 Health,	Aligns with the Standard
history is	and social history is	IVA	family and social	of Practice for Record
documented.	documented.		history is	Keeping.
documented.	documented .		documented.	Reeping.
C F 2 Allorgies are	0.6.2 Allorgies are	NA		Housekooning change
6.5.3 Allergies are	9.6.3 Allergies are	INA	8.6.3 Allergies are	Housekeeping change
identified and	identified and		identified and	
documented.	documented .		documented .	
8.3.4 Patients are	9.6.4 Patient's are	NA	8.6.4 Patient's are	Patient screening can
screened for	screened for		screened for	imply that laboratory
Methicillin Resistant	history regarding		history regarding	testing is required which
Organisms and	exposure to and		exposure to and	is not the case. The
infectious diseases.	infection from		infection from	patient's history
Screening may	methicillin resistant		methicillin	regarding MROs should
include history taking	organisms (MROs).		resistant	be documented in the
and questioning the	and infectious		organisms	patient chart.
patient. Questioning	diseases. This may		(MROs). and	
can include but	include history		infectious	
should not be limited	taking and		diseases. This	
to determining	questioning of the		may include	
patients who are	patient.		history taking and	
high risk, who know	P =		questioning of the	
they have been			patient.	
determined to carry			patient.	
MRO in the past or				
I				
who have had an				
MRO infection in the				
past.				
C.F. 4.4	0.6.5.4		0.6.5.4	
6.5.4 Assessment	9.6.5 Assessment	NA	8.6.5 Assessment	Housekeeping change
includes one or more	includes is		includes is	

			1	<u>, </u>
of the following:	formulated from		formulated from	
 patient's health 	information from		information from	
history,	one or more of the		one or more of	
 physical exam 	following:		the following:	
with	 patient's health 		patient's	
positive/negative	history,		health history,	
findings	physical exam		physical exam	
documented,	with		with	
• lab tests and	positive/negativ		positive/negat	
other diagnostic	e findings		ive findings	
investigations	documented,		documented,	
_	• lab tests and		• lab tests and	
that are clinically			other	
relevant.	other diagnostic			
	investigations		diagnostic	
	that are		investigations	
	clinically		that are	
	relevant.		clinically	
			relevant.	
6.5.5 Blood tests	9.6.6 Blood tests	NA	8.6.6 Blood tests	No change
performed in the	performed in the		performed in the	
office are only those	office are only		office are only	
listed in the General	those listed in the		those listed in the	
Regulation made	General Regulation		General	
under the	made under the		Regulation made	
Naturopathy Act	Naturopathy Act		under the	
(BTA Bioterrain	(BTA Bioterrain		Naturopathy Act	
Assessment, glucose,	Assessment,		(BTA Bioterrain	
live blood cell	glucose, live blood		Assessment,	
analysis,	cell analysis,		glucose, live	
haemoglobin A _{1c} ,	haemoglobin A _{1c,}		blood cell	
mononuclear	mononuclear		analysis,	
heterophile	heterophile		haemoglobin A _{1c} ,	
antibodies	antibodies		mononuclear	
(monospot), free	(monospot), free		heterophile	
fatty acids, blood	fatty acids, blood		antibodies	
group – ABO and	group – ABO and		(monospot), free	
RhD).	RhD).		fatty acids, blood	
157.	157.		group – ABO and	
			RhD).	
6.5.6 Non-blood tests	9.6.7 Non-blood	NA	8.6.7 Non-blood	No change
performed in the	tests performed in	13/7	tests performed	INO CHAIRE
office are only those	the office are only		in the office are	
1	those listed in			
listed in Regulation			only those listed	
683 made under the	Regulation #683		in Regulation	
Laboratory and	made under the		#683 made under	
Specimen Centre	Laboratory and		the Laboratory	
Collection Licencing	Specimen Centre		and Specimen	
Act (ascorbic	Collection Licencing		Centre Collection	
acid/Vitamin C, BTA	Act (ascorbic		Licencing Act	
Bioterrain	acid/Vitamin C, BTA		(ascorbic	
Assessment, human	Bioterrain		acid/Vitamin C,	
chorionic	Assessment, human		BTA Bioterrain	
gonadotrophin,	chorionic		Assessment,	
indican, Koenisberg,	gonadotrophin,		human chorionic	
oxidative testing,	indican,		gonadotrophin,	
routine urinalysis by	Koenisberg,		indican,	

	1	T		T
dipstick, Sulkowich,	oxidative testing,		Koenisberg,	
rapid strep test and	routine urinalysis		oxidative testing,	
vaginal pH).	by dipstick,		routine urinalysis	
	Sulkowich, rapid		by dipstick,	
	strep test and		Sulkowich, rapid	
	vaginal pH).		strep test and	
			vaginal pH).	
6.5.7 Laboratory	9.6.8 Laboratory	NA	8.6.8 Laboratory	No change
tests ordered from	tests ordered from		tests ordered	_
an allowed	an allowed		from an allowed	
laboratory are only	laboratory are only		laboratory are	
those listed in	those listed in		only those listed	
Regulation 683 made	Regulation 683		in Regulation 683	
under the <i>Laboratory</i>	made under the		made under the	
and Specimen Centre	Laboratory and		Laboratory and	
Collection Licencing	Specimen Centre		Specimen Centre	
Act.	Collection Licencing		Collection	
7100.	Act.		Licencing Act.	
6.5.8 A review of	9.6.9 Review of	NA	8.6.9 Review of	Housekeeping change
medications,	medications,	INA .	medications,	Trousekeeping change
remedies and	· ·		remedies, and	
	remedies, and			
supplements is	supplements. is		supplements. is	
documented.	documented		documented	
6.5.9 An assessment	9.6.10 An	NA	8.6.10 An	Housekeeping change
of the information	assessment of the		assessment of the	
collected and a	information		information	
diagnosis are	collected and a		collected and a	
documented.	diagnosis. are		diagnosis. are	
	documented		documented	
6.5.10 The proposed	9.6.11 The	NA	8.6.11 The	Housekeeping change
treatment plan is	Proposed		Proposed	
fully documented.	treatment plan. is		treatment plan. is	
	fully documented		fully documented	
NA	9.6.12 Name,	NA	8.6.12 Name,	Aligns with the Standard
	strength, dosage,		strength, dosage,	of Practice for Record
	frequency, and		frequency, and	Keeping.
	method of		method of	
	administration for		administration for	
	all drugs and		all drugs and	
	substances		substances	
	included in the		included in the	
6.5.11 Relevant	treatment plan. 9.6.13 Relevant	NΛ	treatment plan. 8.6.13 Relevant	Housekooning change
		NA		Housekeeping change
communications with	communications		communications	
or about the patient	with or about the		with or about the	
are documented.	patient. are		patient. are	
	documented		documented	
6.5.12 The particulars	9.6.14 The	NA	8.6.14 The	Aligns with the Standard
of any referral made	particulars of any		particulars of any	of Practice for Record
is documented.	Relevant referral		Relevant referral	Keeping.
	information, where		information,	
	applicable. made is		where applicable.	
	documented		made is	
			documented	
6.5.13 Prior to the	6.5.13 Prior to the	NA	6.5.13 Prior to the	Captured in the consent
procedure the IVIT	procedure the IVIT		procedure the	section 9.4.1
,	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

	T	T		T
protocol along with	protocol along with		IVIT protocol	
risks, benefits,	risks, benefits,		along with risks,	
alternatives,	alternatives,		benefits,	
potential	potential		alternatives,	
complications and	complications and		potential	
side effects, and	side effects, and		complications and	
costs were discussed	costs were		side effects, and	
with the	discussed with the		costs were	
patient/substitute	patient/substitute		discussed with	
decision maker and	decision maker and		the	
documented	documented		patient/substitute	
			decision maker	
			and documented	
6.5.14 Relevant	9.6.15 Relevant	NA	8.6.15 Relevant	Housekeeping change
subjective and	subjective and		subjective and	
objective information	objective		objective	
obtained during re-	information		information	
assessments is	obtained during re-		obtained during	
documented.	assessments. is		re-assessments. is	
	documented		documented	
6.5.15 Any	9.6.16	NA	8.6.16	No change
amendments to a	Amendments to a	10.1	Amendments to a	The change
written chart is	written chart is		written chart is	
initialled, dated and	initialled, dated and		initialled, dated	
indicates what	indicates what		and indicates	
change was made.	change was made.		what change was	
change was made.	change was made.		made.	
6.5.16 Amendments	9.6.17	NA	8.6.17	Housekeeping change
	Amendments are	INA	Amendments are	Housekeeping change
are only made in the form of additions and				
	only made in the form of additions		only made in the form of additions	
not erasures or	and not erasures or		and not erasures	
overwriting.				
C F 47 A	overwriting.	NI A	or overwriting.	This is a second of solution
6.5.17 A patient	9.6.18 A patient	NA	9.6.18 A patient	This is outside of what
chart is never re-	chart is never re-		chart is never re-	an inspector can assess.
written.	written		written	
9.7 Required Infori		the Delivery of	8.7 Required	
Intravenous Treatr	nent		Information	
			Related to the	
			Delivery of	
			Intravenous	
	T	T	Treatment	
8.1.3 Patient is	9.7.1 Whether or	NA	8.7.1 Whether or	Housekeeping change
questioned	not the patient has		not the patient	
regarding:	fears/anxiety		has fears/anxiety	
fears/anxiety	around IVIT		around IVIT	
around	treatment		treatment	
treatment				
8.1.3 Patient is	9.7.2 Whether or	NA	8.7.2 Whether or	Housekeeping change
questioned	not the patient has		not the patient	
regarding:	a history of fainting		has a history of	
history of fainting	due to needles		fainting due to	
due to needles			needles	
6.7.6 An IVIT specific	9.7.3 An IVIT	NA	8.7.4 An IVIT	
form containing the	specific form		specific form	
2 22		l .	1 -1	1

following information:	containing the following information:		containing the following information:	
6.7.1 Name and strength of all drugs administered	9.7.3.1 Name and strength of all drugs/substances administered.	NA	8.7.3.1 Name and strength of all drugs/substances administered.	Housekeeping change
NA	9.7.3.2 Formula of iv bag	NA	8.7.3.2 Formula of iv bag	Ensures that the information required on the iv bag label is also included in the patient chart.
6.7.2 Dosage and frequency	9.7.3.3 Dosage and frequency.	NA	8.7.3.3 Dosage and frequency.	No change
6.7.3 Date of administration	9.7.3.4 Date of administration.	NA	8.7.3.4 Date of administration.	No change
6.7.4 Method of administration	6.7.4 Method of administration	NA	6.7.4 Method of administration	No need to explicitly state this since this section is the information included on the IVIT specific form.
• infusion site	9.7.3.5 infusion site	NA	8.7.3.5 infusion site	No change
butterfly size	butterfly size	NA	butterfly size	Not necessary, this information will be included with the catheter size.
• catheter size	9.7.3.6 catheter size	NA	8.7.3.6 catheter size	No change
 osmolarity 	9.7.3.7 osmolarity	NA	8.7.3.7 osmolarity	No change
start time	9.7.3.8 start time	NA	8.7.3.8 start time	No change
end time	9.7.3.9 end time	NA	8.7.3.9 end time	No change
drip rate	9.7.3.10 drip rate	NA	8.7.3.10 drip rate	No change
vital sign (blood pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading and temperature) before, during and after treatment	9.7.3.11 vital sign (blood pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading, and temperature when applicable) before, during and after treatment	NA NA	8.7.4.11 vital sign (blood pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading, and temperature when applicable) before, during and after treatment	Housekeeping change
documentation of patient monitoring during IVIT in addition to vitals	9.7.3.12 documentation of patient monitoring of patient during IVIT in addition to vitals		8.7.3.12 documentation of patient monitoring of patient during IVIT in addition to vitals	Housekeeping change
6.7.5 How treatment was tolerated	9.7.3.13 how treatment was tolerated	NA	8.7.3.13 how treatment was tolerated	No change

	T	T	1	T
 reactions noted 	9.7.3.14 any	NA	8.7.3.14 any	Housekeeping change
 follow up to 	adverse reactions		adverse reactions	
reactions	to the IVIT and		to the IVIT and	
	follow up to		follow up to	
	reactions as		reactions as	
	needed		needed	
 post treatment 	9.7.3.15 post-	NA	8.7.3.15 post-	Housekeeping change
instructions for	treatment		treatment	
the patient.	instructions for the		instructions for	
·	patient (when		the patient (when	
	applicable)		applicable)	
9.8 Record Keeping		ne 2 Reports	8.8 Record	
olo necela necepiii,	5 · o · · , p o = aa. · ,	po =opo	Keeping for	
			Type 1 and	
			Type 2	
			Reports	
NA	9.8.1 All Type 1		8.8.1 All Type 1	Ensures that any Type 1
	occurrence reports		occurrence	occurrence reports that
	are filed in the		reports are filed	have been made are
	patient file and a		in the patient file	properly filed and the
	master file.		and a master file.	inspector can check
	master me.		and a master me.	during the inspection.
	0.9.2 All Type 2		9 9 2 All Type 2	Ensures that any Type 2
	9.8.2 All Type 2		8.8.2 All Type 2	occurrences have been
	occurrence tracking		occurrence	
	forms are filed in		tracking forms are	tracked and recorded
	the patient file and		filed in the	and the inspector can
	a master file.		patient file and a	check during the
			master file.	inspection. No need to
				check for the annual
				Type 2 occurrence report
				as the College keeps
				those records.
9.9 Delegation Cha	arting		8.9 Delegation	
· ·	J		Charting	
The documentation	0 0 1 The	NA	8.9.1 The	Record Keeping
of accepting or	documentation	INA	documentation	requirements for
receiving a	when a Registrant		when a Registrant	delegation are included
	_		_	
delegation includes:	makes accepting or		makes accepting	in the Standard of
	receiving a		or receiving a	Practice for Delegation
	delegation		delegation	and the <i>General</i>
	includes:		includes:	Regulation. There are
				different requirements
				when making or
				accepting a delegation.
6.6.1 the date and	9.9.1.1 The date of	NA	8.9.1.1 The date	Ensures that the
the specific activities	the delegation. and		of the delegation.	delegation is specific to a
that were delegated,	the specific		and the specific	patient and when the
	activities that were		activities that	delegation occurred.
	delegated,		were delegated,	
6.6.1 the date and	9.9.1.2 The date		8.9.1.2 The date	Aligns with the wording
the specific activities	and the specific		and the specific	used in the <i>General</i>
that were delegated,	activities that were		activities that	Regulation, to ensure
acicbatca,	delegated,		were delegated,	the specific activities of
	particulars of the		particulars of the	the delegation are
	-		delegation.	documented.
	delegation.		ueiegation.	uocumentea.

	T	T	1	Γ .
6.6.5 any applicable	9.9.1.3 Any	NA	8.9.1.3 Any	No change
conditions,	applicable		applicable	
	conditions.		conditions.	
6.6.8 the	9.9.1.4 The	NA	8.9.1.4 The	Aligns with the <i>General</i>
communication plan	communication		communication	Regulation.
to deal with the	plan to deal with		plan to deal with	
management of any	the management of		the management	
adverse events that	any adverse events		of any adverse	
may occur.	that may occur as a		events that may	
may occur.	result of the		occur as a result	
	delegation.		of the delegation.	
6.6.2 the name,	9.9.1.5 The name	NA	8.9.1.5 The name	The requirement applies
•		INA		1
registration number	and registration		and registration	to when a naturopath
and discipline of the	number and		number and	makes a delegation, so
delegator,	discipline of the		discipline of the	there is no need to state
	delegator.		delegator.	their discipline.
6.6.3 the name,	9.9.1.6 The name ,	NA	8.9.1.6 The name ,	Aligns with the General
registration number	registration		registration	Regulation.
(if applicable) and	number (if		number (if	
training of the	applicable) and		applicable) and	
delegatee	training of the		training of the	
	delegatee.		delegatee.	
6.6.7 informed	9.9.1.7 Informed	NA	8.9.1.7 Informed	No change
consent specific to	consent specific to		consent specific	
the delegation	the delegation.		to the delegation.	
· ·				
The documentation	9.9.2 The	NA	8.9.2 The	Record Keeping
of accepting or	documentation		documentation	requirements for
receiving a	when a Registrant		when a Registrant	delegation are included
delegation includes:	accepts or receiving		accepts or	in the Standard of
	a delegation		receiving a	Practice for Delegation
	includes:		delegation	and the <i>General</i>
			includes:	Regulation. There are
				different requirements
				when making or
				accepting a delegation.
6.6.1 the date and	9.9.2.1 The date of	NA	8.9.2.1 The date	Ensures that the
the specific activities	the delegation. and	110	of the delegation.	delegation is specific to a
that were delegated,	the delegation. and the specific		and the specific	patient and when the
that were delegated,			·	1 *
	activities that were		activities that	delegation occurred.
6644 1 1	delegated,		were delegated,	
6.6.1 the date and	9.9.2.2 The date	NA	8.9.2.2 The date	Aligns with the wording
the specific activities	and the specific		and the specific	used in the General
that were delegated,	activities that were		activities that	Regulation, to ensure
	delegated,		were delegated,	the specific activities of
	particulars of the		particulars of the	the delegation are
	delegation.		delegation.	documented.
6.6.5 any applicable	9.9.2.3 any	NA	8.9.2.3 any	Aligns with the Standard
conditions,	applicable The		applicable The	of Practice for
	conditions, if any,		conditions, if any,	Delegation and the
	under which the		under which the	General Regulation.
	delegation		delegation	_
	occurred.		occurred.	
6.6.2 the name,	9.9.2.4 The name,	NA	8.9.2.4 The name,	No change
registration number	registration		registration	
. Spisti ation number		<u> </u>		

and discipline of the	number and		number and	
•				
delegator,	discipline of the		discipline of the	
	delegator.		delegator.	
NA	9.9.2.5 The	NA	8.9.2.5 The	Addition to align with
	education and		education and	the Standard of Practice
	qualifications		qualifications	for Delegation.
	related to the		related to the	
	delegated		delegated	
	procedure of the		procedure of the	
	delegator.		delegator.	
6.6.3 the name,	9.9.2.6 The name,	NA	8.9.2.6 The name,	Aligns with the General
registration number	registration		registration	Regulation.
(if applicable) and	number (if		number (if	
training of the	applicable) and		applicable) and	
delegatee	training of the		training of the	
	delegatee.		delegatee.	
6.6.6. the period of	9.9.2.7 The period	NA	8.9.2.7 The period	No change
time the delegation	of time the		of time the	
remains in force	delegation remains		delegation	
	in force.		remains in force.	
6.6.7 informed	9.9.2.8 Informed	NA	8.9.2.8 Informed	No change
consent specific to	consent specific to		consent specific	
the delegation	the delegation.		to the delegation.	



BRIEFING NOTE Proposed Inspection Program Policies Amendments

To consider the proposed Inspection Program Policies amendments based

	on th	on the Inspection Committee recommendation.				
OUTCOME	Appr	oval of the Ir	spect	ion Program Policies ame	endme	ents.
NATURE OF DECISION		Strategic		Regulatory Processes & Actions		Other
PROCESS:						
Activity:		Review and discussion of the proposed Inspection Program Policies amendments				
Results:		Decision				
Overall Timin	ng:	g: How much time is allocated on the agenda for this item.				
Steps/Timing	g:			ion of the background sed changes –	5 mii	nutes

BACKGROUND:

PURPOSE:

The Inspection Committee is responsible for developing the appropriate policies and procedures governing the Inspection Program. The Committee annually reviews the policies and is bringing the proposed amendments to the Council for review and approval.

5 minutes

1 minute

Manager, Professional Practice

Discussion, Q&A - All

Motion/Vote - Council

DISCUSSION POINTS:

2.

The following amendments to the Inspection Program Policies (attached) are being proposed.

Terminology/Nomenclature

The Council has directed that a number of terms commonly used by the College be changed in order to improve the collective understanding of stakeholders about the role of the College. The following terms are being amended to reflect the Council's direction:

- Member to Registrant The Council has asked that references to Members of the College be altered to Registrants of the College in order to create a better understanding that the College is not beholden to its Members as a professional association would be, but rather, created to regulate the individuals it "registers".
- Registrar to CEO The Council has directed that references to the Registrar (and Registrar & CEO) be altered to Chief Executive Officer (CEO). A "registrar" position is typically associated with educational institutions and the use of the term by the College adds to the confusion of the College in this regard.
- Public Representative In the changes made to the by-laws previously, the Council added an ability to appoint members of the public to its Committees. The terminology introduced at

that time created confusion with Public Members appointed by the Ontario Government to the Council. Introducing a defined term "Public Representative" is intended to add clarity.

Housekeeping

As is common, when a review is undertaken, there are often minor grammatical issues that are identified, and wording that is inconsistent with related College documents. These changes are not significant, but it is a good practice to make corrections when College documents are being amended.

Substantive Amendments

Additional, more substantive proposed amendments are provided in the following table. For each amendment, the table includes the current wording, the proposed amendment, and the rationale for the amendment.

Current wording	Proposed Amendment	Rationale
Composition of the	Composition of the	
Committee	Committee	
The composition of the IC is	The composition of the IC is	By not including the details of
specified in the by-laws of the	specified in the by-laws of the	the composition of the
College. The Committee	College. The Committee	Inspection Committee in the
shall be appointed by the	shall be appointed by the	policies, any changes made
Council of the College and	Council of the College and	in the by-laws do not also
shall be comprised of at least	shall be comprised of at least	require a change in the
three and not more than five	three and not more than five	policies. This reduces the
members, including:	members, including:	need for staff to present
At least one (1) professional	At least one (1) professional	amendments to the
member who is a member of	member who is a member of	Committee, and
the Council	the Council	subsequently to the Council
At least one (1) public	At least one (1) public	for review and approval.
member who is a member of	member who is a member of	
the Council;	the Council;	
At least one but not more	At least one but not more	
than three professional	than three professional	
members who are not	members who are not	
members of the Council and	members of the Council and	
who have met the standard of	who have met the standard of	
practice for both Intravenous	practice for both Intravenous	
Infusion Therapy and	Infusion Therapy and	
Prescribing as established in	Prescribing as established in	
the General Regulation.	the General Regulation.	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the	
Committee	Committee	
As outlined in Part IV of the	As outlined in Part IV of the	Updated to ensure
General Regulation and the	General Regulation and the	consistency with the current
Terms of Reference, the IC	Terms of Reference, the IC	Terms of Reference for the
may do only one or more of	may do only one or more of	Inspection Committee.
the following:	the following:	
develop, maintain and	advise on and	
review the Inspection	recommend to Council the	
Program Requirements;	requirements for, and	
develop appropriate	policies and procedures	
policies and procedures	relating to the Inspection	
governing the inspection	Program of the College	

- program for review and approval by the Council;
- ensure appropriate individuals are appointed and trained to perform inspections;
- ensure adequate inspections are undertaken and completed in a timely way using appropriate tools and mechanisms,
- determine, after reviewing inspection reports and other material referred to in Part IV of the General Regulation, whether the outcome for a premises is a pass, pass with conditions, or fail,
- specify the conditions that shall be attached to each "pass with conditions",
- deliver written reports as required;
- ensure the IVIT Premises Register is maintained;
- direct the Registrar to refer a member to the Quality Assurance Committee, if the result of an inspection report made by the Committee finds that a member's knowledge, skill or judgment is unsatisfactory;
- direct the Registrar to refer a member to the Inquiries, Complaints and Reports Committee, if the result of an inspection report made by the College finds that a member may have committed an act of professional misconduct or may be incompetent or incapacitated.

- annually review all program policies and related procedures and report to the Council on the outcome of the review and make any recommendations for amendments, develop, maintain and review the Inspection Program Requirements;
- develop appropriate policies and procedures governing the inspection program for review and approval by the Council;
- ensure appropriate individuals are appointed and trained to perform inspections;
- bi-annually review
 relevant regulations made
 under the Naturopathy
 Act, 2007, including but
 not necessarily limited to
 Part IV of the General
 Regulation,
- ensure adequate inspections are undertaken and completed in a timely way using appropriate tools and mechanisms,
- determine, after reviewing inspection reports and other material referred to in Part IV of the General Regulation:
 - whether the outcome for a premises is a pass, pass with conditions, or fail,
 - specify the conditions that shall be attached to each "pass with conditions".
 - deliver written reports as required;
 - ensure the IVIT
 Premises Register is maintained;
 - direct the Registrar
 Chief Executive Office
 to refer a member
 Registrant to the

	Quality Assurance	
	Committee, if the result	
	of an inspection report	
	made by the	
	Committee finds that a	
	member's Registrant's	
	knowledge, skill or	
	judgment is	
	unsatisfactory;	
	o direct the Registrar	
	Chief Executive Office	
	to refer a Registrant	
	member to the	
	Inquiries, Complaints	
	and Reports	
	Committee, if the result	
	of an inspection report	
	made by the College	
	,	
	finds that a Registrant	
	member may have	
	committed an act of	
	professional	
	misconduct or may be	
	incompetent or	
	incapacitated.	
Registering an Existing	Registering an Existing	
Premises	Premises	
For premises where	For premises where	No longer applicable, as the
procedures are being	procedures are being	60-day period has passed.
performed on the day Part IV		
	performed on the day Part IV	
of the General Regulation	of the General Regulation	
of the General Regulation comes into force the	of the General Regulation comes into force the	
of the General Regulation comes into force the designated member is	of the General Regulation comes into force the designated member is	
of the General Regulation comes into force the designated member is required to register the	of the General Regulation comes into force the designated member is required to register the	
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of the General Regulation comes into force the designated member is required to register the premises with the College by completing the Registering an IVIT Premises form. These premises are considered to be existing premises. Written notification must be provided no later than 60 days from the date Part IV of the General Regulation comes into force. Registering a New Premises For premises not performing IVIT on the day Part IV of the General Regulation came into effect and where members are intending to	of the General Regulation comes into force the designated member is required to register the premises with the College by completing the Registering an IVIT Premises form. These premises are considered to be existing premises. Written notification must be provided no later than 60 days from the date Part IV of the General Regulation comes into force. Registering a New Premises For premises not performing IVIT on the day Part IV of the General Regulation came into effect and where Registrants members are	include premises that were performing IVIT prior to the day Part IV of the General Regulation came into effect,
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provide written notification of the new premises to the College by completing the Registering an IVIT Premises form. New premises must undergo Part I of the inspection and receive an outcome of a pass or pass with conditions prior to offering the administration of IVIT or compounding for IVIT to patients. An existing premises that moves to a new location must register as a new premises and undergo Part I of the inspection and receive an outcome of a pass or pass with conditions prior to offering the administration of IVIT or compounding for IVIT to patients. Initial Inspection Timelines for Existing Promises.	Registrant member must provide written notification of the new premises to the College by completing the Registering an IVIT Premises form. New premises must undergo Part I of the inspection and receive an outcome of a pass or pass with conditions prior to offering the administration of IVIT or compounding for IVIT to patients. An existing already registered premises that moves to a new location must register as a new premises and undergo Part I of the inspection and receive an outcome of a pass or pass with conditions prior to offering the administration of IVIT or compounding for IVIT to patients. Initial Inspection Timelines for Existing Promises	clarity that only new premises and registered premises providing IVIT that are moving to a new location, are required to register prior to be authorized to perform IVIT.
Existing Premises All existing premises will be inspected by the College within 24 months of the date Part IV of the General Regulation comes into force.	Existing Premises All existing premises will be inspected by the College within 24 months of the date Part IV of the General Regulation comes into force.	No longer applicable, as the 24-month period has passed.
Timelines for New Premises	Timelines for New Premises	
Part II of the inspection will occur within approximately 6 months of the completion of Part I.	Part II of the inspection will occur within approximately 6 months of the successful completion of Part I.	Adds clarity.
Delegation	Delegation	
A member may not delegate the compounding of or the intravenous administration of a prescribed substance at a premises that has failed an inspection.	A Registrant member may not make or accept a delegatione the for compounding of or the administration by intravenous injection administration of a prescribed substance at a premises that has failed an inspection.	Adds clarity. When a premises fails an inspection Registrants cannot perform IVIT by accepting a delegation, nor can they make a delegation to someone at the premises. Ensures that the Registrant does not work around an outcome of a fail and continue to perform IVIT.
Inspection Fees	Inspection Fees	
All premises that are subject to an inspection must pay a fee of \$2,500 to the College as per Schedule 3 of the bylaws. Council Meeting - May 26, 2021	All premises that are subject to an inspection must pay the inspectiona fees of \$2,500 to the College as per Schedule 3 of the by-laws.	By not including the inspection fee amount, any future changes to fees made in the by-laws do not require a change in the policies. This Page 165 of 232

The inspection fee will be invoiced to the designated member who must pay the required amount within 30 days of the date of the invoice.

The inspection fee will be invoiced to the <u>premises</u>. The <u>Ddesignated Registrant</u> member who must is required to submit payment the required amount within 30 days of the date of the invoice.

reduces the need for staff to present amendments to the Committee, and subsequently to the Council for review and approval.

The premises registration fee stated in Schedule 3 of the by-laws is payable on receipt of the Registering an IVIT Premises form.

Includes the new registration fee and that it is payable at the time the Registrant submits the Registering an IVIT Premises form.

Invoicing of fees

For all existing premises at the date Part IV of the *General Regulation* comes into force the \$2,500 fee will be invoiced in two equal instalments of \$1,250 approximately one year apart within the initial 24 month period.

For all subsequent inspections the full \$2,500 fee will be invoiced upon notification that the premise has been selected for an inspection. The subsequent inspection may be conducted within the regular 5-year cycle or as deemed necessary or advisable by the College.

For a new premises the \$2,500 fee will be invoiced in two equal payments of \$1,250. The first \$1,250 will be invoiced upon notification to the designated member that the inspector has been assigned to conduct Part I of the inspection. The second \$1,250 will be invoiced upon notification to the designated member that the inspector has been assigned to

Invoicing of fees

For all existing premises at the date Part IV of the General Regulation comes into force the \$2,500 fee will be invoiced in two equal instalments of \$1,250 approximately one year apart within the initial 24 month period.

For all subsequent regularly scheduled 5-year inspections the full \$2,500inspection fee as stated in Schedule 3 of the by-laws will be invoiced upon notification to the Designated Registrant that the premise has been selected for an inspection. The subsequent inspection may be conducted within the regular 5-year cycle or as deemed necessary or advisable by the College.

For a new premises the \$2,500 inspection fee as stated in Schedule 3 of the by-laws will be invoiced in two equal payments of \$1,250. The first \$1,250 will be invoiced upon notification to the Designated Registrant member that the premises has been selected for an inspection. inspector has been assigned to conduct Part Lof the

The fee payment for requirements premises existing at the time Part IV of the General Regulation no longer applies, as the 24-month period has passed.

The amount of the inspection fee is removed for reasons stated above. The timing of the "subsequent inspection" is not necessary in this section.

Updates the new premises fees in accordance with the Schedule 3 by-law amendments. Removes invoicing and timing of invoicing that no longer apply.

conduct Part II of the inspection.	inspection. The second \$1,250 will be invoiced upon notification to the designated member that the inspector has been assigned to conduct Part II of the inspection.	
The second instalment of the inspection fee for an existing premises that has not undergone an inspection will not be invoiced if it is withdrawn from the Inspection Program prior to being invoiced for the second instalment.	The second instalment of the inspection fee for an existing premises that has not undergone an inspection will not be invoiced if it is withdrawn from the Inspection Program prior to being invoiced for the second instalment.	
An existing premises that has undergone an inspection and withdraws from the Inspection Program will be invoiced for the second instalment regardless of when the premises is withdrawn.	An existing premises that has undergone an inspection and withdraws from the Inspection Program will be invoiced for the second instalment regardless of when the premises is withdrawn.	
Refunds	Refunds	
Inspection fees that have been paid will not be refunded to a premises that withdraws from the Inspection Program even if the premises has not undergone an inspection.	Inspection fees that have been invoiced and/or paid will not be refunded to a premises that withdraws from the Inspection Program even if the premises has not undergone an inspection.	Inspection fees will be invoiced at the time a premises is notified that it has been selected for an inspection, and will not be refunded even if the premises chooses at this time to stop performing IVIT procedures. It is possible that the Designated Registrant may continue to provide IVIT until they are required to undergo an inspection, and then stop doing IVIT to avoid an inspection and paying the fee. They may choose to stop IVIT at the premises, however they will still be required to pay the inspection fee.
Non-payment of fees	Non-payment of fees	Allacor fam. II
If payment is not received within the 30 days the designated member's	If payment is not received within the 30 daysrequired timeframe the Deesignated	Allows for all payments to be made in accordance with the timeframes outlined in the by-

registration may be suspended for failure to pay fees.	Registrant's member's registration may be suspended for failure to pay fees.	laws. By not including the number of days for each type of payment, any future changes made in the by-laws do not require a change in the policies. This reduces the need for staff to present amendments to the Committee, and subsequently to the Council for review and approval.
Withdrawal from Inspection	Withdrawal from Inspection	
Program	Program	
When a premises closes or ceases to perform IVIT procedures the designated member of that premises must notify the College in writing no later than 30 days following the date the premises closed or ceased to perform these services. If a premises has been notified that it has been selected for an inspection	When a premises closes or ceases to perform IVIT procedures the <u>D</u> designated <u>Registrant member</u> of that premises must notify the College in writing no later than 30 days following the date the premises closed or ceased to perform these services. If a premises has been notified that it has been	Allows a premises more time to withdraw from the Inspection Program and stop performing IVIT. A longer timeframe allows arrangements for patients to continue IVIT at another premises.
and then chooses to close or cease to perform IVIT procedures the inspection will not be conducted as long as the Cease to Perform IVIT Form is received by the College no later than 14 days after notification of the inspection.	selected for an inspection and then chooses to close or cease to perform IVIT procedures the inspection will not be conducted as long as the Cease to Perform IVIT Form is received 14 days prior to the inspection. by the College no later than 14 days after notification of the inspection.	
Selection of an Existing Premises	Selection of an Existing Premises	
Existing premises will be selected for an initial inspection within 24 months of the date Part VI of the General Regulation comes into force.	Existing premises will be selected for an initial inspection within 24 months of the date Part VI of the General Regulation comes into force.	No longer applicable, as the 24-month period has passed.
Following the initial inspection, premises will be selected to undergo an inspection once every 5 years or more often if, in the opinion of the College, it is necessary or advisable to do so.	Following the initial inspection, premises will be selected to undergo an inspection once every 5 years or more often if, in the opinion of the College, it is necessary or advisable to do so.	

Selection of a New Premises	Selection of a New Premises	
New premises will be	New premises will be	Includes the new requirement
inspected as soon as is	inspected as soon as is	to pay the registration fee.
practicable and no longer	practicable and no longer	
than 180 days after receiving	than 180 days after receiving	
the Registering an IVIT	the Registering an IVIT	
Premises form.	Premises form and the	
	premises registration fee.	
Notification of Selection	Notification of Selection	
The designated member for a	The <u>D</u> designated <u>Registrant</u>	Includes how the Designated
premises will receive written	member for a premises will	Registrant will be notified that
notification that the premises	receive written notification	they have been selected for
has been selected for an	that the premises has been	an inspection, and that they
inspection along with the	selected for an inspection	must ensure the College has
name of the inspector.	along with the name of the	their current email address.
	inspector. Notification will	
	occur via email (as well as	
	fax or mail) and as such	
	every Designated Registrant	
	must provide the College an	
	active email address.	
Deferral Requests	Deferral Requests	
The designated member for a	The <u>D</u> esignated <u>Registrant</u>	Allows the Designated
premises that is selected for	member for a premises that	Registrant to submit a
an inspection may seek a	is selected for an inspection	deferral request after 14 days
deferral only under special	may seek a deferral only	of being notified of an
circumstances such as if they	under special circumstances	inspection, in special
are on parental leave, are on	such as if they are on	circumstances.
a leave-of-absence, are	parental leave, are on a	
seriously ill, or if there are	leave-of-absence, are	
other extenuating	seriously ill, or if there are	
circumstances.	other extenuating	
	circumstances.	
The designated member		
must submit the deferral	The <u>D</u> designated <u>Registrant</u>	
request to the College within	member must submit the	
14 days of the premises	deferral request to the	
being notified of its selection	College within 14 days of the	
for an inspection. The	premises being notified of its	
request may be accompanied	selection for an inspection	
by a letter from a regulated	unless there are	
health care practitioner or	extenuating circumstances	
other supporting	that affect the Registrant's	
documentation verifying the	ability to submit the	
circumstances for his or her	application earlier. The	
inability to attend the	request may be accompanied	
inspection.	by a letter from a regulated	
	health care practitioner or	
	other supporting	
	documentation verifying the	
	circumstances for his or her	
	their inability to attend the	
Cotting a data and the	inspection.	
Setting a date and time	Setting a date and time	

The inspection shall occur during office hours.	The inspection shall occur during office hours.	Allows the inspector and the Designated Registrant to schedule the inspection at a mutually convenient time, including outside of regular office hours.
Effective Date A report that a premises has	Effective Date A report that a premises has	Adds clarity by including the
passed, passed with conditions or failed an inspection is effective on the date it was received by the designated member or one or more of the Members performing procedures at the premises.	passed, passed with conditions or failed an inspection is effective on the date it was received in accordance with section 39 of the Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991 by the Designated Registrant member or one or more of the Members performing procedures at for the premises.	"deemed delivered" clause in the RHPA. 39(1) A notice or decision to be given to a person under this Act, the Drug and Pharmacies Regulation Act or a health profession Act may be given by mail or by fax. 2007, c. 10, Sched. M, s. 11. When notice or decision given by mail received (2) If a notice or decision is sent by mail addressed to a person at the person's last known address, there is a rebuttable presumption that it was received by the person on the fifth day after mailing. 2007, c. 10, Sched. M, s. 11.
		When notice or decision given by fax received
		(3) If a notice or decision is sent by fax to a person at the person's last known fax number, there is a rebuttable presumption that it was received by the person,
		(a) on the day it was faxed, if faxed after midnight and before 4 p.m.; or (b) on the following day, if faxed at any other time.

ANALYSIS

<u>Risk Assessment</u> – The risk assessment is based on the document *Understanding the Risk Analysis Terminology*, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those risks that have been identified will be addressed.

- Operational
 - Process: Process risk comes from the Committee, in their review, ensuring that all of the necessary practices and procedures for update have been identified and properly amended.
- Strategic
 - Reputational: Confidence and trust in the organization comes from ensuring that its practices and procedures are accurate, consistent and up-to-date.

Privacy Considerations – There are no privacy considerations.

<u>Transparency</u> – The transparency assessment is based on the document <u>Understanding the College's Commitment to Transparency</u>, a copy of which was included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those items that have been identified will be addressed..

- Information to foster trust: Updating the policies and making them publicly available will allow the public and the profession to access the necessary information in order to trust that this process works effectively.
- Relevant, credible, and accurate information: Ensuring that the Inspection Program
 Policies are consistent with other College policies and resources may increase trust in
 the processes of the College.

<u>Financial Impact</u> – There is no financial impact with this recommendation.

<u>Public Interest</u> – The Inspection Program will continue to operate thereby ensuring safe and quality care for Ontarians who choose to access IVIT services.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Inspection Committee recommends the Council approves the amendments to the Inspection Program Policies.

ACTION ITEMS

The Inspection Program Policies will be updated and posted on the College's website.

Sean Armstrong, ND Chair, Inspection Committee

Mary-Ellen McKenna, ND (Inactive) Manager, Professional Practice

May 12, 2021

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DRAFT	1
IVIT Inspection Program	Create Date
	Dec 15, 2015
	DRAFT

Intent/Purpose To provide comprehensive policies governing the Inspection Program of the College of

Naturopaths of Ontario (the College).

Definitions Inspector A person appointed by the College to carry out an inspection

under the Ontario Regulation 168/15 (the General Regulation) on

behalf of the College.

Designated Registrant

A Registrant¹ who is designated to deliver and accept information on behalf of a specified premises as per Section 30 of the *General*

Regulation.

Premises Any place where a Registrant performs or may perform a

procedure.

Procedure (i) Any procedure by which any two or more drugs or substances

listed in Table 2 or Table 5, in any combination, are mixed, reconstituted, or by any other means made into a customized

therapeutic product by a Registrant for the purpose of

administration by intravenous injection to a patient, and includes

the labeling of such a customized therapeutic product, or (ii) the administration of a customized therapeutic product described in (i) by intravenous injection to a patient by a

Registrant.

Adverse Drug Reaction

A harmful and unintended response by a patient to a drug or substance or combination of drugs or substances that occurs at doses normally used or tested in humans for the diagnosis, treatment or prevention of a disease or the modifications of organic function.

General R

Regulations All aspects of the Inspection Program will be managed in

accordance with the Health Professions Procedural Code, and the

Ontario Regulation 168/15.

Members of the Inspection Committee (IC) and Professional Practice department staff will act in accordance with these policies, regulations and the applicable procedures manuals.

Composition of the Committee Quorum

The composition of the IC is specified in the by-laws of the

College.

Pursuant to section 12.06 of the By-laws of the College quorum for

Pursuant to section 12.06 of the By-laws of the College quorum for meetings shall be three (3) members of the Committee unless the Committee is composed of three (3) members, in which case, the quorum for such a Committee shall be two (2) members, at least one of which shall be either a Public member of the Council or a

¹ The Council of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario has directed that the College refer to individuals registered with the College as "Registrants". "Registrant", as it is used in this policy has the same meaning as "member" as defined in section 1(1) of the *Health Professions Procedural Code*.

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Public Representative.

In cases of urgency as determined by the Chair of the Committee, the public member requirement for the purposes of quorum may be waived.

Bias/Conflict of Interest

Pursuant to the College's by-laws, no member of a Committee can have a real or perceived bias or conflict of interest. If an IC member has a conflict of interest or bias, whether it is real or perceived, they must declare it and should excuse themselves from any discussions and votes pertaining to the matter whenever the matter is tabled.

Committee members must be objective and impartial with respect to the outcome of the matter coming before them for decision. Committee members may be disqualified because of an actual bias or conflict of interest or because of circumstances that give rise to a reasonable apprehension of bias or conflict of interest, even though an actual bias does not exist.

Responsibilities of the Committee

As outlined in Part IV of the *General Regulation* and the Terms of Reference, the IC may do only one or more of the following:

- advise on and recommend to Council the requirements for, and policies and procedures relating to the Inspection Program of the College
- annually review all program policies and related procedures and report to the Council on the outcome of the review and make any recommendations for amendments, ensure appropriate individuals are appointed and trained to perform inspections;
- bi-annually review relevant regulations made under the Naturopathy Act, 2007, including but not necessarily limited to Part IV of the General Regulation,
- ensure adequate inspections are undertaken and completed in a timely way using appropriate tools and mechanisms.
- determine, after reviewing inspection reports and other material referred to in Part IV of the General Regulation:
 - whether the outcome for a premises is a pass, pass with conditions, or fail,
 - specify the conditions that shall be attached to each "pass with conditions",
 - deliver written reports as required;
 - direct the Registrar to refer a Registrant to the Quality Assurance Committee, if the result of an inspection report made by the Committee finds that a

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Registrant's knowledge, skill or judgment is unsatisfactory;

 direct the Registrar to refer a Registrant to the Inquiries, Complaints and Reports Committee, if the result of an inspection report made by the College finds that a Registrant may have committed an act of professional misconduct or may be incompetent or incapacitated.

Participation

As outlined in Section 26(1) of the *General Regulation*, all premises where a procedure is or may be performed by a Registrant in connection with their practice are subject to an inspection by the College.

Non-compliance

Failing to comply with any duty or requirement of Part IV of the *General Regulation* may be considered professional misconduct, as outlined in Section 36 of the Professional Misconduct

Regulation.

Annual Policy and Standards Review

The IC will review the program policies and the Inspection Program Requirements, on an annual basis.

Inspector's Honoraria and Expenses

Inspectors are entitled to an honorarium of \$75 for inspection preparation, \$150 to conduct the inspection and \$75 for drafting the Inspection Report. Reimbursement for expenses will be in accordance with GP 18.04 Per Diems and Expenses.

Inspection Program General

Designated Registrant

All premises in which procedures are performed must have a Designated Registrant at all times. The designated Registrant must be a Naturopathic Doctor registered with the College who has met the standards of practice for Intravenous Infusion Therapy and Prescribing.

Designated Registrant Responsibilities

The Designated Registrant is the main contact person for a premises, and is responsible for communicating with the College and the payment of fees regarding the premises and any inspections thereof. The Designated Registrant ensures that the premises and all staff who perform procedures there meet the responsibilities and requirements outlined in the College's Inspection Program documents and Part IV of the *General Regulation*.

Registering a New Premises

For premises where Registrants are intending to perform procedures the Designated Registrant must provide written notification of the new premises to the College by completing the Registering an IVIT Premises form. New premises must undergo

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Part I of the inspection and receive an outcome of a pass or pass with conditions prior to offering the administration of IVIT or compounding for IVIT to patients.

An already registered premises that moves to a new location must register as a new premises and undergo Part I of the inspection and receive an outcome of a pass or pass with conditions prior to offering the administration of IVIT or compounding for IVIT to patients.

Ceasing to Offer Procedures at a Premises If a premises closes or ceases to perform compounding for IVIT and/or administration of IVIT, the Designated Registrant must notify the College by completing the Cease to Perform IVIT Procedures form within 30 days of the changes.

Resumption of Procedures at a Premises

If a premises re-opens or resumes performing procedures, the premises will be considered to be a new premises and will be required to undergo and pass or pass with conditions Part I of an inspection prior to offering IVIT services to patients. (Part II of the inspection will occur within approximately 6 months of the completion of Part I.)

Inspection Frequency

All premises where a Registrant performs or may perform a procedure are subject to an inspection by the College once every 5 years, following the first inspection or more often if, in the opinion of the College, it is necessary or advisable to do so.

Timelines for New Premises

New premises in which Registrant are intending to perform procedures will undergo Part I of the inspection within 180 days of the College receiving written notification from the Designated Registrant.

Part II of the inspection will occur within approximately 6 months of the successful completion of Part I.

Policies and Procedures Manual All premises in which procedures are performed must have a Policies and Procedures Manual which includes, at a minimum, the information outlined in the Inspection Program Requirements. The Designated Registrant is responsible for ensuring the manual is created and kept current, and that all staff reviews the manual on an annual basis.

Naturopathic Doctors' Qualifications

Registrants who are performing procedures at a premises must hold a valid certificate of registration in the General class with the College of Naturopaths of Ontario, and must have met the

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standards of practice for Intravenous Infusion Therapy and Prescribing.

All Registrants of the College are expected to maintain valid Health Care Provider level CPR certification.

Other Regulated Health Professionals' Qualifications

All regulated health professionals (RHPs) who provide IVIT-related care at the premises must be adequately trained and appropriately registered with their regulatory body.

Other Staff Qualifications All additional staff other than NDs or members of another regulated health profession, who may be involved in IVIT-related patient care, must have the appropriate qualifications and training to perform their assigned duties safely and competently.

Delegation

A Registrant may not make or accept a delegation for compounding or administration by intravenous injection of a substance at a premises that has failed an inspection.

When making or accepting a delegation the Registrant must meet the criteria outlined in Part III of the *General Regulation* and the *Standard of Practice for Delegation*.

Inspection Fees

All premises that are subject to an inspection must pay the inspection fees to the College as per Schedule 3 of the by-laws.

The inspection fee will be invoiced to the premises. The Designated Registrant is required to submit payment within 30 days of the date of the invoice.

The premises registration fee stated in Schedule 3 of the by-laws is payable on receipt of the Registering an IVIT Premises form.

Invoicing of fees

For all regularly scheduled 5-year inspections the inspection fee as stated in Schedule 3 of the by-laws will be invoiced upon notification to the Designated Registrant that the premise has been selected for an inspection.

For a new premises, the inspection fee as stated in Schedule 3 of the by-laws will be invoiced upon notification to the Designated Registrant that the premises has been selected for an inspection.

Refunds

Inspection fees that have been invoiced and/or paid will not be refunded to a premises that withdraws from the Inspection Program even if the premises has not undergone an inspection.

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Non-payment of fees

If payment is not received within the required timeframe the Designated Registrant's registration may be suspended for failure to pay fees.

Withdrawal from Inspection Program When a premises closes or ceases to perform IVIT procedures the Designated Registrant of that premises must notify the College in writing no later than 30 days following the date the premises closed or ceased to perform these services.

If a premises has been notified that it has been selected for an inspection and then chooses to close or cease to perform IVIT procedures the inspection will not be conducted as long as the Cease to Perform IVIT Form is received 14 days prior to the inspection.

Type 1 and Type 2 Occurrence Reporting Type 1 and Type 2 occurrences must be reported in accordance with Sections 24 and 25 of the *General Regulation*. Reports shall be submitted to the College using the applicable form.

Type 2 occurrence reports are to be submitted to the College no later than May 1 of each year and shall be for the reporting period of March 2 of the previous year to March 1 of the current year.

Type 1 Occurrence Report Requirements All Type 1 occurrence reports must include the following information:

- i. which Type 1 occurrence happened,
- ii. the initials, age, and sex of the patient,
- iii. contact information of the Registrant making the report,
- iv. names of all staff involved in providing care for the patient,
- v. the name(s) of any witness to the event (if applicable),
- vi. the time, date and location of the event,
- vii. a description of the incident and any actions taken, or treatment provided,
- viii. the outcome of the event, and
- ix. any other information relevant to the incident.

Follow up on Occurrence Reports

Type 1 occurrences will be reviewed by the IC to determine what, if any, further action is required.

A summary of Type 2 occurrences will be provided to the IC and Council on an annual basis for statistical and planning purposes.

Pre-Inspection

Selection of an Existing Premises

Following the initial inspection, premises will be selected to undergo an inspection once every 5 years or more often if, in the opinion of the College, it is necessary or advisable to do so.

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Selection of a New Premises

New premises will be inspected as soon as is practicable and no longer than 180 days after receiving the Registering an IVIT Premises form and the premises registration fee.

Notification of Selection

The Designated Registrant for a premises will receive written notification that the premises has been selected for an inspection. Notification will occur via email (as well as fax or mail) and as such every Designated Registrant must provide the College an active email address.

Deferral Requests

The Designated Registrant for a premises that is selected for an inspection may seek a deferral only under special circumstances such as if they are on parental leave, are on a leave-of-absence, are seriously ill, or if there are other extenuating circumstances.

The Designated Registrant must submit the deferral request to the College within 14 days of the premises being notified of its selection for an inspection unless there are extenuating circumstances that affect the Registrant's ability to submit the application earlier. The request may be accompanied by a letter from a regulated health care practitioner or other supporting documentation verifying the circumstances for their inability to attend the inspection.

Review of Deferral Requests

All deferral requests will be reviewed by the IC on an individual basis. Deferrals are granted based on the validity and severity of the situation or illness that may prevent the Designated Registrant from submitting the necessary forms or attending the inspection.

Required Forms Submitted by the Designated Registrant When a premises is notified that it has been selected for an inspection, the College will provide the Designated Registrant with the Pre-inspection Information and Registrant Declaration of a Conflict of Interest forms that must be completed and returned to the College within, at least 14 days.

Assignment of an Inspector

The Chief Executive Officer, or their delegate, will assign an inspector based on the information provided in the Registering an IVIT Premises form and the Declarations of a Conflict of Interest from the Designated Registrant and the inspectors.

No Registrant of the College who, to the knowledge of the Chief Executive Officer, or their delegate has sat on a panel of the Discipline Committee and has heard allegations against a Registrant at the selected premises will be assigned as an inspector for that premises.

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No inspector who, to the knowledge of the Chief Executive Officer, or their delegate has a conflict of interest with a Registrant, other health care practitioner or staff member who provide IVIT-related patient care at the premises will be assigned as an inspector for that premises.

Conflict of Interest Criteria

A conflict of interest exists where a reasonable person would conclude that the inspector's professional, personal or financial relationship to one or more of the staff or health care practitioners providing IVIT related patient care at the premises being inspected may affect their judgment or the discharge of their duties to the College. A conflict of interest may be real or perceived, actual or potential, direct or indirect.

Setting a date and time

The assigned inspector will contact the Designated Registrant to arrange a date and time for the inspection, which should occur within approximately 30 days. The inspector will notify the College of the inspection date for each of the premises they are responsible for conducting.

For existing and Part II new premises inspections, the Designated Registrant shall make every effort to ensure that the inspection is conducted on a day when there are patients scheduled for IVIT treatments and compounding for IVIT will be performed.

Inspection

Inspector Authority

An inspector appointed by the College may enter and inspect a premises where administration of IVIT and/or compounding for IVIT are performed by a Registrant , at reasonable times, upon producing information identifying them as an inspector.

Access to Premises

On the day of the inspection, the Designated Registrant will ensure that the inspector has access to all appropriate areas of the premises, and that all documentation relevant to the performance of procedures is made available, including but not limited to appointment books, accounts, reports, and patient records.

Denial of Access

If an inspector is denied entry or access to a premises, all Registrants must cease to perform procedures at that premises until an inspection has taken place.

Inspection components

An inspection of a premises may include some or all of the following:

 a review of the physical layout, equipment, storage of drugs and substances being compounded and administered by IVIT, infection control and relevant

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emergency procedures in accordance with the Inspection Program Requirements,

- a review of patient records and other documentation related to patient care,
- observation of the administration of IVIT and/or compounding for IVIT procedures being performed in accordance with the Inspection Program Requirements and standards of practice,
- a review of any reports made to the College regarding Type 1 and Type 2 occurrences at the premises,
- a review of the Policies and Procedures Manual,
- a review of any other material that is deemed relevant to the inspection.

Observation of a procedure

As part of an inspection, the inspector may directly observe a Registrant performing a procedure on a patient. Before the observation occurs, the inspector will identify themself to the patient, explain the purpose of the observation, and inform the patient that the information obtained may be used in proceedings under Part IV of the *General Regulation* or any other proceeding under the Act, answer any questions that the patient asks and obtain the patient's written consent.

Patient Consent

Written patient consent is necessary in order to allow the inspector to directly observe a treatment. Consent is obtained by the inspector so that the purpose for the observation can be fully explained to the patient.

If a patient does not consent, direct observation of that patient's treatment cannot occur.

Immediate Reporting of Unsafe Practices

If the inspector has reason to believe that there is a significant risk to patients due to the current compounding and/or IVIT practices at the premises they shall report this to the College immediately. The College will call an emergency meeting of the IC to determine if it is advisable to order the premises to stop performing procedures.

Exit Interview

At the end of the inspection, the inspector will meet with the Designated Registrant to discuss the findings and anticipated content of the inspector's report, and to answer any questions the Designated Registrant may have. The inspector will also provide the Designated Registrant with the Post-inspection Questionnaire.

Post Inspection

Inspector's Report

Following the inspection, the inspector will complete the Inspector's Report form to include their observations, comments and recommendations regarding the inspection and will provide it

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to the College within approximately 14 days of the completion of the inspection.

Inspection Outcome

After an inspection of a premises the IC will determine whether the outcome of the inspection is a pass, a pass with conditions, or a fail.

The IC will utilize the Inspection Outcome Decision Pathway when determining the outcome. The IC will also consider the inspection results provided by the inspector, the Inspector's Report, any information or submissions made by any Registrant(s) practising at the premises and any other information that is directly relevant to the inspection.

Inspection Committee Report

Any Inspection Committee Report regarding an inspection of a premises where procedures are performed will include the outcome of the inspection as a pass, pass with conditions, or fail. Where a premises passed with conditions, the conditions will be stated. Where Inspection Program Requirements are partially met and do not warrant a condition being placed on the premises, the IC may make recommendations in the report.

Notice of Outcome

The College will provide the Designated Registrant with the Inspection Committee Report, within a reasonable time after the inspection is completed.

Registrant Submissions

A Registrant may make a submission to the College within 14 days of the date the Inspection Committee Report is received if the outcome is a pass with conditions or a fail.

Confirmation or Change of Decision

The IC may elect to re-inspect the premises after receiving a written submission, but will do one of the following within 60 days of receiving a submission, regarding the inspection outcome:

- 1. confirm its finding that the premises passed with conditions or failed,
- 2. make a report and find that the premises passed with conditions,
- 3. make a report and find that the premises passed the inspection.

Effective Date

A report that a premises has passed, passed with conditions or failed an inspection is effective on the date it was received in accordance with section 39 of the *Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991* by the Designated Registrant for the premises.

Restrictions on Performing Procedures

A Registrant shall not perform a procedure on a patient in a premises that has failed an inspection until:

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- the IC delivers a report indicating that following a subsequent inspection the premises passed or passed with conditions, or
- 2. the IC substitutes a finding that the premises passed or passed with conditions after considering the written submission, if any.

A Registrant shall not perform a procedure on a patient in a premises that has passed with conditions except in accordance with the conditions set out in the report until:

- 1. the IC delivers a report indicating that the premises passed a subsequent inspection, or
- 2. the IC substitutes a finding that the premises passed the inspection, after considering the written submission, if any.

Follow-up / Additional Inspections Premises that fail an inspection or pass with conditions may be subject to one or more further inspections within a reasonable time after the IC delivers its report. A follow-up inspection may occur at the request of a Registrant or Designated Registrant, or at any time at the discretion of the College, if it determines that it is necessary or advisable to do so.

The IC will determine if a follow-up inspection is necessary on a case-by-case basis. If a premises fails an inspection, or passes with conditions that limit the performance of procedures due to patient safety concerns, an additional inspection may be required in order to ensure the issues have been rectified prior to the premise being allowed to resume performing procedures.

A follow-up inspection may also be deemed to be necessary if the College has reason to believe that a premises is not complying with the conditions set out in the Inspection Committee Report.

Inspection Program Feedback Registrant Feedback The Designated Registrant has the opportunity to provide feedback regarding the inspection process by completing the Post-inspection Questionnaire. The form should be returned to the College within 14 days of the inspection.

Inspector Feedback

Inspectors will be asked to provide feedback about the inspection process by completing and submitting the Inspector's Feedback form. Feedback will be requested annually prior to inspector training or at the time an inspector completes their term of service.

Use of Feedback

The College will review all Registrant and inspector feedback received and make any changes and improvements to the program and inspector training that are indicated. Information received regarding the inspectors will be communicated to the individual inspector if advisable.

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Inspectors

Inspector Qualifications Inspectors will be one of the following:

A naturopath who is registered with the College of Naturopaths of Ontario and has met the standards of practice for Intravenous Infusion Therapy and Prescribing,

OR

A member of another regulated health profession who is in good standing with their regulatory body and who is authorized, under the applicable legislation, to perform the controlled acts of compounding and administering a substance by intravenous injection.

Inspector Training

All Inspectors will be fully trained by the College on the Inspection Program and the inspection process.

Inspector Criteria - NDs

A Registrant will be eligible for appointment as an inspector if the Registrant :

- is registered in the General class OR in the Inactive class for less than 2 years,
- has met the standards of practice for IVIT and Prescribing,
- has actively performed IVIT and compounding for IVIT within the last 2 years,
- is not in default of payment of any fees or costs to the College,
- is not the subject of any disciplinary or incapacity proceeding,
- has not had a finding of professional misconduct, incompetence or incapacity against them in the proceeding five years,
- is not currently nor has been a member of the College's staff at any time within the preceding one year,
- is not currently nor has been a member of the Council or a Committee of the College within the preceding one year.

Inspector Criteria -Other Regulated Health Care Professionals A member of another regulated health profession will be eligible for appointment as an inspector if the member:

- is registered in the equivalent of the General class OR the Inactive class for less than 2 years,
- has the appropriate training in administering by intravenous injection and compounding,
- has actively performed intravenous injections and compounding for intravenous injection within the last 2 years,
- is not the subject of any disciplinary, or incapacity proceeding,

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- has not had a finding of professional misconduct, incompetence, or incapacity against him/her in the proceeding five years,
- is not currently nor has been a member of the College's staff at any time within the preceding one year,
- is not currently nor has been a member of a Committee of the College within the preceding one year.

Inspector Appointment

The term of an inspector is approximately three years from the date they are appointed.

An inspector may request a deferral of their appointment or a leave of absence for up to one year, as long as they provide the IC with satisfactory reasons for the request.

When the inspector's three-year appointment nears its completion, the inspector may apply for re-appointment.

An individual who has served as an inspector for three consecutive terms is ineligible for re-appointment until a full year has passed since they last served as an inspector.

Inspector Application

An individual may apply or re-apply to the College to become an inspector by submitting a current CV/resume and a cover letter outlining the reasons(s) they are interested in being appointed or re-appointed as an inspector. The College may request that the Registrant submit any other relevant documentation.

Considerations

When appointing inspectors, the College will consider the following:

- need for inspectors,
- the individual's geographical location,
- any relevant experience,
- additional professional qualifications, expertise and/or specialty,
- languages spoken,
- communication skills, and
- interview evaluation.

Inspector Disqualification

An inspector will be discharged if they:

- breach one of the qualifications required to become an inspector as outlined in this policy,
- breach confidentiality of any information learned through an inspection,
- fail to properly or honestly meet the duties and responsibilities of the position for which they have been appointed.

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Completion of Appointment

An inspector will be considered to have completed their appointment and thanked for their services if they, having made arrangements with the College for the completion of any outstanding inspections, does any of the following:

- resigns in writing,
- completes their term of service and is not re-appointed, or
- completes three consecutive terms.

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BRIEFING NOTE Alternative Dispute Resolution Program Policies

PURPOSE:		sentation to the Council of the Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) gram Policies and Eligibility Policy for the creation of an ADR Program.				
OUTCOME	Appr	Approval of the Alternative Dispute Resolution Program Policy.				
NATURE OF DECISION		Strategic	\checkmark	Regulatory Processes & Actions		Other
PROCESS:						
Activity:		Discussion				
Results:		Consideration and a Decision				
Overall Timii	ing: 15 minutes					
Steps/Timing	g:		Deputy CEO to provide overview of ADR Program Policies		5 mi	nutes
			Questions from Council and answers		5 mi	nutes
		3 Mo	Motion and Vote		5 mi	nutes

BACKGROUND:

In July 2020 the Council of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario approved its *Governance Report: A Mandate for Change* and *Governance Report Implementation Plan.* Section e. of the Implementation Recommendations notes the development of an ADR program for the College, including the necessary policies and procedures to be presented to the Council for approval.

ADR is considered an alternative to the formal complaint process and involves the Complainant and Registrant working together with a facilitator to create a resolution to everyone's satisfaction. It provides an opportunity to resolve low risk complaints in a manner that protects the public interest while allowing for both the Complainant and Registrant to actively participate in shaping an appropriate outcome.

Section 25.1 of the Health Professions Procedural Code authorizes the use of ADR in certain circumstances and outlines particulars with regards to confidentiality, ratification of resolutions and timing.

Staff of the College in consultation with several other Colleges, legal counsel and investigations and mediation professionals have drafted the necessary materials for the College to implement its own ADR program including an ADR Policy, Guide to ADR and template notification letters, contracts and mediator agreements. The ADR Program Policies were provided to the ICRC who discussed the process and provided feedback and suggestions.

DISCUSSION POINTS:

The draft ADR Program Policy (attached) establishes the ADR program for the College and outlines the applicable rules and processes for the implementation of the program. Below are a few highlights/summaries of the information contained therein.

Participation: In order to be eligible for ADR, the complaint must meet the eligibility criteria, no exclusion criteria can apply, both the Complainant and Registrant must agree that they wish to participate, and the CEO must review and refer the matter to the ADR Process.

Confidentiality: All aspects of the discussions/mediation between a Complainant and Registrant are confidential. Staff of the College are not involved in the mediation discussions but rather are provided with regular status updates to ensure that timelines are met. Only once an agreement between the Complainant and Registrant has been reached is it provided to a panel of the ICRC for review and acceptance.

Timelines: As outlined in the Health Professions Procedural Code ("the Code") a matter referred for ADR must be resolved within 120 days. This includes an initial 60-day period and an additional 60-day opportunity for a resolution to be reached.

Prior History: Any matter resolved using ADR does not form a part of a Registrant's formal prior history as defined in subsection 26(2) of the Code; however, as noted in case law all relevant information available to the College may be provided to a Panel when considering a complaint/report. As such ADR outcomes would be provided to a Panel when considering future complaints/reports about a Registrant.

Ratification: Where an agreement is reached, both the Complainant and Registrant must sign the proposed resolution. The Code permits the CEO to accept the resolution or to refer the matter to a panel of the ICRC for review and acceptance. The ADR policies reflect the wording of the Code (as the Council cannot overrule the statutory authorities); however, an operating policy or formal delegation will be put in place such that all ADR agreements are to be reviewed by a panel of the ICRC. When considering a proposed ADR agreement, the review will be undertaken from the perspective of reasonableness, risk and the public interest.

Costs: The costs of the program include the retention of trained mediators/facilitators to conduct meetings with the parties. These costs are intended to be in place of investigator costs that are currently budgeted as a part of the Complaints Program.

Eligibility: In order for a matter to be eligible for ADR it must meet all of the Inclusion Criteria which includes:

- the College must receive a Formal Complaint,
- both the Registrant and Complainant must agree to participate in ADR,
- none of the exclusion criteria can apply, and
- the CEO must accept and make the referral to the ADR process.

Exclusions: A matter is not eligible for ADR if:

- The allegations involve sexual abuse or incapacity;
- The Registrant has a prior discipline history;
- The Registrant is currently under a investigation on a separate matter;
- A similar complaint or report was filed with regards to the Registrant within the preceding 2 year;
- The allegations relate to:
 - Professional Boundaries;
 - A criminal matter;

- Inappropriate or incompetent care (including performing authorized acts unsafely);
- Practising outside of the scope of practice;
- Failing to comply with an order of the College;
- o Practising while suspended; and/or
- Fraud.

Role of ICRC: Where a matter is referred to ADR by the CEO and an outcome is agreed to by both the Complainant and Registrant, the agreement shall be referred by the CEO to a panel of the ICRC in accordance with section 25.1(4)(b) of the Code for review and acceptance to ensure it is in accordance with the public interest. Once an agreement has been accepted by a panel of the ICRC, per subsection 25.1(5)(a) of the Code it is considered to be a full and final resolution of the matter.

ANALYSIS

<u>Risk Assessment</u> – The risk assessment is based on the document *Understanding the Risk Analysis Terminology*, a copy of which was included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those risks that have been identified will be addressed.

- Operational risk:
 - Process risk as the program will be reliant on staff identifying applicable matters and explaining the pros and cons of the process to the parties, it is imperative to ensure that the staff have the skills needed to meet program needs.
 - External events The ADR program is also reliant on internal and external reviews/facilitation being conducted in a timely matter in order to meet necessary statutory timelines.
- Strategic risks:
 - Reputational risks as ADR outcomes are confidential they may raise questions regarding the College's Transparency initiatives and ideas of the College "protecting its own" by not conducting investigations on ADR files. This is mitigated by the public availability of the Program policies and the list exclusions from the program.

Privacy Considerations – There are no privacy concerns.

<u>Transparency</u> – The transparency assessment is based on the document *Understanding the College's Commitment to Transparency*, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those transparency principles that are relevant have been identified and addressed.

- Information to foster trust the ADR Program policies will be made publicly available to foster trust among the public and the Registrants that the right matters can be settled by mediation.
- Improved patient choice and accountability Patients who make complaints do not always
 want the matters to go to a full investigation or hearing. The ADR Program gives some
 patients more choice and more say in the outcomes.
- Timely, accessible and contextual The Program may provide for more timely outcomes and outcomes that are more suited to the context of the complaint.
- Confidentiality when it leads to better outcomes the confidentiality provisions surrounding ADR will lead to better outcomes as Complainants and Registrants can participate willingly and without prejudice in ADR.
- Greater risk, greater transparency The ADR policies improve transparency because they are public and the exclusions are very clear in terms of what is or is not eligible for ADR.
- Consistent approaches By establishing the ADR program, the College moves into a consistent approach with other regulatory Colleges.

<u>Financial Impact</u> – Currently low risk matters that do not require investigator appointments cost approximately \$800 per file on average. The cost of similar matters resolved via ADR will likely cost the College anywhere from \$1,500 – \$2,000 per file as they will require the appointment of facilitators.

<u>Public Interest</u> – The public interest assessment is based on the document Understanding the Public Interest, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those relevant factors have been identified and addressed.

- The ADR policies establish a careful set of checks and balances to ensure that different elements of the organization can view potential settlements. First, the CEO has to agree that the matter can be referred to ADR based on the Council's program policy. Second, if an agreement is made, all parties must sign that they have come to that agreement. Third, the ICRC will be asked to review the settlement which allows another perspective on the matter and will ensure consistency, reasonableness and take into account risk consideration with regards to the public interest in outcomes made by ADR.
- Given the exclusions from what is eligible for ADR, there should be no fear on the part of the
 public that serious misconduct or high-risk activities are being removed from the complaints
 process.
- The public interest is also served by having appropriate outcomes from complaints, regardless of how those outcomes might be achieved. ADR, like right touch regulation, accomplishes the appropriate outcomes with the consent of all parties to the complaint.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Council approve the ADR Program Policy as presented.

Respectfully Submitted

Jeremy Quesnelle Deputy CEO

May 2021

Intent/Purpose	To provide comprehensive policies governing the Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADF program of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario (the College).			
Definitions	Acknowledgement & Undertaking	Means an agreement by a Registrant to the College to do certain things, or to refrain from doing certain things.		
	ADR Mediator	Means an independent ADR practitioner retained by the College for the purpose of facilitating resolution of a complaint in accordance with s.25.1 of the Code.		
	Alternative Dispute Resolution	Means the mediation, conciliation, negotiation, or any other means of facilitating the resolution of issues in dispute as set out in section 1(1) of the <i>Health Professions Procedural Code, Schedule 2</i> of the <i>Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991</i> (RHPA) (the <i>Code</i>).		
	CEO	Means the Chief Executive Officer of the College appointed under section 9(2) of the Code and who performs the duties of "registrar" as set out in the Code.		
	Code	Means the Health Professions Procedural Code which is Schedule 2 of the RHPA.		
	College	Means the College of Naturopaths of Ontario as established under the <i>Naturopathy Act, 2007</i> and governed by the <i>Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991</i> .		
	Formal Complaint	 Means a complaint that meets the following requirements: The complaint must be in writing or recorded on a tape, film, disk or other medium. The Complainant must be identified. The Registrant must be identifiable. The complaint must identify some conduct or actions that are of concern. The Complainant must intend the matter to be a complaint. 		
	HPARB	Means the Health Professions Appeal and Review Board, as established under the Code.		
	Incapacity	Means that the Registrant is suffering from a physical or mental condition or disorder that makes it desirable in the interest of the public that the Registrant's certificate of registration be subject to terms, conditions or limitations, or that the Registrant no longer be permitted to practise, as set out in subsection 1(1) of the Code.		

Incompetence

Means that a Registrant's professional care of a patient displayed a lack of knowledge, skill or judgment of a nature or to an extent that demonstrates that the Registrant is unfit to continue to practise or that the Registrant's practice should be restricted, as set out in subsection. 52(1) of the Code.

Inquiries, Complaints and Reports Committee (ICRC) Means the statutory committee of the College established pursuant to paragraph 3 of section 10(1) of the Code and which investigates registrant-specific concerns (e.g., professional misconduct, incompetence, incapacity).

RHPA

Means the *Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991*, S.O. 1991, c. 18, as amended from time to time.

General

Legislation

In accordance with section 25 of the Code, a Formal Complaint may be referred to an ADR process by the CEO if the matter is eligible and with consent of both the Complainant and the Registrant.

All Formal Complaints will be managed in accordance with the Code.

Confidentiality

Members of the ICRC and ICRC support staff will act in accordance with these policies and the ICRC Procedures Manual.

ICRC members and any persons retained by the College to facilitate ADR have a statutory duty of confidentiality, set out in section 36 of the RHPA which provides that every person employed, retained or appointed for the purposes of the administration of the RHPA shall preserve secrecy with respect to all information that comes to their knowledge in the course of their duties and shall not communicate any information to any person except to the extent the information is available to the public under the RHPA or in connection with the administration of the RHPA or as otherwise permitted by the Act.

All communications that are a part of an alternative dispute resolution process, including but not necessarily limited to the mediator's notes and records shall remain confidential and be deemed to have been made without prejudice to the parties in any proceeding.

Bias/Conflict of Interest

No member of a panel and/or ADR Mediator can have a real or an appearance of conflict of interest. Where an appearance of or real conflict of interest exists, the individual must declare it to staff and ICRC members and will excuse themselves from the discussions.

Panel members and/or ADR Mediators must be impartial and disinterested in the outcome of the matter coming before them for decision. An individual may be disqualified because of actual or perceived conflict of interest.

Informal Resolution of Prior to the filing of a Formal Complaint, potential **Formal Complaints Pre-Complaint Matters** complainants may contact the College with questions or to seek clarification. At no time will staff encourage or discourage the making of a Formal Complaint. Staff shall provide information about the complaint process and any potential for an informal resolution (e.g., suggesting communication between the Registrant and the potential Complainant) so that the person can make an independent determination. If the person indicates that they wish to make a Formal Complaint, staff shall provide all reasonable assistance to the person. Where there is a serious risk of significant harm and a Formal Complaint is not filed, the matter will be brought to the attention of the CEO. Staff must be neutral and impartial at all times. This means not saying or doing anything that suggests that the staff person supports or does not support the filing of a complaint. Once a Formal Complaint has been filed, staff shall not take any action that might be construed as trying to facilitate a resolution of the matter. In order for a matter to be referred to an ADR process, it must meet all of the eligibility criteria outlined below. Notice of Receipt to the Staff will provide the Complainant notice of receipt of the Complainant Formal Complaint on behalf of the CEO as outlined in section 25.(5) of the Code. Should the matter be eligible for ADR, staff will provide the Complainant with additional information about the ADR process and inquire as to whether the Complainant wishes to undertake an ADR process. The Complainant shall be provided at least 7 days to decide whether to undertake an ADR. Notice of Complaint to Staff will provide the Registrant notice of the Formal Complaint Registrant on behalf of the CEO as outlined in section 25.(6) of the Code. Where the Complainant agreed to undertake an ADR process, the Registrant will be provided with information and the opportunity to decide whether to participate in an ADR

process.

participate.

Where both parties agree to participate in ADR, both parties shall complete and return to the College an agreement to

The Formal Complaint and the agreements to participate will be provided to the CEO for consideration for referral to an ADR process in accordance with section 25.1(1) of the Code.

Written Agreement to

Approval of Eligibility

Participate

ADR Administration	Mediator	The person who is appointed to act as the ADR Mediator shall not participate in any other manner with regards to the complaint and/or related discipline proceedings.
	Timelines	Where a matter is referred to ADR by the CEO a resolution must be completed and submitted for ICRC ratification within 60-days of the referral.
		Should a resolution not be agreed upon within the time limit, the ICRC may proceed with its investigation of the complaint; however, the ADR Mediator may continue the facilitation if they believe there is a reasonable prospect of a resolution being reached.
		The ICRC adopt a resolution that is reached within 120-days of the referral; however, it may not adopt any resolution reached after that time frame.
	Prior History	Complaints resolved through ADR and adopted by a panel of the ICRC do not constitute Prior History as defined in subsection 26(2) of the Code. However, the fact and details, including but not limited to the resolution of the ADR outcome, will be provided to future panels in the event of a subsequent complaint or report.
	Discontinuing ADR	An ADR process may be discontinued at any time upon request of either the Complainant or the Registrant or, if in the opinion of the ADR Mediator, it becomes evident that either party is not acting in good faith or a resolution is unlikely.
	Right to Appeal	Agreed upon ADR resolutions do not constitute a decision of the ICRC made pursuant to s.26(1) of the Code and as such there is no right of appeal the HPARB by either the Complainant or Registrant.
	Agreement Ratification	Both the Registrant and Complainant must sign any agreement outlining the proposed resolution. The agreement shall be referred to the CEO who may, in turn, refer it to a panel of the ICRC in accordance with section 25.1(4)(b) of the Code for review and acceptance to ensure it is in accordance with the public interest. Once an agreement has been accepted by either the CEO or a panel of the ICRC, per subsection 25.1(5)(a) of the Code, it is considered to be a full and final resolution of the matter.
	Monitoring	Staff of the College will be responsible for monitoring that the terms of the agreement are completed by the Registrant and/or Complainant.
	Costs	Any costs associated with the ADR Mediator are paid by the College.
Eligibility	Eligibility Criteria	In order for a matter to be referred to an ADR process it must meet all of the criteria outlined below: • A Formal Complaint has been submitted to the College;

- Both the Complainant and Registrant must agree to participate in the ADR Process;
- All of the allegations in the complaint are eligible for ADR; and
- None of the exclusion criteria apply.

Exclusions

A matter cannot be referred to an ADR if any of the following situations apply:

- The allegations involve sexual abuse or incapacity concerns;
- The ICRC has already issued a decision and reasons or made a referral to the Discipline Committee with regards to the Formal Complaint;
- The Registrant has a prior discipline history with the College;
- The Registrant has been the subject of a similar complaint or report filed within the preceding 2 years;
- The Registrant is currently under investigation for any other issue;
- The Formal Complaint includes concerns relating to:
 - Violation of professional boundaries;
 - o A criminal matter;
 - o Inappropriate or incompetent patient care;
 - o Practicing outside of the scope of practice;
 - Failure to perform an authorized act safely and competently;
 - o Failure to abide by an order of the College;
 - Practicing while suspended;
 - Intentional dishonesty or fraud.

BRIEFING NOTE Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion

PURPOSE: To discuss equity, diversity, and inclusion issues and to determine any future initiatives and strategies to be undertaken by the College. OUTCOME Discussion, Initiatives, Strategies NATURE OF □ Other

Regulatory Processes & Actions **DECISION**

PROCESS:

Activity:	Overv	Overview presentation, discussion.				
Results:	Identif	fication of importance and setting dir	ection.			
Overall Timing:	30 mii	30 minutes				
Steps/Timing:	1.	CEO to provide a brief overview 5 minutes				
	2.	General discussion	10 minutes			
	3.	Q&A	10 minutes			
	4.	Consensus and/or Motion 5 minutes				

BACKGROUND:

Over the past several years, issues with respect to systemic racism, inequality, and exclusion of certain sectors within society have come to the forefront.

In response to these issues, key movements have emerged, seeking to draw attention to these problems, to inform and enact change. These include the MeToo and Black Lives Matter movements, and other less structured but equally important movements to stop racist activities towards Indigenous peoples and the Asian community.

Since 2018, the College has been working with the Canadian Centre for Diversity and Inclusion to provide education and training on the issues of diversity, inclusion, and unconscious bias.

While the intent of this education and training is to prevent biased or discriminatory regulatory decision-making at the Council and Committee levels, no other initiatives have been undertaken by the Council or the College on the broader issues of EDI (equity, diversity, and inclusion).

Health Professions Regulators Ontario, the "federation" of the Health Regulatory Colleges, has initiated a project that is designed to assist the Colleges in developing processes to identify and correct discriminatory practices within the regulatory framework.

The initiative is called the "Anti-BIPOC Racism Working Group Project" and focuses on antidiscrimination activities as well as on equity, diversity, and inclusion activities. Although the title includes BIPOC (Black, Indigenous, People of Colour), the initiatives would be intended to address EDI in 'all forms for all people'.

DISCUSSION POINTS:

The Ontario Human Rights Code

Under the Ontario Human Rights Code (OHRC), discrimination is illegal and subject to a matter being brought before the Human Rights Tribunal of Ontario. Under the OHRC, there are 10 grounds upon which a person might claim discrimination:

- Age,
- Creed,
- Disability,
- Family and Marital Status,
- Gender Identity and Gender Expression,
- Race and related grounds,
- Receipt of public assistance,
- Record of offences,
- Sex, and
- Sexual Orientation.

Ontario's Human Rights Code does not consider an individual's behavior outside of certain protected social areas. In other words, it does not address societal behavior generally. The following social areas are protected from discriminatory behavior.

- Accommodation (housing),
- Contracts,
- Employment,
- Goods, services, and facilities, and
- Membership in unions, trade, and professional associations.

The HRTO process is a reactive one, much the same as the College's complaints and investigations process. Something must happen for action to be taken. Action is a reaction to an external force.

Unconscious Bias

Unconscious bias is a bias that an individual does not recognize that they possess and is therefore much harder to account for. Unconscious bias training is intended to help individuals identify their own biases so that their impact can be countered.

If not addressed, unconscious bias can be a "key" to unlocking the door to discrimination. For example, if an individual has a bias against a specific culture or race, they are less likely to see individuals from this culture or race in a positive or even neutral way. This will impact their regulatory decision making and could result in the rules not being applied equally.

Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion (EDI)

EDI may very well be the next step in what we can only hope is the evolutionary process of our global society. The principles of EDI, while very straightforward and simple, speak to fixing a society that is damaged and addressing a system that is inherently discriminatory.

Equity – every individual in our society and in this world is equal, regardless of any of the grounds set out by the Ontario Human Rights Code and similar codes around the world.

Diversity – every individual is unique and the differences among us are what make the human race great. Diversity is embraced.

Inclusion – all cultures, creeds, genders, etc. are included and their participation in all elements of our society is required to expand perspectives, understanding and acceptance.

Embracing EDI as an organization is a commitment to intentionally and purposefully stamping out discrimination of any kind in the systems and processes under our control.

EDI Initiatives from the HPRO Working Group

Attached to this briefing is a document given to the Board of Directors of HPRO about the Anti-BIPOC Racism Working Group Project. The following are the anticipated project outcomes to be generated by this Working Group.

- 1. Action Plan a high-level action plan to direct current and future EDI initiatives among members of HPRO.
- 2. EDI Self-assessment Checklist and Reporting Tool to enable HPRO members to evaluate themselves on key domains that contribute to the effective delivery of key statutory functions and key organizational aspects in the context of EDI best practices.
- 3. Staff training and EDI Toolkit the toolkit will include common HR policies, recruitment practices, complaints procedures and templates, sample policies and guidelines for EDI, as well as two half-day training sessions for staff, Councils and volunteers.

HPRO's Working Group has indicated that most of this work will be informed by the Canadian Centre for Diversity and Inclusion (CCDI).

Potential EDI initiatives

Before contemplating any initiatives the College might take around EDI, it is important to place EDI in context. In this regard, the College needs to be concerned with EDI in the following ways:

- 1. Its regulatory rules, policies, and procedures within the regulatory framework such that:
 - a. We identify and amend any that are or appear to be inherently or systematically racist, discriminatory, or biased.
 - b. We properly train all volunteers and staff involved in the application of the framework to ensure that they are not applying them in a racist, discriminatory, or biased manner.
- 2. Its processes for recruitment, assessment, appointment, and training of volunteers to ensure that our practices promote equity, diversity, and inclusion.

It is important for racialized communities and those who have been and continue to experience discrimination that they see themselves as supported within our organization. As such, the College needs to emphasize its desire to be diverse, equitable and inclusive of all peoples both from within the naturopathic profession and the public at large.

There are several potential initiatives that the College might contemplate at this time.

First, is to prepare to receive the materials that are identified as outcomes from the HPRO Working Group and identify with whom the responsibility for acting on the HPRO outcomes will rest. Here, there are two options:

- a) Create a new Council EDI Committee that will be responsible for acting on and reporting back to the Council on College EDI initiatives (see draft Terms of Reference attached); or
- b) Add these responsibilities to the Governance Committee which is presently responsible for overseeing the development and implementation of a comprehensive volunteer program (see draft amendments to the Governance Committee Terms of Reference, attached).

Secondly, the Council itself may want to articulate a commitment to equity, diversity, and inclusion. As the Council typically speaks through policy, a Governance Process policy may be appropriate. Responsibility for developing this policy could be given to the Committee the Council determines in the previous item, the Governance Policy Review Committee, or both.

ANALYSIS

<u>Risk Assessment</u> – The risk assessment is based on the attached document *Understanding the Risk Analysis Terminology*. Only those risks that have been identified will be addressed.

- Operational risks:
 - People There is a risk associated with selecting individuals to run the organization, including volunteers. Selecting individuals with the requisite experience, with skills that are suited for their roles and who have the judgement to address and avoid discriminatory or racist behavior is critical.
 - Process The intent of this process is to identify policies and procedures within the College that are systematically racist or discriminatory. It cannot be assumed that processes that are discriminatory or biased were created with that intention. Care has to be taken when amending processes to ensure that one set of biases or discriminatory approaches is not replaced with another.
- Strategic risks:
 - Reputation Reputational risk is likely the largest single risk associated with this matter. First, it is important that any action the College undertakes is done in good faith with the intention of identifying barriers and effecting change. Initiatives that are seen as "window dressing" or "lip service" will not bode well for the College's reputation. Second, the outcomes of any review and our initiatives must also be made public and be seen to be real and meaningful. Finally, a failure to act on a matter as important today as this might also be damaging to the College's reputation. It might convey we do not believe that there is racism in our regulatory processes or that the matter is not of great importance.

<u>Privacy Considerations</u> – There are no privacy considerations associated with this matter.

<u>Transparency</u> – The transparency assessment is based on the document <u>Understanding the College's Commitment to Transparency</u>, a copy of which is included in the Information Items within the Consent Agenda. Only those transparency principles that are relevant have been identified and addressed.

- Information to foster trust this briefing, the Council's discussion, and any initiatives the College might undertake work to provide information and to foster trust among the public.
- Relevant, credible, and accurate information.
- Timely, accessible, and contextual the briefing and the proposed initiatives work towards this goal. They will endeavour to make the College more accessible; the initiatives are timely and based within the context of what is happening in our world today.
- Consistent approaches: by relying in part on and implementing the work to come from the HPRO Working Group, the Council is embarking on an approach that will be consistent with the approaches of other Colleges.

<u>Financial Impact</u> – The financial impact will be dependent on whether the Council decides to act at this time. Initial work will involve either an existing or newly created committee resulting in the payment of per diems.

<u>Public Interest</u> – The public interest assessment is based on the document *Understanding the Public Interest*, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those relevant factors have been identified and addressed.

It is a matter of societal and public interest that not only the College be free of any discrimination, racism, or bias, but that the College be representative of the public that it serves and as such, that it be an equitable, diverse, and inclusive organization.

RECOMMENDATIONS

No specific recommendations are being provided. The College dialogue on the topic is likely the first step in what may be a long process and the Council itself needs to provide direction as to any actions it might want to undertake.

Andrew Parr, CAE¹ Chief Executive Officer May 2021

¹ With special thanks to the members of the Governance Policy Review Committee for their assistance in reviewing this important briefing.



Suite 301 - 396 Osborne St, PO Box 244, Beaverton ON LOK 1A0 email: bakenny@regulatedhealthprofessions.on.ca web: www.regulatedhealthprofessions.on.ca Phone: 416-493-4076/Fax: 1-866-814-6456

Meeting: Management Committee

Date: January 15, 2021

Agenda Item: HPRO Priorities – HPRO Working Groups – Anti-BIPOC Racism WG Activities

Decision:

To homologate the decision of the Board, confirmed by email on January 28, 2021, to formally record this decision in HPRO's minutes. The text of the email from WG Chair Judy Rigby to Board Members follows.

Dear Fellow Board Members:

On behalf of the HPRO Anti-BIPOC Racism WG I want to thank you for supporting our work, this very important project and this urgent request.

We are providing the attached Briefing Note to confirm what was verbally agreed to in calls and emails with members of the Management Committee this week. For the record, could you please reply to me and copy Beth Ann with an email to say "APPROVED" so that we have documentation of the Board's decision at this time. At our next Board meeting – date soon to be confirmed – we will ratify the Board's decision to proceed.

Additionally we are providing the following documents for your information and that you can share with your staff, Council/ Board and Committees:

- Project Status Update
- Project Funding
- Grant Application Deliverables

We will let you know as soon as we hear back from the Federal Government about our funding application, and we will continue to keep you apprised as our work progresses, providing you with resources that you can share with your staff and Council/Board and Committee members along the way.

Do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions.

Again, many thanks to you for supporting this project and allowing us to be as nimble as possible.

(Attachments noted in the email text follow.)

Time will also be available on the agenda for a brief verbal update on the project.

Decision:

Approval of \$40,000 to be spent from net assets internally restricted for strategic initiatives for the work of the HPRO Anti-BIPOC Racism working group, including:

- \$22,625 to retain consultants to advance and scope out the work of the HPRO Anti-BIPOC Racism Working Group (WG), and
- up to a maximum of \$17,375 to support the immediate actions of the WG in communications, research, education and project plan development.

Public Interest Rationale:

In Ontario, every person should have the ability to reach their full health potential regardless of their colour, culture, or ethnic origin. HPRO and its member organizations acknowledge the historical and ongoing harm caused by racism, both systemic and overt, against Black, Indigenous and People of Colour in Canada. Change is necessary to eliminate existing racial inequities and best serve and protect the public. Health profession regulators play a critical role in driving that change. As individual organizations, regulatory bodies, and key stakeholders in the health system, we advocate for, and are committed, to actioning essential change to eliminate racism and strive for diversity, equity and inclusivity that is embodied in Ontario's Human Rights Code.

Background:

- MC struck the Anti-BIPOC Racism Working Group (WG) at its June 26th meeting to
 provide direction on how HPRO can support its members to identify systemic racism
 and implement tangible and coordinated actions, in the immediate, medium and
 longer- term, to eradicate BIPOC racism and build a culture, systems, and practices
 that allow diversity, equity, and inclusion to thrive.
- Agreement that the WG's deliverables should be outcomes that all HPRO members commit to actioning through a Project Charter (PC) that is evidence based and outcome driven. The WG identified that the work effort required subject matter knowledge in diversity, equity and inclusion (DEI) and research, education and facilitation expertise.
- December 2020 the WG carried out 3 activities towards fulfilling its purpose, the costs associated with it constitute the approval of spending for \$22,625:

Category	Activity	Cost *
Education - HPRO	Engaged Dr. Javeed Sukhera to present on Bias and	\$1,000
Board	EDI-B	
External funding	Retained a project consultant to develop an anti-	\$4,000
	racism initiatives proposal that is eligible for	
	Community Support, Multiculturalism, and Anti-	
	Racism Initiatives Program (CSMARI) government	
	funding.	
Project Charter	Received proposals from two HPRO member	
Development –	recommended consultants experienced in DEI,	
Scope,	conducting environmental scans and project charter	
Deliverables,	development. Proposal 1 \$6,000; Proposal 2 \$17,625.	
Outcomes and	Recommend awarding contract to Dr. Javeed Sukhera,	\$17,625
Activities	MD based on his credentials, familiarity with health	
	professionals, HPRO and member organizations, such	

as CPSO and the College of Dietitians of Ontario, expertise in Anti-Racism and Equity, Diversity, Inclusion and Belonging, and skills and experience in research, facilitation, education, training and project planning skills. (See Considerations #3 re: Procurement Policy)

Considerations:

- 1. HPRO funds of \$50,084 are available at December 31, 2020 in Net Assets Internally Restricted for Strategic Initiatives to support the WG's request of \$40,000 to remain nimble in its work.
- 2. In addition, Net Assets Unrestricted for use at the Board's discretion and approval at December 31, 2020 is \$239,030. This is approximately \$116,500 in excess of the requirement to keep no less than 6 months of budget operating revenue to be accessed in the event of an unexpected loss of regular income and/or to satisfy liabilities in the event of the winding down of HPRO available (HPRO Reserve and Surplus Funds Policy D-12). The \$116,500 can be allocated to any of HPRO's strategic initiatives.
- 3. With respect to obtaining only 2 proposals for Project Charter development, HPRO's procurement policy D-13 states that for contracts in excess of \$10,000 "If three quotes are not possible to obtain due to the nature of the product or service, approval for moving forward must be granted by the Management Committee or President and Treasurer on behalf of the Management Committee." Due to the need to expedite this activity and to select a consultant with the requisite credentials, knowledge, skills and proven track record in DEI, the Management Committee after reviewing both proposals approved the exemption to move forward with Dr. Sukhera's.
- 4. Identifying Anti-BIPOC Racism and DEI as an HPRO strategic priority will ensure Board accountability to support Colleges in their individual EDI journeys, recognizing the complexity of the issue and the purpose of HPRO "Advancing excellence in public safety through collaboration".

FORMED A WORKING GROUP

Confirmed by the Management Committee in June 2020 with volunteers from 11 HPRO Colleges

Deborah Adams, CRPO (Registrar) Kevin McCarthy, CNO

Kelly Dobbin, CMO (Registrar)

Naakai Garnett, CMTO

Brian O'Riordan, CASLPO (Registrar)

Judy Rigby, CDTO (Registrar) – WG Chair

Linda Gough, CMRITO (Registrar) Dr. Saroo Sharda, CPSO

Danielle Lawrence, CKO Melisse Willems, College of Dietitians of Ontario (Registrar)

Tim Mbugua, COTO Beth Ann Kenny, HPRO Support

DRAFTED A PURPOSE FOR THE WG THAT ALIGNS WITH HPRO PURPOSE

To support active commitment of all 26 member organizations to identify systemic racism and implement tangible and coordinated actions, in the immediate, medium, and long-term, to eradicate BIPOC racism and build a culture, systems and practices that allow diversity, equity and inclusion to thrive.

DRAFTED A PUBLIC INTEREST RATIONALE THAT FULFILLS A PORTION OF CPMF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

In Ontario, every person should have the ability to reach their full health potential regardless of their colour, culture, or ethnic origin. HPRO and its member organizations acknowledge the historical and ongoing harm caused by racism, both systemic and overt, against Black, Indigenous and People of Colour in Canada. Change is necessary to eliminate existing racial inequities and best serve and protect the public. Health profession regulators play a critical role in driving that change. As individual organizations, regulatory bodies, and key stakeholders in the health system, we advocate for, and are committed, to actioning essential change to eliminate racism and strive for diversity, equity and inclusivity that is embodied in Ontario's Human Rights Code.

KEY WORK TO-DATE

Since August 2020, the WG has met five times. Key work to-date is highlighted below:

- **Toolkit**: currently, identified resources are being catalogued and made accessible to the WG and College leadership; will be added to throughout the project
- **Education**: received presentations from CASLPO on their DEI initiatives, including environmental scan, literature review, and open dialogue webinar for College registrants; more being planned
- Legislative Mandate: identified legislative alignment <u>Ontario Anti-Racism Act</u>
- Partnerships Identified: Fairness Commissioner, other regulatory bodies, Ontario Human Rights Commission, national health profession regulatory body collaboratives, HPRO Communications Committee, HPRO Commitment to Cultural Safety and Humility WG
- Project Funding:
 - O HPRO = \$40,000
 - Individual Colleges = \$0 (in kind contributions only)
 - Federal Government funding =\$88,000 (to be confirmed see Anti-BIPOC Racism Funding Document)
- **Project Charter/Workplan**: outlined overall plan and potential resources required, including financial needs for expertise as laid out in a federal grant application; modules to include:
 - Overall action plan (including overarching principles and goals)
 - o EDI Self-Assessment Checklist and Reporting Tool (to support CPMF work)
 - Staff Training and EDI Toolkit

It is recognized that there will be no "one size fits all" solution and that guidance/resource documents and education and training opportunities will be beneficial for all HPRO members. The WG sees this project as an opportunity to engage all colleges and to work together to advance this important issue. Future work will be modular, both to focus the work and in recognition of the resources available to individual colleges.

Financial/Human Resource Needs Identified - Federal Government Grant Application Submitted

An external funding application has been submitted to the federal government's Canadian Heritage Community Support, Multiculturalism, and Anti-Racism Initiatives Program.

- The funding request is to support HPRO's commitment to take significant action in combatting anti-racism at the regulatory level per guidance provided by Ontario's Anti-Racism Directorate
- 19-month project, is to build internal equity, diversity and inclusion (EDI) capacity within the 26 regulatory bodies in Ontario responsible for the regulation of health care professionals
- Project deliverables¹:
 - (a) Developing the Project Charter
 - (b) Creating an HPRO member organization EDI Self-Assessment Checklist and Reporting Tool
 - (c) Staff Training and EDI Toolkit (the "Toolkit")
- Funding model is as follows:

Source	Federal Gov't	HPRO	Individual Colleges	Total
Cash	\$88,000²	\$20,000 (50% of the \$40,000 approved to date)	\$0	\$108,000
In-kind (time commitment)	\$0	\$10,800 Anti-BIPOC Racism WG support – B.A. Kenny 1.5 days/month for 19 months	\$159,400 WG members 11 members for 1 day/month for 19 months; plus Staff support 1 person/College for 4 days in total (over 19 months), e.g., document review, responding to surveys and environmental scan	\$170,200

¹ See excerpt from grant application (Anti-BIPOC Racism Project Funding Grant – Deliverables) for more details

1) Action Plan

At the outset of the project, HPRO intends to develop a high-level Action Plan to direct current and future EDI initiatives among members. The Action Plan will be structured as follows:

- Background and purpose
- How/why the Plan was developed
- Vision and Mission Statements
- Overarching principles and goals
 - Activities, timelines and accountability
 - Reporting and evaluation

2) EDI Self-Assessment Checklist and Reporting Tool

An EDI self-assessment checklist and reporting tool will be designed for HPRO members to evaluate themselves on key domains that contribute to the effective delivery of the key statutory functions and key organizational aspects in the context of EDI best-practices. The checklist will be supplemented by a guidance document explaining how to conduct the assessment providing examples of standards or best-practices for each domain as well as the measures and evidence that may indicate where gaps exist. Colleges will use the tool to identify the planned improvement action required, measure their progress and improve their EDI performance.

Areas covered by the checklist will reflect regulators' core statutory functions¹ and key organizational aspects in governance and operations core activities: entry-to-practice, registration, standard setting (professional and practice), fitness to practice, complaints and discipline, and quality assurance (i.e. continuing competency). All aspects of College operations will be covered by the checklist including: policies, procedures, forms, governance, staff training, procedures, and registrant communications.

As part of the project, the Diversity Consultant (see below) will help all participating colleges map their "current state" to the checklist above. This will help to highlight areas that may require attention and serve as a baseline to compare future self-assessments.

3) Staff Training and EDI Toolkit (the "Toolkit")

A multipronged Toolkit will include common human resources policies, recruitment practices, complaints procedures and templates, samples of policies and guidelines (e.g. onboarding policies, fair, equitable registration processes and investigating further any applicants' previous history re. complaints, racism or inequity, professional misconduct or standards of the profession, including governance, etc.).

The content of the Toolkit will be greatly informed by recommendations made by the Canadian Centre for Diversity and Inclusion (CCDI)² in this regard. This report suggests that "[t]he purpose of this toolkit is to give you the framework for creating a diversity and inclusion strategy document that can be easily customized to suit your own organization". This definition is especially salient as it is the goal of this project – to give the 26 HPRO members the opportunity to tailor the content developed in this project to suit their own needs. This report also emphasizes the importance of an action plan "for everyone in your organization to understand what needs to be done to help you move you toward becoming a more inclusive organization".

Also scheduled, are two, half-day training sessions with regulatory college staff, Council and volunteers. The first will explore best practices in the area of equality, diversity and inclusion with specific attention paid at recognizing and managing unconscious bias, both at a systemic and individual level. The second session will be provided to senior leadership/staff on how to implement the EDI Self-Assessment Checklist and Reporting Tool and EDI Toolkit within their own organizations. The overarching goals of the training modules is to assist organizations in uncovering unconscious bias and creating a strategic framework for becoming a more inclusive organization. Both sessions will be recorded such that they are available on-demand to HPRO members.

¹ Per the *Ontario Regulated Health Professions Act (1991);* all Colleges have Objects which they are responsible for. All of these Objects will be included as part of the self-assessment review. See Section 3: Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991, S.O. 1991, c. 18 (ontario.ca)

² See: "Locking in your leadership: Toolkit for developing a diversity and inclusion strategy". 2014. *Canadian Centre for Diversity and Inclusion*.: 20200130-locking-in-your-leadership-toolkit-for-developing-a-di-strategy.pdf (ccdi.ca)

COMMITTEE TERMS OF REFERENCE

Section	Committee	Page
	Governance Committee	1
Governance Process	(CC04.0 <u>4</u>)	Create Date
	. ——————	November 5, 2013

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Accountability and Authority

The Governance Committee (formerly the Nominations and Elections Committee) is a non-statutory committee of the Council of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario and is established pursuant to section 12.02 and section 10 of the bylaws and the *Committee Principles* policy (GP06).

Limitations

The Governance Committee shall only exercise the authority, and fulfill the duties and responsibilities authorized in the bylaws and by these Terms of Reference.

Responsibilities

The Governance Committee shall:

- Review and make a final ruling on any disputes regarding a Registrant's eligibility to vote in an election (s.10.07 of the bylaws);
- Review and make a determination on the acceptability of the biography and personal statement submitted by a candidate for election (s. 10.13 of the bylaws);
- Upon the request of the CEO, assist the CEO in the supervision and administration of elections of candidates for the Council (s. 10.16 of the bylaws);
- Upon a referral from the Council, shall hold an inquiry into the validity of the election of a Council member and shall make a report and recommendations to the Council:
- Working with the CEO, develop and maintain a comprehensive volunteer program for Council and Committee members that is acceptable to Council and that:
 - Provides for a process of recruitment and application for elections and/or appointments to Council and its Committees.
 - Provides for a competency-based framework for election and/or appointment to Council and its Committees.
 - Provides for an induction program for the assessment of candidates for Council and Council Committees.
 - Provides for orientation and training of new Council and Committee members appointed by Council.
 - Provides for an evaluation process for Council and Committee members.
 - o Provides for a feedback process for all volunteers.
 - Provides for a volunteer recognition program for serving Council and Committee members.
- Working with the CEO and senior staff, develop and maintain a program of equity, diversity and inclusion that ensures that:
 - Appropriate policies are developed, approved by the Council and implemented that reflect the values of the Council and its commitment to equity, diversity, inclusion and an environment that is free of bias, discrimination and racism.
 - All recruitment of volunteers to work with the College is one that is based on equity and diversity and includes every individual who is qualified to participate.
 - Training for all volunteers includes addressing critical issues surrounding equity and inclusion, in particular but not limited to antidiscrimination and anti-bias training.

DATE APPROVED	REVIEW DATE	RESPONSIBLE
January 16, 2014	January 27, 2021	Council

COMMITTEE TERMS OF REFERENCE

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Section	Committee	Page		
	Governance Committee	2		
Governance Process	(CC04.0 <u>4</u>)	Create Date	+	Deleted: 3
		November 5, 2013		

 Reviewing the College's regulatory framework and processes to ensure that they are equitable to all individuals within society.

Composition and Appointment

The Governance Committee shall be appointed by Council and shall be comprised of at least three (3) but as many members as the Council deems appropriate,, including:

- One (1) or more Council members;
- one (1) or more Registrants who are not Council members and who are not seeking election to the Council in the year on which they sit on the Committee; and
- Any number of Public Representatives as defined in the by-laws.

The Council shall appoint the Chair of the Governance Committee.

Term of Office

The members of the Governance Committee shall be appointed annually by Council for approximately one (1) year, or until such time as the Council has made further appointments.

Meetings

The Governance Committee shall meet at the call of the Chair.

In the event that the Chair of the Committee is unable to preside at the meeting, the Chair may designate an acting Chair from among the Committee members, or where the Chair has not done so, an acting Chair for the meeting shall be selected from among the Committee members by the Committee.

Quorum

Pursuant to section 12.06 of the By-laws of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario, quorum for meetings of the Governance Committee shall be three members of the Committee, at least one of which shall be a Public member or a Public Representative as defined in the by-laws.

In cases of urgency as determined by the Chair of the Committee, the Public member/Public Representative requirement for the purposes of quorum may be waived.

Reports

The Committee shall provide a report of its activities annually to the Council, as well as when requested from time to time, subject to any requirements of the Regulated Health Professions Act. 1991.

The Chair shall also submit a quarterly report to the Council addressing matters of importance to the Committee.

DATE APPROVED	REVIEW DATE	RESPONSIBLE
January 16, 2014	January 27, 2021	Council

Accountability and Authority

The Equity, Diversity and Inclusion Committee is a non-statutory committee of the Council of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario and is established pursuant to section 12.02 and section 10 of the bylaws and the *Committee Principles* policy (GP06).

Limitations

The Equity, Diversity and Inclusion Committee shall only exercise the authority, and fulfill the duties and responsibilities authorized in the bylaws and by these Terms of Reference.

Responsibilities

Working closely with the CEO and senior staff, the Equity, Diversity and Inclusion Committee shall develop and maintain a program of equity, diversity and inclusion that ensures that:

- Appropriate policies are developed, approved by the Council and implemented that reflect the values of the Council and its commitment to equity, diversity, inclusion and an environment that is free of bias, discrimination and racism.
- All recruitment of volunteers to work with the College is one that is based on equity, diversity and includes every individual who is qualified to participate.
- Training for all volunteers includes addressing critical issues surrounding equity and inclusion, in particular but not limited to anti-discrimination and anti-bias training.
- Reviewing the College's regulatory framework and processes to ensure that they are equitable to all individuals within society.

Composition and Appointment

The Equity, Diversity and Inclusion Committee shall be appointed by Council and shall be comprised of at least three (3) but as many members as the Council deems appropriate,, including:

- One (1) or more Council members:
- One (1) or more Registrants who are not Council members; and
- Any number of Public Representatives as defined in the by-laws.

The Council shall appoint the Chair of the Equity, Diversity and Inclusion Committee.

Term of Office

The members of the Equity, Diversity and Inclusion Committee shall be appointed annually by Council for approximately one (1) year, or until such time as the Council has made further appointments.

Meetings

The Governance Committee shall meet at the call of the Chair.

In the event that the Chair of the Committee is unable to preside at the meeting, the Chair may designate an acting Chair from among the Committee members, or where the Chair has not done so, an acting Chair for the meeting shall be selected from among the Committee members by the Committee.

Quorum

Pursuant to section 12.06 of the By-laws of the College of Naturopaths of Ontario, quorum for meetings of the Governance Committee shall be three members of the Committee, at least one of which shall be a Public member or a Public Representative as defined in the by-laws.

In cases of urgency as determined by the Chair of the Committee, the Public member/Public Representative requirement for the purposes of quorum may be waived.

Reports

The Committee shall provide a report of its activities annually to the Council, as well as when requested from time to time, subject to any requirements of *the Regulated Health Professions Act*, 1991.

The Chair shall also submit a quarterly report to the Council addressing matters of importance to the Committee.

BRIEFING NOTE Competency Development Project

PURPOSE: To obtain approval of the Council to spend up to \$65,000 to develop a competency framework for the College Council and Committees. OUTCOME Approval NATURE OF Strategic Regulatory Processes Other DECISION & Actions Financial PROCESS: Activity: Discussion Results: Direction provided. Overall Timing: 20 minutes Steps/Timing: CEO to provide background and 7 minutes outline of proposal. Questions and answer 2. 10 minutes 3. Motion 3 minutes

BACKGROUND:

In its *Governance Report: A Mandate for Change*, the Council identified that in the future, Council members should have the competencies necessary to fulfill the role.

The Council has been presented with a preliminary outline of competencies necessary for the role which were developed, in part based on a working group from Health Profession Regulators Ontario (HPRO) and in part based on independent research.

While some additional work has been conducted to refine these competencies, it has become increasingly clear that the competency framework should be developed by experts in this particular area of study. In doing so, the framework would have greater credibility among stakeholders and the Government.

The Directors College (TDC), which is a part of the DeGroote School of Business of McMaster University, has a program through which it certifies directors for public boards. It is a comprehensive educational program that provides graduates with the "C.Dir." designation. Such a program would need to be based on a competency framework for directors of public boards that would inform the curriculum for the courses leading to the designation.

Although the College is a not-for-profit entity, there would be considerable overlap in the competencies necessary for the Council when compared to directors on a public board. There would, however, be a set of skills beyond those and others that are more specific to health regulation.

Based on preliminary discussions with TDC, there is interest on their part in supporting the health regulatory Colleges in the development of a competency framework that is based in part

on the program at TDC, but also reflects additional competencies that might be specific to notfor-profit organizations and health regulators.

The need for some formal competency framework for health regulatory Colleges has been highlighted in the College Performance Measure Framework (CPMF) from the Ministry of Health which seeks information in this area. Reports submitted to the CPMF process at the end of March 2021 indicate that a few Colleges have taken steps in this area, although a small number of those have what might be considered a robust framework for articulating and assessing the competencies of potential Council members.

To date, the College has been working with HPRO to attempt to initiate a project to develop the competency framework. A project which would ideally be funded through HPRO. Talks have been underway since late November 2020 and progress is very slow.

DISCUSSION POINTS:

Proposal from The Directors College

The Directors College (TDC) has made the following proposal.

Phase 1: TDC will compare the competencies developed thus far by the 26 Colleges against the competency framework developed and currently being updated for TDC which informs curriculum development for TDC, DeGroote Schools of Business.

Phase 2: A shortened list of competencies would be selected and presented to a peer group of Board Directors, as well as a group of Council members from a small group of the Colleges for input to produce a final agreed upon list.

Outcomes: The project will provide the following:

- 1. A final list of competencies including clear definitions with behavioral examples for each.
- 2. A competency assessment grid with suggestions for assessments that could be undertaken to assess each competency.

Costs: \$55,000 - \$65,000

Health Professions Regulators Ontario (HPRO)

The College has been working in conjunction with HPRO in order to obtain funding and broad support among the Colleges. Unfortunately, HPRO is slow to respond and is focusing on other more "topical" areas. It is unclear if a decision may be made to support this initiative and when such a decision may be forthcoming.

Other Colleges

In the interim, several other Colleges have expressed an interest in participating in this project and being part of a small team of Registrars/CEOs to oversee the project. This includes providing financial support for the project if we undertake it outside of the HPRO framework.

Next Steps

If Council approves the funding, the CEO will reach out directly to the Registrars/CEOs of the other 25 health regulatory Colleges to seek support for the project. Participating Colleges would be asked to agree to fund the project equally among participating Colleges. Of course, the College would pay its share of the project.

Subsequently, the CEO will coordinate activities with TDC, including funding the project as needed and invoice the Colleges for their portion of the costs.

ANALYSIS

<u>Risk Assessment</u> – The risk assessment is based on the document *Understanding the Risk Analysis Terminology*, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those risks that have been identified will be addressed.

- Operational risk:
 - People Operationally, people risk relates to the education, experience and skills of individuals who run an organization. The Council and its Committees make many regulatory decisions, set the direction for the organization and provide a critical oversight function. Having the right people on the Council and its Committees means having individuals who have the competence to fulfill the roles. That is what the outcome of this project will be.
 - Process Once a competency framework is developed, a process for assessing competencies will be required. This project will provide the framework and recommendations on how to accomplish that assessment.
- Strategic risk:
 - Political Politically, the College is subject to the oversight of the Ministry of Health (MOH). The MOH has operationalized is College Performance Measure Framework which measures the ability of the Colleges to select the right people for the Council and the Committees and is based on transparent criteria. This project will move the College forward in this regard.
 - Reputation Having a clearly articulated set of competencies that are applied fairly, equitably and consistently will improve the reputation of this and all Colleges if adopted across the group. By ensuring the people at the Board table have the necessary skills, the College is better equipped to fulfill its role,

<u>Privacy Considerations</u> – There are no privacy considerations.

<u>Transparency</u> – The transparency assessment is based on the document *Understanding the College's Commitment to Transparency*, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those transparency principles that are relevant have been identified and addressed.

- Information to foster trust The fact that the College and HPRO are undertaking initiatives in this area should foster greater trust in the College. Once completed and implemented, the trust levels should improve further as the College can be clear that it has the right people on the Board and committee tables to do the job.
- Consistent approaches Whether it is through HPRO or this College, the intent is to work towards a single set of Council competencies that are applied consistently across all of the Colleges.

<u>Financial Impact</u> – As noted above, the full costs of the project, if funded by this College, would be a maximum of \$65,000. It is anticipated that the actual amount would be lower as other Colleges are expected to want to be a part of this initiative.

<u>Public Interest</u> – The public interest assessment is based on the document <u>Understanding the Public Interest</u>, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those relevant factors have been identified and addressed.

 The public interest is served by good governance of the Colleges. Good governance is accomplished, in part, based on the competencies of the individuals who sit on the Council. It is impossible to recruit individuals with the correct skills if we have not articulated what those skills are.

RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that the Council approve an expenditure of up to \$65,000, with the intent of obtaining financial support from other Colleges, in the event that HPRO cannot fund this project.

Andrew Parr, CAE Chief Executive Officer May 2021

BRIEFING NOTE Committee Appointments

The Council is asked to appoint volunteers to the Statutory and Council

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OUTCOME	Deci	sion				
NATURE OF DECISION		Strate	gic 🗹	Regulatory Processes & Actions		Other
PROCESS:						
Activity:		Present	ation and	discussion.		
Results:		Decision	n on appo	intments		
Overall Timir	ng:	25 minu	ıtes			
Steps/Timing	j :	1.	CEO will p	resent the briefing and	10 m	ninutes
		t	the list of a	appointments.		
		2.	Council au	uestions and discussion.	10 m	ninutes

BACKGROUND:

3.

Motion

DIIDDOSE

The Council has two sets of Committees, the Statutory Committees as set out in the Health Professions Procedural Code and the Council Committees as established in the College's bylaws and the Council Governance Process policies (GP06-Committee Principles).

5 minutes

Committee appointments are made for approximately one year or until the appointments are considered by Council. The last large group of appointments were made in April 2020.

The Council must appoint a variety of individuals to the Committees, including Council members, or in some instances Public members (appointed by the Government) or both, and Public Representatives.

All existing Committee members were asked to consider whether they wish to continue in their current roles, add new ones or change to new Committees, and an on-line form was provided to capture everyone's preferences.

The College also launched a recruitment campaign for new volunteers.

DISCUSSION POINTS:

At the time of preparing this briefing, a number of individuals, including some Council members, had still not provided any information about whether they wish to continue in a volunteer capacity. As a result, a list of proposed appointments will be provided to the Council separately a day or two prior to the meeting date.

The following table summarizes the minimum number of required appointments by Committee to guide the Council's deliberations.

Committee	Council member	Public member	Registrant (Council)	Registrant (non- Council)	Public Reps	Total needed
Statutory Committees						
Discipline/FTP		2	1	Any	Any	5
ICRC	-	1	-	1	Any	3
QAC	-	1	1	1	Any	3
Patient Rels	1	-		1	Any	3
Registration	1	1		1	Any	3
Council (Non-statutory) Committees						
Audit	1	-		1	-	3
Exam Appeals	1	-		1	-	3
Governance	1			1	Any	3
GPRC	1	-		Any	Any	2
Inspection	1			1	Any	3
Standards	1			2	Any	3
SSRC	1			1	Any	5

Having considered the requirements, whether they are set out in the Code or the College bylaws, a number of conclusions can be drawn.

- Public member representation on Statutory Committees is a significant challenge for the College as we need five Public members on Statutory Committees and presently have only five Public members on Council. It is a foregone conclusion that each Public member must be on at least 1 Committee.
- As a corollary, Public members must be appointed first and foremost to the Statutory Committees.
- The Committee requirements establish a need for 14 Council members. There are presently only 13 available for appointment.

Fortunately, while the College has 22 volunteers available to it, of which 15 are NDs. Many of these individuals have been serving for some time and many have also offered to expand their work to meet the needs of the College.

From among the Council members, seven have offered to sit on multiple Committees. This will assist the Council in meeting the minimum requirements set out above.

It should be noted that the College took a decision recently to remove from its website a list of Committee members. This was due to two factors. First, an external communication having been sent to members of one Committee which may have been seen to be attempting to influence those discussions. Second, the College has heard of some volunteers feeling ostracized from other organizations because they volunteer for the College. In the interest of maintaining our volunteer base and protecting our volunteers from any potential harassment, the list will not be made public pursuant to paragraph (d) of section 7(2) of the Code.

Notwithstanding the fact that the list itself will not be released publicly, there is no need for Council to go in camera for these discussions as it is unlikely that the Council will speak to individual appointments other than Council members.

ANALYSIS

<u>Risk Assessment</u> –The risk assessment is based on the document *Understanding the Risk Analysis Terminology*, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those risks that have been identified will be addressed.

- Operational risk:
 - People While another matter before the Council focuses on competencies of those who work for the College, the risk embodied with this item is whether the College has a sufficient number of people to staff up its Committees.
 - External events The College and the profession continue to be impacted by COVID-19 which makes decisions on long term volunteering difficult.
- Strategic risk:
 - Demographics It is assumed based on anecdotal evidence that many of the
 potential volunteers do not participate because of the demographics of the
 profession. The profession is predominantly female and sizeable portion of them are
 at the stage of their life where their focus is also on family.

<u>Privacy Considerations</u> – The briefing is being made public; however, the list of Committee volunteers will not be released publicly to protect the privacy of the volunteers and based on the matter being a personnel matter of the College.

<u>Transparency</u> – The transparency assessment is based on the document *Understanding the College's Commitment to Transparency*, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those transparency principles that are relevant have been identified and addressed.

- Timely, accessible and contextual release of the briefing materials and the discussion of appointments in open Council provides timely information as well as providing it in the context of the issues.
- Balance balancing public protection and accountability against fairness and privacy is a significant consideration behind the decision to not release the names of Committee appointees publicly.

<u>Financial Impact</u> – The financial impact of this item is marginal and only effects the budget in terms of the number of per diems and other expenses paid to volunteers.

<u>Public Interest</u> – The public interest assessment is based on the document <u>Understanding the Public Interest</u>, a copy of which is included in the Information Items of the Consent Agenda. Only those relevant factors have been identified and addressed. The public interest is served by having discussions in public although lists of names is not being released. The public benefits from these appointments as they are primary means through which the regulatory framework can be operationalized.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Council will be asked to appoint a list of individuals, to be provided at a later date closer to the meeting, to the Committees of the College.

Andrew Parr, CAE Chief Executive Officer May 2021

BRIEFING NOTE Educational Briefing - Complaints and Reports Processes

BACKGROUND

The College of Naturopaths of Ontario is established by under the *Naturopathy Act, 2007* and the *Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991*. Its duty, as set out in the legislation is to serve and protect the public interest. Its mandate is to support patients' rights to receive safe, competent, and ethical naturopathic care.

The College achieves its mandate by performing four key functions.

- Registering Safe, Competent, and Ethical Individuals The College establishes requirements to
 enter the practise of the profession, sets and maintains examinations to test individuals against
 these requirements, and register competent, ethical and qualified individuals to practise
 naturopathy in Ontario.
- 2. **Setting Standards** The College sets and maintain standards of practice that guide our Registrants to ensure they provide safe, ethical and competent patient care and guide patients to understand the standard of care that they can expect from a naturopath.
- 3. **Ensuring Continuing Competence** The College creates and manages a variety of continuing education and professional development programs to help assure the provision of safe, competent and ethical naturopathic care.
- 4. **Providing Accountability through Complaints and Discipline** The College holds Ontario naturopaths accountable for their conduct and practice by investigating complaints and concerns and determining appropriate solutions, including disciplining naturopaths who have not upheld the standards.

Some elements of the College's role, such as setting standards and ensuring continuing competence, are proactive insomuch as they attempt to prevent issues from arising by setting minimum standards and ensuring a competent profession. Other elements of the College's role, such as registering individuals and holding naturopaths accountable, are reactive, that is, they are initiated only after an event occurs. The event may be a request to sit an exam or to become registered or a complaint that has been filed against a Registrant.

When we do our job well, we have set rules that ensure safe care that benefits patients; we have registered the right people who are qualified and committed to providing safe, ethical and competent care; we have ensured that our Registrants maintain their knowledge, skill and judgement; and we have held those who may have faltered to be accountable for their decisions and actions.

Other elements that will arise within the regulatory framework include "right touch regulation", using the approach that is best suited to the situation to arrive at the desire income of public protection, and risk-based regulation, focusing regulatory resources on areas that present the greatest risk of harm to the public. Both of these will be further elaborated upon in later briefings.

The focus of this briefing is on the Complaints and Reports program and processes of the College.

Complaints and Reports Program

The Complaints and Reports Program is the primary method by which the College responds to concerns about the practice, conduct or health of a Registrant in instances where they may have failed to meet the standards of the profession. These concerns can be raised by formal complaints, reports filed by regulated health professionals, employers or other organizations or as the result of investigations initiated by the College's CEO. The formal process for investigation of a complaint is outlined in the *Regulated Health Professions Act*, and is further explained below. Each step of the complaints and reports process is designed to ensure fairness to both the person filing the complaint, and the ND named in the complaint. Although the College investigates all complaints received, the RHPA does permit the ICRC to take no action if it considers it to be frivolous, vexations, made in bad faith, moot or otherwise an abuse of power.

The Inquiries, Complaints and Reports Committee is responsible for overseeing the investigation of inquiries, concerns or reports regarding the conduct and/or competence of Registrants. An investigation may include appointing formal investigators to obtain records, interviewing parties or witnesses, collecting any relevant documentation.

The Inquiries, Complaints and Reports Committee is composed of Naturopathic Doctors, appointed public members and representatives of the public. The Committee works in panels of no less than three people, one of which must be a public member.

A panel of the ICRC, after investigating a complaint or report, may do any one or more of the following:

- Take no action if the conduct and/or actions meet reasonable and acceptable standards of practice, or if there is insufficient information for the Committee to take action.
- Provide advice, guidance and recommendations to the Registrant.
- Require the Registrant to complete a specified continuing education or remediation program (SCERP).
- Require the Registrant to appear before a panel to be cautioned about his/her practice or conduct.
- Refer the matter to the Discipline Committee to hear specified allegations of professional misconduct or incompetence.
- Refer the Registrant to another panel of the ICR Committee for investigation of possible mental or physical health concerns that might interfere with the Registrant's ability to practise.

The ICRC does not have the authority to order monetary compensation, process anonymous complaints or investigate complaints about health care providers other than Ontario NDs.

Complaint Process

Given the importance of the Complaints Program to the College's mandate and to the Registrants against whom allegations may be made, the Complaints Process can be complex and depending on the nature and complexity can take a great deal of time. The *Regulated Health Professions Act* requires that investigations of complaint be completed within 150 days of it being filed with the College. Should more time be necessary the College is required to send a notification to the Health Professions Appeal and Review Board, as well as both the complainant and Registrant, every 30 days explaining the reason for the delay and the anticipated date of completion.

The Complaints and Reports process begins when the College receives information that a Registrant has committed acts of professional misconduct and/or incompetence. This can be in the form of a formal complaint, which can be filed at any time and by any person including but not limited to: patients, other health professionals, Registrants or any member of the public. All complaints must be submitted to the College in writing or recorded in video or audio format. Complaints shouldinclude:

- The name of the naturopathic doctor.
- The Complainants name and contact information.
- Details of the problem or concern, including specific places, dates and issues that occurred, etc.)
- The names of other individuals or witnesses who may be able to provide the College with more information.
- Any other information that may help the ICRC process the complaint.

Outside of a formal complaint sometimes information is brought to the attention of the College from a variety of other sources. This information might include a criminal case being reported in the newspaper or information provided by an employer or insurance company who may choose not to file a formal complaint or go through the complaints process. In these situations the CEO will consider the information and College staff will verify the information if possible. If there are reasonable and probable grounds to believe that a Registrant has committed acts of professional misconduct or is incompetent and the CEO determines that action is needed, with the approval of the ICRC, the CEO may appoint an investigator to look into the matter and file a Report with the ICRC.

The following is a general outline of the stages of a Complaint/Report process. As a part of its transparency initiatives, the College publishes anonymized summaries of outstanding complaint and report investigations on its website.

Stage 1: Notice of Complaint/Report

Within 14 days of receipt of a complaint or a report, the College issues a notice of complaint/report and provides a copy to the Registrant in question. The Registrant may make a written submission to the ICRC within 30 days of the date of the notice.

Stage 2: Additional comments from complainant (Complaints ONLY)

The Registrant's response is provided to the complainant who may provide comment. Should new information or allegations be raised in the response, the information will again be provided to the Registrant for comment.

Stage 2a: Interim Order

In extreme situations after receiving a complaint or appointing an investigator, a Panel of the ICRC may make an interim order to suspend or impose terms, conditions or limitations on a Registrant's certificate of registration if it believes that the Registrant's conduct is likely to expose patients to harm or injury. If an interim order is being contemplated, the Registrant will typically receive notice about the intention to impose and interim order and provided an opportunity to respond. In certain circumstance, a Panel of the ICRC may impose an interim order without notice where it believes that urgent intervention is required. Where an interim order is made, the information is posted on the public register.

Stage 3: Review by ICRC

Once all documentation and relevant information has been collected from the parties and possible witnesses, the matter is reviewed by a panel of the ICRC. The Panel conducts a thorough review of the information and considers whether there are any additional documents that should be obtained or any other witnesses who should be approached and interviewed.

Stage 3a. Expert Opinion

Where standards of practice within the profession are an issue, the Panel may retain a knowledgeable member of the profession to provide an expert opinion. Similarly, experts in document analysis, DNA, mental health or other disciplines may be required in some cases.

Stage 3b: Formal Investigation (Complaints ONLY)

In some circumstances the Panel may request that the CEO appoint a formal investigator, who has the power to:

- Enter the Registrant's place of practice and examine records or equipment and, where necessary, copy or remove them;
- Summons witnesses or documents; and
- Obtain a search warrant.

Stage 4: Decisions and Reasons

Once the investigation is completed the ICRC deliberated on the potential outcomes of the complaint/report. A written decision and the reasons for the decision are provided to both the complainant and the Registrant except where the matter has been referred to the Discipline Committee or to another panel of the ICRC to conduct health inquiries.

Stage 5: Implementation of the Outcomes

The College monitors compliance with all ICRC outcomes. If a Registrant fails to comply with a decision of the ICRC, the CEO of the College, with the approval of the ICRC may appoint an investigator to inquire into the Registrant's actions and the reasons for non-compliance.

Decisions

As noted above a panel of the ICRC, after investigating a complaint or report, may do any one or more of the following:

Take no action

if the conduct and/or actions meet reasonable and acceptable standards of practice, or if there is insufficient information to support the allegations, the Committee may decide to take no action.

Issue a Letter of Counsel

A Letter of Counsel if a communication of the ICRC's expectations for corrective action on behalf of the Registrant, and may include advice, guidance and recommendations to review particular standards or publications.

Oral Cautions

An Oral Caution requires the Registrant to appear before a panel of the ICRC to be cautioned about their practice or conduct. The RHPA requires the details of all Oral Cautions to be listed on the Public Register.

Specified Continuing Education or Remediation Program (SCERP)

A SCERP requires the Registrant to successfully complete an educational or remediation program specified by the ICRC. SCERPS may include educational training, self-directed learning, inspections and or assessments. The RHPA requires the details of all SCERPs to be listed on the Public Register.

Discipline Committee Referrals

Where the allegations are sufficiently serious and information exists to support the allegations, a Panel of the ICRC may refer the matter to the Discipline Committee to hear specified allegations of professional misconduct or incompetence. All referrals to the Discipline Committee including the Specified Allegations are listed on the Scheduled Hearings page of College's website and posted on the Public Register.

Health Inquiry Referrals

Where a penal of the ICRC investigating a complaint or report believes that the Registrant may have a physical or mental condition which prevents them from providing safe, ethical and competent care, they may refer the matter to another panel of the ICRC for investigation of possible mental or physical health concerns that might interfere with their ability to practise. The Health Inquiry Panel may require an independent medical examination of the Registrant. If the Registrant is considered to be incapacitated, the panel may refer the matter to the Fitness to Practice Committee who may suspend, attach specific limitations or revoke a certificate of registration. Information about incapacity proceedings and decisions regarding a Registrant's capacity are not published publicly. However, if their ability to practice has been restricted, that information is made available on the public register.

Reviews by HPARB

Either the complainant or Registrant may request any of the decisions, except for a Referral to the Discipline or Fitness to Practice Committee, be reviewed by the Health Professions Appeal and Review Board (HPARB). The Board is an independent body established by the provincial government and is made up on non health care professionals. Following a review HPARB may:

- Confirm the Committee's decision;
- Refer the matter back to the Committee;
- Require the Committee to take a specific action;
- Make recommendations to the Committee.

Importance of this Program

The College's Complaints and Report program is a critical aspect of self-regulation and maintaining the trust of the public. It can be a lengthy and costly process as each complaint and report is thoroughly investigated, reviewed, and considered. Each matter is unique and as such there is complexity in the administration of the ICRC's functions.

The Complaints and Reports Program is the primary method by which the College responds to concerns about the practice, conduct or health of a Registrant in instances where they may have failed to meet the standards of the profession and ensures that Registrants provide safe, competent and ethical care.

Respectfully submitted,

Jeremy Quesnelle Deputy CEO

May 2021

BRIEFING NOTE Educational Briefing - Discipline Processes

BACKGROUND

The College of Naturopaths of Ontario is established by under the Naturopathy Act, 2007 and the Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991. Its duty, as set out in the legislation is to serve and protect the public interest. Its mandate is to support patients' rights to receive safe, competent, and ethical naturopathic care.

The College achieves its mandate by performing four key functions.

- Registering Safe, Competent, and Ethical Individuals The College establishes requirements to
 enter the practise of the profession, sets and maintains examinations to test individuals against
 these requirements, and register competent, ethical and qualified individuals to practise
 naturopathy in Ontario.
- 2. **Setting Standards** The College sets and maintain standards of practice that guide our Registrants to ensure they provide safe, ethical and competent patient care and guide patients to understand the standard of care that they can expect from a naturopath.
- 3. **Ensuring Continuing Competence** The College creates and manages a variety of continuing education and professional development programs to help assure the provision of safe, competent and ethical naturopathic care.
- 4. **Providing Accountability through Complaints and Discipline** The College holds Ontario naturopaths accountable for their conduct and practise by investigating complaints and concerns and determining appropriate solutions, including disciplining naturopaths who have not upheld the standards.

Some elements of the College's role, such as setting standards and ensuring continuing competence, are proactive insomuch as they attempt to prevent issues from arising by setting minimum standards and ensuring a competent profession. Other elements of the College's role, such as registering individuals and holding naturopaths accountable, are reactive, that is, they are initiated only after an event occurs. The event may be a request to sit an exam or to become registered or a complaint that has been filed against a Registrant.

When we do our job well, we have set rules that ensure safe care that benefits patients; we have registered the right people who are qualified and committed to providing safe, ethical and competent care; we have ensured that our Registrants maintain their knowledge, skill and judgement; and we have held those who may have faltered to be accountable for their decisions and actions.

Other elements that will arise within the regulatory framework include "right touch regulation", using the approach that is best suited to the situation to arrive at the desire income of public protection, and risk-based regulation, focusing regulatory resources on areas that present the greatest risk of harm to the public. Both of these will be further elaborated upon in later briefings.

The focus of this briefing is on the discipline program and processes of the College. It is presented as a natural follow on the Complaints and Reports program and processes.

Discipline Program

The Discipline Program is the primary vehicle through which the College holds Registrants accountable for their conduct and competence. The Discipline Program involves a minimum of three parties.

- 1. The College of Naturopaths of Ontario as the regulatory authority, the College has the responsibility to set out specific allegations against a Registrant and to present the evidence in support of those allegations as part of its prosecution of the Registrant. The College is represented by the Chief Executive Officer and by General Council of the College. "The prosecution."
- 2. One (or more) Registrants of the College as the individuals who are regulated, Registrants are a party to the Discipline Program as they have the right to defend themselves against the allegations set out by the College. The Registrants are typically (though not always) represented by Legal Counsel and together, they are "The defence."
- 3. Discipline Committee (a Panel thereof) the Discipline Committee of the College is independent of the College (although many Council members will sit on the Committee). It will be made up of a minimum of three and a maximum of five individuals, two of which must be Public members (individuals appointed to the Council by the Government), and one of which must be a Professional member from the Council. The remaining two individuals may be any of Public members, professional members of the College (Registrants) or Public Representatives appointed by the Council as set out in the by-laws. The Panel is "The Jury."

Notwithstanding the imagery evoked by the terms "Prosecution", "Defence" and "Jury", the matter is not a criminal proceeding but rather, a civil one. In a disciplinary matter brought before a panel of the Discipline Committee, the College is responsible for presenting sufficient evidence to "prove" its case. The burden of proof is "on the balance of probabilities", that is, having weighed the evidence, that the Registrant is more likely than not to have committee acts of professional misconduct or demonstrated incompetence. This is different than a criminal matter where the burden of proof is "beyond a reasonable doubt".

A discipline hearing is conducted in a formal quasi-judicial setting in the College's Council Chamber (or virtually) with all parties present. Evidence is presented under oath and witnesses are called before the Panel and subject to examination and cross-examination.

If the "prosecution" can prove the allegations, the Panel of the Discipline Committee will make a finding of either professional misconduct or incompetence, or both. The Panel will issue a decision and reasons for that decision and they will set out a penalty in the form of an order from the Panel. The Panel may order any one or more of the following as part of its penalty:

- a reprimand;
- impose restrictions on the Registrant's registration, called terms, conditions or limitations;
- require the Registrant to complete a specified education and remediation program;
- suspend the Registrant's Certificate of Registration for a period of time;
- revoke a Registrant's Certificate of Registration.

In addition to the penalty that can be imposed by the Panel, the Panel may also impose "costs" on the Registrant, that is, the Panel can order that the Registrant reimburse the College for part of its costs of the investigation, its legal costs and hearing costs. Where a finding of professional misconduct has been made that relates to sexual abuse, the Panel can also order the member to reimburse the College for funding provided to patients for counseling in sexual abuse.

Both the Registrant and the College have the right to appeal a Discipline Committee decision to the Superior Court of Justice.

Discipline Process

Given the importance of the Discipline Program to the College's mandate and to the Registrants against whom allegations may be made, the Discipline Process is quite complex and can take a great deal of time. Due process requires that the Registrant have sufficient time to mount a defence of the allegations while the College has an obligation to both the public and the Registrant to ensure that the process is timely.

The discipline process begins when the Inquiries, Complaints and Reports Committee (ICRC) refers specified allegations of professional misconduct and/or incompetence to the Discipline Committee for a hearing. The ICRC will make such a referral only after they have completed a fulsome investigation into either a complaint filed against a Registrant or an inquiry initiated by the CEO. The ICRC will have considered, among other things, the public interest, the risk of harm posed to the public and the likelihood of success within the discipline program. The ICRC is required to be very specific in the allegations referred to the Discipline Committee and once made, additional allegations cannot be raised as part of the discipline program.

The following is a general outline of the stages of a disciplinary matter involving a Registrant of the College. As a part of its transparency initiatives, the College ensures that the public is aware of the status of each matter being brought before the Discipline Committee.

Stage 1: Notice of Hearing and Disclosure

Legal Counsel for the College will, based on the referral of the specified allegations, draft the Notice of Hearing. Once signed by the CEO, the Notice of Hearing, Rules of Procedure of the Discipline Committee, and the Disclosure (which is all of the information the College has that is relevant to the allegations) will be sent to the Registrant or the Registrant's Legal Counsel, if one is appointed.

Stage 2: CEO and Legal Review

The CEO of the College is purposefully not directly involved in matters under investigation by the ICRC. This ensures that when a matter is referred by the ICRC to the Discipline Committee, the CEO who is responsible, along with Legal Counsel, for taking the matter before the Discipline Committee does so with a fresh look and without any potential bias.

In this stage, the CEO and Legal Counsel will review the allegations, the evidence in support of the allegations, witness statements and expert opinions to determine how the College wishes to proceed with the Discipline Hearing.

Also in this stage, Legal Counsel will prepare a memorandum to the CEO setting out the range of penalties that might be imposed in the matter and the case law from other regulatory authorities that support the range of penalties. Legal Council will also begin drafting an Agreed Statement of Fact (ASF) and Joint Submission on Penalty (JSP) for use later in the process.

Stage 3: Pre-Hearing Conference (PHC)

In accordance with the Rules of Procedure of the Discipline Committee, a Pre-hearing Conference (PHC) is held. The PHC is chaired by an independent person familiar with discipline proceedings before regulatory bodies.

At the PHC, the College presents an overview of its case and the Registrant or their Legal Counsel presents their defence. The PHC Chair will review the evidence and advise the parties about the strengths of their cases and areas where they may be weak. The Chair will also, based on their experience in discipline matters, provide the parties with advice as to whether the case might lead to a finding against the Registrant.

The parties also often engage in discussions surrounding whether a settlement is possible. A settlement occurs when the Registrant agrees to some or all of the allegations against them and when both the College and the Registrant can agree on a penalty. A settlement is seen as serving the public interest as it will result in an admission by the Registrant, an agreement on penalty and remediation and potentially limits on the Registrant's practice, either temporary or permanent.

Legal counsel for the College will present to the PHC Chair and the Registrant a draft Agreed Statement of Facts (ASF) and Joint Submission on Penalty (JSP) at the PHC in an attempt to facilitate settlement.

Stage 4: Setting a Hearing Date

Following the PHC and based on the outcome of on-going settlement discussions, both parties will ask the Chair of the Discipline Committee to appoint a panel to hear the matter and to set the date(s) for a hearing.

Although the Notice of Hearing is publicly released and the referral information about the matter are both posted to the College's website, the Discipline Committee has not yet been involved while the preliminary stages are completed.

The Discipline Committee Chair will canvass members of the Committee to ensure that no one who has a conflict of interest with the Registrants against whom the allegations are made is potentially appointed to the Panel. The Chair will then appoint a Panel as well as a Panel Chair.

Stage 5: The Hearing

At this stage, the panel appointed by the Chair of the Discipline Committee will be convened for one or more days during which they will be presented with evidence in support of the allegations by the College and with the defense case for the Registrant. A hearing has the following components:

- a. Presentation of the case by the College and the defense by the Registrant.
- b. Verbal decision and reasons on the allegations by the panel.
- c. If a finding of professional misconduct or incompetence is made, submissions by the College and Registrant on penalty.
- d. Verbal decision and reasons on penalty.
- e. Submissions on costs by the College and Registrant.

In an uncontested, single day hearing the College and the Registrant present the ASF, the fact relating to the allegations against the Registrant as well as a JSP on penalty and proposed costs. More information about the settlement process is provided below.

In a contested hearing, the panel typically issues initial verbal decisions. If a finding of professional misconduct or incompetence is made, the panel will ideally proceed as soon as time permits to hear submissions on penalty. If the College is also seeking costs, these submissions will occur after the

submissions on penalty as costs are not part of the penalty. After hearing these submissions, the panel will usually (although not in every case) issue a verbal decision on penalty and, if applicable, costs.

Stage 6: Decision and Reasons

After the hearing has concluded, the Panel will draft the written Decision and Reasons. This document, once finalized, is formally issued by the Panel to the College, the Registrant and the Complainant (if applicable) and is also released publicly by the College on its website and through The Canadian Legal Information Institute (CanLII), a subsidiary of the Federation of Law Societies of Canada.

If either the Registrant or the College does not agree with the Decision and Reasons as issued by the Discipline Panel, either may appeal the outcome to the Superior Court of Justice for Ontario.

Stage 7: Implementation

If the Panel finds that the Registrant had committed acts of professional misconduct or incompetence, and imposes a penalty, and assuming there is no appeal of the Decision and Reasons, the College will implement any penalty imposed by the Panel.

The penalty, which must be completed within a set period of time, typically includes one or more of the following:

- Revocation of their certificate of registration or a suspension from practising the profession for a period of time;
- A reprimand of the Member by the Panel;
- Applying a term, condition or limitation on the Member's certificate of registration which may include the following;
 - Taking one or more continuing education courses related to matters relevant to the findings against the Member;
 - One or more meetings with Experts in areas of the practice of the profession related to the findings against the Member;
 - One or more meetings with Experts in regulation;
 - One or more inspections on the Member's practice and files to review matters related to the findings against the Member;
- A fine of not more than \$35,000 payable to the Minister of Finance.

Reaching a Settlement

There are a number of reasons why one or both parties to a hearing may wish to reach a settlement, some of which are:

- Witnesses to the matter, including patients, may decide they no longer wish to testify;
- Information received during the process may bring doubt upon the credibility of a witness;
- Expert testimony may not be as strong as initially anticipated or new information brings the credibility of the Expert themselves into question;
- The costs of proceeding to a full hearing outweigh the potential benefits for either side in terms of likely outcomes.

The parties can reach a settlement at any time before or even during a hearing; however, the closer the settlement occurs to the start of a contested hearing the more likely the College is to be seeking higher costs (as the costs to the College have increased).

An offer to settle the matter is typically made either just prior, during or immediately following the Pre-Hearing Conference. The College will often make an initial offer to the Registrant and their legal counsel Council Meeting - May 26, 2021 Page 227 of 232 by drafting an Agreed Statement of Facts (ASF) and a draft Joint Statement on Penalty and Costs (JSOC). In most circumstances, a negotiation follows these offers where either side indicates its willingness to agree to or withdraw allegations, agree to penalties and agree to costs for the process.

Allegations- allegations may be withdrawn because the College does not have sufficient evidence (witnesses, experts, documentation) to obtain a finding from a Panel of the Discipline Committee or the allegation is not crucial to the overall matter at hand.

Penalties – penalty discussions are always based on the case law from other regulatory bodies in matters that are similar. It is highly improbable that another case exists that exactly matches the matter before the Discipline Committee; however, through a series of similar cases, a range of penalties can typically be derived. If both sides can agree on the range and the seriousness of the case to be brought before a panel, then the likelihood of agreeing on penalty is increased.

In any penalty discussion, the College is considering four principles. First, specific deterrence to ensure that the Registrant does not repeat the allegations to which they are agreeing. Second, general deterrence to provide information to the profession on the whole as to what happens when regulations and standards are breached. Third, the ability to remediate the Registrant through education and training to improve compliance and outcomes in the future. Fourth, whether the penalty will allow the public to have confidence in the ability of the College to regulate its Registrants in the public interest. The College will also consider aggravating and mitigating factors, that is, factors that affect the decision including the parties involved, the circumstances of the matter, agreeing to settle among many others.

Costs – while the courts have made several rulings on the validity of cost awards (up to 66% of the costs of a contested hearing, provided the costs have been well documented and are reasonable), cost discussions in an uncontested matter are detailed. The College documents all of its costs throughout the process; however, when making an "offer" as to the costs, some costs have to be estimated on how long the settlement discussions will take and how close to or into an actual hearing the process will go. Once again, costs are considered in the context of other rulings by regulatory bodies; however, the range is usually more broad and dependent on the organization involved. The CEO will also consider facts presented, in good faith, by the Registrant, in particular when it involves potential hardship imposed on the Registrant.

Any settlement must be acceptable to the Panel of the Discipline Committee. Again, the courts have consistently ruled that panels must accept any joint proposal on penalty unless the panel can reasonably conclude that the penalty is beyond the range for such cases, either too harsh or too lenient and that the settlement will undermine public confidence in the regulatory body and process. Not included among the reasons for rejecting a joint proposal on penalty is that a panel simply does not like or agree with the penalty itself.

Importance of this Program

The importance of the Discipline Program and related processes cannot be overstated. It is a critical aspect of self-regulation and maintaining the trust of the public. It can be a very lengthy process as it requires a great deal of careful thought on the part of all three (or more) parties.

It is the role of the College to proceed on these matters and to do so with the intent to serve and protect the public interest. There is no satisfaction derived from successfully prosecuting a Registrant just as there is no embarrassment of not being successful. The College's role is to present the evidence that is available to it. The Panel's role is to weigh that evidence and the credibility of witnesses and experts and to render a decision.

Respectfully submitted,

Andrew Parr, CAE CEO

May 2021

Materials Redacted

Page redacted pursuant to paragraph (2) of section 7(2) of the Health Professions Procedural Code. The materials include personnel related materials that are personal information to the individual to whom they pertain.

The Council will be moving to an in camera session to discuss these materials pursuant to paragraph (2) of section 7(2) of the Health Professions Procedural Code

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Council Meeting May 26, 2021

Teleconference APPROVED MINUTES

Council		
Present		Regrets
Ms. Asifa Baig (1:1)		
Dr. Jonathan Beatty, ND (1:1)		
Dr. Kim Bretz, ND (1:1)		
Dr. Shelley Burns, ND (1:1)		
Mr. Dean Catherwood (1:1)		
Mr. Brook Dyson (1:1)		
Ms. Lisa Fenton (1:1)		
Dr. Brenda Lessard-Rhead, ND (Inactive) (1:1)		
Dr. Jennifer Lococo, ND (1:1)		
Ms. Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine (1:1)		
Dr. Jacob Scheer, ND (1:1)		
Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND (1:1)		
Or. George Tardik, ND (1:1)		
Staff Support		
Mr. Andrew Parr, CAE, CEO		
Ms. Erica Laugalys, Director, Registration & Examinations		
Dr. Mary-Ellen McKenna, ND (Inactive), Manager, Professional Practice		
Mr. Jeremy Quesnelle, Deputy CEO		
Ms. Natalia Vasilyeva, Manager, Professional Conduct		
Ms. Monika Zingaro, Administrative Assistant Operations		
Guests		

Ms. Rebecca Durcan, Legal Counsel	
Dr. Sean Armstrong, ND, Inspection Committee Chair	

1. Call to Order and Welcome

The Chair, Dr. Kim Bretz, ND, called the meeting to order at 9:02 a.m. She welcomed everyone to the meeting and recognized newly re-elected Council member Dr. Shelley Burns, ND, District 2, and newly elected Council members Dr. Jennifer Lococo, ND, District 4 and Dr. Jonathan Beatty, ND, District 6 to their first meeting. In addition, she congratulated the newly reappointment Public members Ms. Asifa Baig, Ms. Lisa Fenton, and Ms. Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine for their three-year term extensions.

The Chair also noted that the meeting was being live streamed via YouTube to the College's website. As a result, any observers were directed to that feed as opposed to logging into the Zoom meeting.

2. Executive Committee Elections

2.01 Council Chair

Upon the submission deadline for nominations, only one nomination was received, Dr. Kim Bretz, ND. Therefore, by acclamation she has been elected to the position of Council Chair.

2.02 Council Vice-Chair

Upon the submission deadline for nominations, only one nomination was received, Ms. Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine. Therefore, by acclamation she has been elected to the position of Council Vice-Chair.

2.03 Officer-at-Large Public member

Upon the submission deadline for nominations, only one nomination was received, Mr. Dean Catherwood. Therefore, by acclamation he has been elected to the position of Officer-at-Large Public member.

2.04 Officers-at-Large Professional members

Upon the submission deadline for nominations, only two nominations were received, Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND, and Dr. George Tardik, ND. Therefore, by acclamation they have been elected to the positions of Officer-at-Large Professional members.

3. Consent Agenda

3.01 Review of Consent Agenda

The Consent Agenda was circulated to members of Council in advance of the meeting. The Chair asked if there were any items to move to the main agenda for discussion. There were none.

MOTION:	To approve the Consent Agenda as presented.
MOVED:	George Tardik
SECOND:	Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine
CARRIED.	

4. Main Agenda

4.01 Review of the Main Agenda

A draft of the Main Agenda, along with the documentation in support of the meeting had been circulated in advance of the meeting. The Chair asked if there were any items to be added to the agenda. There were none.

MOTION:	To approve the Main Agenda as presented.
MOVED:	Jordan Sokoloski
SECOND:	George Tardik
CARRIED.	

4.02 Declarations of Conflicts of Interest

The Chair reminded the Council members of the updated Declarations of Conflict-of-Interest process. A summary of the Annual Conflict of Interest Questionnaires completed by Council members has been included to increase transparency and accountability initiatives, and to align with the College Performance Measure Framework Report (CPMF) launched by the Ministry of Health.

The Chair reminded Council there are a few forms that are still required to be completed and submitted to College staff as soon as possible.

5. Monitoring Reports

5.01 Report of the Council Chair

The Report of the Council Chair was circulated in advance of the meeting. The Chair reviewed the report briefly with Council. She welcomed and responded to questions from the Council.

MOTION:	To accept the Report of the Council Chair as presented.
MOVED:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
SECOND:	Jacob Scheer
CARRIED.	

5.02 Report on Regulatory Operations from the CEO

The Report on Regulatory Operations from the CEO was circulated in advance of the meeting. Mr. Andrew Parr, CEO, provided a detailed overview of the information enclosed in the report. He advised this report's timelines have been generated to align with the CPMF cycle and responded to questions that arose during the discussion that followed.

MOTION:	To accept the Report on Regulatory Operations from the CEO.
MOVED:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
SECOND:	Dean Catherwood
CARRIED.	

5.03 Variance Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for Q4

A Variance Report and the Unaudited Financial statements ending March 31, 2021 (Q4) were included in the materials circulated in advance of the meeting. Ms. Agnes Kupny, Director of Operations, provided a review of the Variance Report and the Unaudited Statements and highlighted the changes in the report from the previous quarters. She responded to questions that arose during the discussion that followed.

MOTION:	To accept the Variance Report and Unaudited Financial statements for the fourth quarter as presented.
MOVED:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
SECOND:	Brook Dyson
CARRIED.	

6. Council Governance Policy Confirmation

6.01 Review/Issues Arising

6.01(i) Detailed Review - Council-Registrar Linkage Policies

Council members were asked if they had any questions or matters to note with respect to the Governance Process policies based on the reports received. No issues were noted at this time.

6.01(ii) Executive Limitations Policies

Council members were asked if they had any questions or matters to note with respect to the Executive Limitations policies based on the reports received. No issues were noted at this time.

6.01(iii) Ends Policies

Council members were asked if they had any questions or matters to note with respect to the Ends policies based on the reports received. No issues were noted at this time.

6.02 Detailed Review (as per GP08) – Governance Process Policies (Part 2)

Council members were asked if there were any members who wished to discuss the Governance Process Policies (Part 2). Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND, provided a detailed overview of the amendments being presented as outlined in the Memorandum included within the Council's package and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

MOTION:	To accept the recommendations of the Governance Policy Review Committee.
MOVED:	Shelley Burns
SECOND:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
CARRIED.	

6.03 Proposed New/Amended Policies from GPRC - GP 28.00

Dr. Jordan Sokoloski, ND, provided a detailed overview of the newly drafted policy included within the Council's package to help further the College's transparency initiatives and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

In addition, Mr. Parr advised the Council members a similar Operational Policy has been created for College staff members.

MOTION:	To approve the newly drafted Governance Policy GP28.00 – Registering Gifts, Benefits & Remuneration as presented.
MOVED:	Jacob Scheer
SECOND:	George Tardik
CARRIED.	

7. Business

7.01 Inspection Program Fees

The Council Chair welcomed Dr. Sean Armstrong, ND, Inspection Committee Chair, and Dr. Mary-Ellen McKenna, ND (Inactive), Manager of Professional Practice, to the meeting and invited them to present their Agenda items.

A Briefing Note highlighting the proposed changes to the Inspection Fees was circulated in advance of the meeting. Dr. Sean Armstrong, ND, provided a detailed overview of the amendments, for instances, reducing the 5-year inspection fee from \$2,500 to \$2,000 and combining the Part I and Part II fees together payable prior to the first inspection in the amount of \$2,500.

They responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

MOTION:	To approve the proposed changes to the Inspection Fees as presented.
MOVED:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
SECOND:	Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine
CARRIED.	

7.02 Inspection Program Requirements

A Briefing Note and corresponding documentation highlighting the proposed changes to the Inspection Program Requirements were circulated in advance of the meeting. Dr. Sean Armstrong, ND, provided a detailed overview of the amendments and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

MOTION:	To approve the proposed changes to the Inspection Program Requirements as presented, subject to an Inspection Committee's review of non-substantive grammatical and/or typographical changes.
MOVED:	Dean Catherwood
SECOND:	Jordan Sokoloski
CARRIED.	

7.03 Inspection Program Policies

A Briefing Note and corresponding documentation highlighting the proposed changes to the Inspection Program Policies were circulated in advance of the meeting. Dr. Armstrong, ND, provided a detailed overview of the amendments and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

MOTION:	To approve the proposed changes to the Inspection Program Policies as presented.
MOVED:	Jonathan Beatty
SECOND:	Shelley Burns
CARRIED.	

The Council Chair thanked Dr. Sean Armstrong, ND, Inspection Committee Chair, and Dr. Mary-Ellen McKenna, ND (Inactive), Manager of Professional Practice, for attending the meeting.

7.04 Alternate Dispute Resolution Program Policies

A Briefing Note and corresponding documentation highlighting the newly drafted Alternate Dispute Resolution (ADR) Program Policies were circulated in advance of the meeting. Mr. Jeremy Quesnelle, Deputy CEO, provided a detailed overview of the Policies and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

He advised the Council members should they approve the Program Policies; College staff will begin to implement the ADR Program on an operational level with newly established Operational Policies and procedures to follow with low-risk matters which meet the criteria as outlined.

In addition, he informed the Council members that those partaking in the ADR Program is voluntarily, should both parties agree, and these matters will be facilitated by a trained third party.

MOTION:	To approve the Alternative Dispute Resolution Program Policies as presented.
MOVED:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
SECOND:	Jacob Scheer
CARRIED.	

7.05 Equity, Diversion, and Inclusion (EDI) Initiatives

A Briefing Note and corresponding documentation presenting possible future initiatives and strategies that can be undertaken by the College to promote EDI within College policies and procedures were circulated in advance of the meeting. Mr. Parr invited the Council members to provide their feedback and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

After a lengthy discussion and a majority consensus, the initial steps to be taken is to form a new EDI Committee that would focus on this topic, and the Council members agreed they would like to have an expert provide further information to expand their understanding and knowledge about this topic at a future Council meeting.

MOTION:	To approve the newly created Terms of Reference for the Equity, Diversion and Inclusion Committee as amended.
MOVED:	Shelley Burns
SECOND:	Jordan Sokoloski
CARRIED.	

7.06 Competency Framework Funding Request

A Briefing Note highlighting the Council's approval to use additional funds to develop a Competency Framework was circulated in advance of the meeting. Mr. Parr provided a detailed overview of the request and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

In addition, he advised the Council members this would be a one-time payment and should other regulatory Colleges in Ontario agree to participate in the development of this Framework, the cost would be divided equally among the amount of participating Colleges.

MOTION:	To approve the request to spend up to \$65,000 in the development of a Competency Framework for Council and its Committees.
MOVED:	Dean Catherwood
SECOND:	Jonathan Beatty
CARRIED.	

7.07 Committee Appointments

A supplemental document was circulated individually in advance of the meeting, as it was not initially included within the meeting package, provided the proposed 2021-2022 fiscal year Committee appointments. Mr. Parr presented the changes to each Committee and responded to any questions that arose.

MOTION:	To approve the Committee appointments as presented.
MOVED:	George Tardik
SECOND:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
CARRIED.	

8. Council Education

8.01 Program Briefing - ICRC

The Council Chair welcomed Ms. Natalia Vasilyeva, Manager of Professional Conduct, to the meeting. A Briefing Note highlighting the Complaints and Reports Processes was circulated in advance of the meeting. Mr. Quesnelle and Ms. Vasilyeva provided a detailed overview of the processes the College follows and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

8.02 Program Briefing - Discipline

A Briefing Note highlighting the Discipline Processes was circulated in advance of the meeting. Mr. Parr and Ms. Vasilyeva provided a detailed overview of the processes the College follows and responded to any questions that arose during the discussion.

The Council Chair thanked Ms. Natalia Vasilyeva, Manager of Professional Conduct, for attending the meeting.

9. In-camera Session (Pursuant to paragraph (d) of section 7(2) of the HPPC) 9.01 Motion to Begin In-camera Session

The Chair called the meeting to move to an in-camera session at 12:12 p.m.

MOTION:	To move to an in-camera session pursuant to paragraph (d) of section 7(2) of the Health Professions Procedural Code as the Council will be discussing personnel matters.
MOVED:	Sarah Griffiths-Savolaine
SECOND:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
CARRIED.	

10. Other Business

The Chair asked if there was any other business to be brought before the meeting ended. There was none.

11. Next Meeting

The Chair noted for the Council that the next regularly scheduled meeting is set for July 28, 2021. In addition, noted a new element to the Council meeting, a quick survey to be completed by all members via the link to be sent by Mr. Parr through e-mail following the meeting.

12. Adjournment

12.01 Motion to Adjourn

The Chair asked for a motion to adjourn the meeting. The meeting adjourned at 12:26 p.m.

MOTION:	To adjourn the meeting.
MOVED:	Brenda Lessard-Rhead
SECOND:	Jonathan Beatty

Recorded by: Monika Zingaro

Administrative Assistant, Operations

May 26, 2021

Approved: July 28, 2021