Revisions to the Inspection Program Requirements for New Premises - Part II Inspections are indicated in the table below as follows:

Deletion Addition

1.0 Physical Requirements

1.1 General

1.1.1 IV drugs/substances are located adjacent to the compounding area, in a low traffic area with controlled, limited access.

1.2 Infection Control

1.2.1 A telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol has been developed and is consistently implemented for use when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments.

1.3 Emergency Measures

- 1.3.1 The AED is fully stocked, the AED pads are not expired, the battery is fully charged, and the unit is fully operational.
- 1.3.2 A crash cart is immediately available and fully stocked.

2.0 Equipment and Supplies

2.1 Maintenance and Cleaning

- 2.1.1 Laminar air flow hood has been certified as recommended by manufacturer.
- 2.1.2 Equipment used for administering IVIT is maintained and inspected regularly for functionality and is recorded in the applicable log.
- 2.1.3 Equipment used for compounding IVIT is maintained and inspected regularly for functionality and is recorded in the applicable log.
- 2.1.4 Cleaning and disinfecting of patient surfaces, equipment, and instruments is recorded in a cleaning log.

2.2 Items Required on the Crash Cart

- 1. Alcohol
- 2. Angiocatheters
- 3. Atropine i.v.
- 4. Calcium chloride and/or Calcium gluconate and/or Calcium glycerophosphate i.v.
- 5. Dextrose 5% (D5W) and 50% i.v.
- 6. Diphenhydramine hydrochloride i.v., i.m.
- 7. Epinephrine hydrochloride i.m.
- 8. Ipratropium bromide
- 9. IV tubing and administration sets
- 10. Magnesium chloride and/or Magnesium sulfate i.v.
- 11. Micropore tape
- 12. Nitroglycerin
- 13. Non-latex gloves
- 14. Non-latex tourniquets
- 15. Oxygen tank with regulator 0-10 L/min with mask or nasal canula
- 16. Pocket mask for cardiopulmonary resuscitation
- 17. Resuscitation bag with O₂ attachment
- 18. Safety engineered needles
- 19. Salbutamol
- 20. Saline bags
- 21. Smelling salts (amyl nitrate) or essential oil (peppermint)
- 22. Syringes

2.3 Equipment and Supplies not on Crash Cart but Readily Available

1. Arm board or other support (e.g. pillow with disposable cover)

- 2. Automated External Defibrillator (AED)
- 3. Basic dressing supplies
- 4. Cold compresses, hot packs
- 5. Cotton balls
- 6. Gauze and bandages
- 7. Lidocaine (topical)
- 8. Natural anxiolytic
- 9. Non-latex blood pressure cuff
- 10. Pulse oximeter
- 11. Scissors
- 12. Snacks (crackers, fruit juices)
- 13. Stethoscope
- 14. Thermometer
- 15. Watch (if no wall clock with second-hand present in the room)

3.0 Drugs and Substances Storage and Inventory and Equipment

- 3.1 Only drugs/substances listed on Tables 2 and 5 of the *General Regulation* are stocked for compounding for and/or administering by IVIT.
- 3.2 Drugs/substances not listed on Tables 2 and 5 of the *General Regulation* may be are stocked if they are being for compounding for and/or administering through by IVIT only when a delegation is in place.
- 4.1.1.5 Only drugs/substances approved for use by the College of Naturopaths of Ontario for IV administration are used.
- 3.3 An IVIT general drug/substance inventory record, which includes expiration dates and lot numbers, is maintained and up to date.
- 3.4 When applicable, IVIT drugs/substances are labelled to indicate the date they were initially punctured seal was broken.
- 3.5 Once a single-use vial has been punctured it must be used within 12 hours.
- 3.6 Once a multi-dose vial has been punctured, it is not used beyond the manufacturer's beyond-use date or 28 days, whichever is shorter.
- 3.7 IVIT drugs/substances are stored according to the manufacturer's recommendations, eg room temperature, refrigerated, away from light.
- 3.8 IVIT drugs/substances requiring refrigeration are properly stored in a dedicated refrigerator dedicated to injectable drugs/substances only. with the temperature check regularly (eg. use of a thermometer that registers maximum and minimum temperatures and has a visual readout externally).
- 3.9 A refrigerator temperature log is maintained and up to date.
- 3.10 Expired or contaminated drugs, substances and equipment are labelled and stored separately from current products, to ensure they are not used and are discarded appropriately before being properly discarded. (May use the Ontario Medications Return Program)
- 4.1.1.6 Drugs/substances appropriate for paediatric administration are available if applicable.
- 4.1.1.7 Drugs/substances are labeled in accordance with CONO's General Regulation and Standard of Practice for Compounding.

4.0 Observation of Compounding IV Bag

4.1 Compounding IV Bags

- 4.1.1 Laminar air flow hood (LAFH) has been turned on at least 30 minutes prior to use.
- 4.1.2 LAFH is cleaned with sterile 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non-shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes before and after use.
- 4.1.3 It is Verify that the proper IVIT prescription formula (whether compounded on site or by a compounding pharmacy) is being prepared for and the intended patient.
- 4.1.4 Calculate osmolarity before compounding.
- 7.1.5 Proper infection controls and prevention of contamination procedures are followed when working under the laminar airflow hood.
- 4.1.5 Bottles are All needed bags, vials and containers are collected and checked for:

- beyond use expiry date, to ensure it is current,
- proper concentration,
- leaks,
- defects that could compromise sterility, and
- contamination, abnormal appearance cloudiness, colour, precipitate.
- 4.1.6 All packages are checked to All needed compounding equipment is collected, checked for the expiration date where applicable and ensured it is new and not previously opened.
- 4.1.7 The person performing the compounding under the laminar airflow hood washes their hands follows proper hand hygiene with a suitable antimicrobial at the beginning, and when re-entering the aseptic preparation area before donning gloves to compound under the laminar air flow hood in accordance with PIDAC Infection Prevention and Control for Clinical Office Practice.
- 4.1.8 The person performing the compounding dons a Personnel use protective equipment of mask, gown, and gloves at a minimum; (hair, shoe, and beard (when applicable) covers are optional).
- 4.1.9 All bottles, vials, containers, and equipment necessary for compounding the preparation are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol using a non-shedding/lint-free cloth or wipes as they are placed under the LAFH prior to commencing the compounding. are wiped down with alcohol or disinfectant before being brought into the laminar airflow hood
- 4.1.10 Sterile items that are in sealed containers designed to keep them sterile are removed from the covering as they are introduced into the LAFH without being wiped.
- 4.1.11 All objects are suitably place in the LAFH to provide good airflow with minimal obstruction.
- 4.1.12 Bottles are swabbed with alcohol and left for 30 seconds before puncturing.

Vial stoppers, ampule necks and intravenous bag septa are wiped with 70% isopropyl alcohol and allowed to dry before entering or puncturing stoppers and septa, or breaking the necks of ampules.

- 4.1.13 Proper drawing technique is used (e.g. calcium gluconate is added last or a new needle is used, 45° angle with bevel up entry into rubber stoppers).
- 4.1.14 All drugs and substances are added to the iv bag and mixed well. Finished product is inspected for visible precipitate.
- 4.1.15 Once compounded, the iv bag is checked for leaks, contamination, and abnormal appearance cloudiness, colour, and precipitate.
- **4.1.16** Direct contact between a sterile product and a non-sterile product is avoided. Gloved hands are disinfected with 70% isopropyl alcohol before re-introduction into the LAFH or after gloves have been in contact with a non-sterile surface during the compounding procedure.
- 4.1.17 All sharps are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, tamper-resistant, leak-proof sharps container.
- 4.1.18 All materials are disposed of properly.
- 4.1.19 The iv bag label used is disposed of in a secure manner, such that any identifying information is destroyed or unreadable.

4.2 Labelling

The iv bag, or a document attached to the bag, is properly labelled with the following:

- 4.2.1 The name of the patient for whom the bag was compounded, or an identification number. if applicable
- 4.2.2 The member Registrant's name and title, address, and telephone number.
- 4.2.3 The name of the person who compounded the iv bag, and the address and telephone number of the place where the bag was compounded if different from above.
- 4.2.4 identification The names and strength of the drugs, substances and any other ingredients used in the compounding, the names and strength and the manufacturer if available.
- 4.2.5 The amount or percentage of each of the drugs, substance and any other ingredients used to make the compounded product and the total quantity of the compounded product in the container.
- 4.2.6 The date that the iv bag compounded drug was:
- prepared, and the date that the compounded drug was
- administered to the patient, and
- the expiry date. of the iv bag, even if the bag is to be used on the same day it is compounded,
- 4.2.7 The directions for storage of the iv bag.

- 4.2.8 The directions for use of the iv bag, including its dose, frequency, route of administration and any special instructions.
- 4.2.9 Any cautionary information about the drug or substance.

5.0 Observed IVIT Treatment

5.1 Pre-treatment Preparation

- 5.1.1 The patient is re-assessed including a review of questioned regarding any change in their symptoms, medications, and supplements; consideration has been given to possible new contraindications and if additional diagnostic tests are needed.
- 5.1.2 Informed consent is obtained, and all the patient's questions are answered.
- 5.1.3 The patient is verified for IVIT treatment being administered.
- 5.1.4 Collect IV Equipment needed to administer IVIT is collected:
 - administration set
 - alcohol
 - cotton
 - gloves
 - safety engineered needles
 - tape
 - tourniquet.
- 5.1.5 Collect IV bags and inspect for leaks, and cloudiness, and abnormal appearance colour, and precipitate.
- 5.1.6 Patient is questioned regarding:
- use of restroom, and
- fears/anxiety around treatment
- history of fainting due to needles
- the last time they have eaten.
- 5.1.7 Ensure infection control procedures are followed e.g. wash hands, establish clean field. The person administering the IVIT washes their hands and dons gloves.
- 5.1.8 Ensure infection control procedures are followed e.g. wash hands, establish Clean and dirty fields are established.
- 5.1.9 Appropriate IV equipment is items are placed in the clean field.
- 5.1.10 Pre-treatment vital signs are taken:
- blood pressure
- heart rate
- · respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading
- temperature.
- 5.1.11 All relevant pre-treatment information is entered in the patient chart.
- 8.1.10 Administration set is properly set up
- 5.1.12 The administration set is attached to the IV bag and the line is flushed.
- 5.1.13 The drip chamber is set to half full.

5.2 Delivery and Termination of IVIT

- 6.2.1 Patient is properly positioned and prepared for injection.
- 5.2.1 The patient's arm is properly positioned and supported.
- 5.2.2 The tourniquet is applied.
- 5.2.3 The appropriate injection site is selected.
- 5.2.4 The injection site is swabbed with 70% isopropyl alcohol.
- 8.2.2 The IV is inserted and drip started.
- 5.2.5 The angiocatheter or butterfly needle is inserted.
- 5.2.6 The angiocatheter/needle is checked for a back flow of blood (flashback).
- 5.2.7 The tourniquet is released.
- 5.2.8 The administration line is attached.
- 5.2.9 The angiocatheter/needle is taped and secured.

- 5.2.10 The IV drip is started and the drip rate set.
- 5.2.11 The insertion site is monitored during the treatment.
- 5.2.12 The patient's vital signs are is monitored during treatment when indicated or for infusions that take longer than 30 minutes to administer:

(at a minimum

- blood pressure
- heart rate
- · respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading
- temperature, when indicated are recorded).
- 8.2.4 IV drip is terminated, and all materials are properly disposed of.
- 5.2.13 Once the iv bag has been administered, the angiocatheter/ needle and tape are removed.
- 5.2.14 The agiocatheter/needle is checked to ensure it is intact and there is no breakage.
- 5.2.15 Pressure is applied with gauze or a cotton ball once the angiocatheter/ needle is removed.
- 5.2.16 A bandaid is applied or cotton ball taped down over the insertion site.
- 5.2.17 All waste is handled and disposed of properly.
- 5.2.18 All sharps are disposed of in a puncture-resistant, tamper-resistant, leak-proof sharps container.
- 5.2.19 The insertion site is observed post-treatment for redness, swelling or hematoma. Treatment is provided as needed
- 5.2.20 Post-treatment vital signs are taken: after treatment.
- blood pressure
- heart rate
- respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading
- temperature, when indicated.
- 5.2.21 Appropriate post-treatment instructions are given to the patient, including reporting to the ND any serious health events such as shock or convulsions, infections, allergic reactions, and adverse reactions. Also any unscheduled treatments as a result of the IV treatment, that may include visit to a hospital emergency department or another health care practitioner are to be reported.
- 5.2.22 All relevant information is entered on an IVIT-specific treatment form in the patient chart.
- 8.2.8 Only qualified personnel deliver treatment in accordance with their knowledge, skill and judgment.

6.0 General Infection Control Procedures

8.3.1 Universal precautions are followed.

- **6.1** When administering IVIT, the following are used for only one patient:
- needles,
- syringes,
- ¡v bags of IV solution,
- medication,
- administration tubing and connectors are never reused.
- 6.2 Gloves are used for a single task and are never re-used.
- 6.3 Appropriate additional precautions are applied as personal protective equipment is used when necessary resto protect against airborne, contact and droplet transmission. or contact precautions.
- 8.3.6 Staff wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).
- 6.4 Approved and appropriate cleaning and disinfectant products are available for used to clean and disinfect patient surfaces, equipment, and instruments.
- 6.5 Approved and appropriate cleaning and disinfectant products are available for used to clean and disinfect patient surfaces, equipment, and instruments.
- 6.6 The cleaning and disinfecting log is kept up to date.

7.0 Quality Management

The following requirements apply to the implementation of the Quality Management Program as laid out in the Policies and Procedures Manual.

- 10.1.1 Documentation that a Quality Management Committee has been established and is comprised of all staff providing IVIT related patient care.
- 7.1 The Quality Management Committee meets in accordance with the Policies and Procedures Manual.
- 7.2 A process is in place to ensure that all Staff reviews the Policies and Procedures Manual on an at least annually basis.
- 7.3 Naturopathic doctor(s) performance is reviewed as it relates to IVIT processes and procedures. including patient selection to ensure appropriateness of treatment.
- 7.4 Non-medical staff performance is reviewed as it relates to IVIT processes and procedures.
- 7.5 Reviews that staff who are involved in delegated procedures are aware of and have met all requirements outlined in the *Standard of Practice for Delegation* and Part III of the *General Regulation* are met.
- 7.6 Reviews that all staff are aware of and trained in the clinic's emergency procedures, including use of the AED.
- 7.7 Reviews that staff are aware of and consistently use the telephone, in person or online infectious disease screening protocol when communicating with patients and scheduling appointments.
- 7.8 Reviews that staff are aware of how and when to use personal protective equipment in order to protect themselves and others.
- 7.9 Reviews that staff are aware of procedures to follow in the event of exposure to blood or body fluids.
- 7.10 The premises has a written quality improvement program in place which:

The quality of patient care provided is monitored and evaluated.

- 7.11 Patient outcomes are tracked and reviewed.
- 7.12 evaluates Methods to improve patient care are developed and implemented.
- 7.13 Deficiencies regarding policies and procedures are identified and corrected. deficiencies within the premises

alerts the designated member to identify and resolve problems.

- 7.14 Reviews that staff are familiar with Type 1 and Type 2 occurrences.
- 7.15 Reviews that staff have met the reporting requirements for Type 1 and Type 2 occurrences.
- 7.16 Reviews that staff have met the record keeping procedures for Type 1 and Type 2 occurrences that have happened.
- 7.17 Complications and Type 1 and Type 2 occurrences are tracked and evaluated. that have happened are reviewed and the procedures to reduce the risk of future occurrences are reviewed, developed, and implemented.
- 7.18 At least annually, a random selection of 5-10 patient records is reviewed to assess for:
- record completion and adherence to the Standard of Practice for Record Keeping
- documentation of informed consent
- completeness and accuracy of entries
- appropriateness of patient treatment
- when required, reporting requirements are met in a timely manner
- evaluation and follow-up of Type 1 and 2 occurrences
- assessment of incidents requiring transfer to hospital
- follow-up to abnormal laboratory test results.
- 7.19 Premise adheres to and maintains documentation for Reviews that accepted standards of infection control practices pertinent to IVIT are being followed.
- 7.20 Reviews of activities related to that cleaning procedures are being followed and the cleaning log is properly maintained. maintenance and storage of equipment.
- 7.21 Reviews of activities related to cleaning. Maintenance and storage of equipment. that IVIT and emergency equipment is being maintained and the maintenance log is properly maintained.
- 7.22 Reviews of activities related to monitoring that drug and substance inventory is monitored, and the inventory log is properly maintained and proper storage.
- 7.23 Reviews of activities related to monitoring that drugs and substances are inventory and properly stored, and the refrigerator temperature log is properly maintained.
- 7.24 Reviews that expired drugs, substances and equipment are labelled and properly disposed of.

7.25 Reviews that biomedical and non-biomedical waste is being handled and disposed of properly

10.5.1 A process is in place for the reporting and documentation of Type 1 and 2 occurrences, incompetence or professional misconduct.

8.0 Patient Chart Requirements

All patient charts must be maintained in accordance with the *Standard of Practice for Record Keeping* and contain the following information.

8.1 Appointment Record

- 8.1.1 Contains member's Registrant's name, clinic name, address, and telephone number
- 8.1.2 Contains the Date and time of the appointment
- 8.1.3 Contains the Patient's name
- 8.1.4 Indicates the Duration of the appointment

8.2 Patient Financial Record and Patient Receipt

- 8.2.1 Treating Member's Registrant's name, clinic name, address, and telephone number. are recorded
- 8.2.2 Patient's name, and address, and telephone number. are recorded on the receipt.
- 8.2.3 Date of service. is recorded.
- 8.2.4 Fees for naturopathic consultation are (billed separately from all other fee).
- 8.2.5 Fees for supplements, injectables, etc are—listed itemized and separately from the naturopathic consultation fee.
- 8.2.6 Receipts are issued for all payments and Copies of the receipts are provided to patient for all payments. are maintained in the patient financial record.
- 8.2.7 Financial record includes Payment amount, method of payment and balance of the account

8.3 General Patient Chart Record Keeping Components

- 8.3.1 Patient's name, address, phone number, and date of birth. are documented
- 8.3.2 In the event that more than one health care practitioner is making entries in the patient chart, each practitioner is identified with his or her Indication of who made each entry with a signature and registration number (when applicable), and the date the entry was made.
- 8.3.3 Patient name or patient number on each page.
- 8.3.4 All pages are in chronological order, consecutively numbered and dated.
- 8.3.5 All dates are recorded in a consistent format.
- 8.3.6 All entries are made in, at the least, either English or French.
- 8.3.7 All written records are legible.
- 8.3.8 All written entries are made in indelible ink.
- 8.3.9 No highlighter is used over writing.
- 8.3.10 Blank spaces are not left between entries.
- 6.3.12 All chart entries are recorded as soon as possible after the patient interactions.
- 8.3.11 A legend of abbreviations or codes is available when other than generally accepted medical abbreviations are used.

8.4 Informed Consent

8.4.1 Documentation of a discussion regarding consent indicating the patient understands the nature of the intervention, its expected benefits, the material risks and side effects, available reasonable alternatives, the likely consequences of not receiving the intervention, the associated costs, and the right to withdraw consent.

8.4.2 Patient chart contains a signed informed consent form

Documentation in the form of a notation in the patient record or a consent form that is dated, signed, and witnessed.

- 8.4.3 Any modifications to the consent.
- 8.4.4 If consent is withdrawn, the reason(s) why and what was specifically withdrawn.

8.5 Required Electronic Medical Naturopathic Record Components

- 8.5.1 The system provides A visual display of the recorded information can be provided.
- 8.5.2 The system provides a means of accessing the record of each patient can be accessed by the patient's name or other unique identifier.

- 8.5.3 The system is capable of printing promptly the recorded information can be printed promptly in chronological order for each patient.
- 8.5.4 Confidentiality and privacy is maintained Protections against unauthorized or inappropriate access are in place (e.g. password protection, encryption).
- 8.5.5 The system maintains an audit trail that:
- records the date and time of each entry for each patient,
- preserves the original content of the record if changed or updated,
- identifies the person making each entry or amendment, and
- is capable of printing each patient record separately.

8.6 Required Naturopathic Medical Records Components

- 8.6.1 The chief complaint(s) is clearly stated the symptoms are adequately described, the duration of symptoms noted, and a functional inquiry is performed.
- 8.6.2 Health, family and social history is documented.
- 8.6.3 Allergies are identified and documented.
- 8.6.4 Patient's are screened for history regarding exposure to and infection from methicillin resistant organisms (MROs). and infectious diseases. This may include history taking and questioning of the patient.
- 8.6.5 Assessment includes is formulated from information from one or more of the following:
- patient's health history,
- physical exam with positive/negative findings documented,
- lab tests and other diagnostic investigations that are clinically relevant.
- 8.6.6 Blood tests performed in the office are only those listed in the General Regulation made under the Naturopathy Act (BTA Bioterrain Assessment, glucose, live blood cell analysis, haemoglobin A_{1c} , mononuclear heterophile antibodies (monospot), free fatty acids, blood group ABO and RhD).
- 8.6.7 Non-blood tests performed in the office are only those listed in Regulation #683 made under the Laboratory and Specimen Centre Collection Licencing Act (ascorbic acid/Vitamin C, BTA Bioterrain Assessment, human chorionic gonadotrophin, indican, Koenisberg, oxidative testing, routine urinalysis by dipstick, Sulkowich, rapid strep test and vaginal pH).
- 8.6.8 Laboratory tests ordered from an allowed laboratory are only those listed in Regulation 683 made under the *Laboratory and Specimen Centre Collection Licencing Act*.
- 8.6.9 Review of medications, remedies, and supplements. is documented
- 8.6.10 An assessment of the information collected and a diagnosis. are documented
- 8.6.11 The Proposed treatment plan. is fully documented
- 8.6.12 Name, strength, dosage, frequency, and method of administration for all drugs and substances included in the treatment plan.
- 8.6.13 Relevant communications with or about the patient. are documented
- 8.6.14 The particulars of any Relevant referral information, where applicable. made is documented
- 6.5.13 Prior to the procedure the IVIT protocol along with risks, benefits, alternatives, potential complications and side effects, and costs were discussed with the patient/substitute decision maker and documented
- 8.6.15 Relevant subjective and objective information obtained during re-assessments. is documented
- 8.6.16 Amendments to a written chart is initialled, dated and indicates what change was made.
- 8.6.17 Amendments are only made in the form of additions and not erasures or overwriting.
- 9.6.18 A patient chart is never re-written

8.7 Required Information Related to the Delivery of Intravenous Treatment

- 8.7.1 Whether or not the patient has fears/anxiety around IVIT treatment
- 8.7.2 Whether or not the patient has a history of fainting due to needles
- 8.7.4 An IVIT specific form containing the following information:
- 8.7.3.1 Name and strength of all drugs/substances administered.
- 8.7.3.2 Formula of iv bag
- 8.7.3.3 Dosage and frequency.
- 8.7.3.4 Date of administration.
- 6.7.4 Method of administration

8.7.3.5 infusion site
butterfly size
8.7.3.6 catheter size
8.7.3.7 osmolarity
8.7.3.8 start time
8.7.3.9 end time
8.7.3.10 drip rate
8.7.4.11 vital sign (blood pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate or pulse oximeter reading, and temperature
when applicable) before, during and after treatment
8.7.3.12 documentation of patient monitoring of patient during IVIT in addition to vitals
8.7.3.13 how treatment was tolerated
8.7.3.14 any adverse reactions to the IVIT and follow up to reactions as needed
8.7.3.15 post-treatment instructions for the patient (when applicable).
8.8 Record Keeping for Type 1 and Type 2 Reports
8.8.1 All Type 1 occurrence reports are filed in the patient file and a master file.
8.8.2 All Type 2 occurrence tracking forms are filed in the patient file and a master file.
8.9 Delegation Charting
8.9.1 The documentation when a Registrant makes accepting or receiving a delegation includes:
8.9.1.1 The date of the delegation. and the specific activities that were delegated,
8.9.1.2 The date and the specific activities that were delegated, particulars of the delegation.
8.9.1.3 Any applicable conditions.
8.9.1.4 The communication plan to deal with the management of any adverse events that may occur as a result
of the delegation.
8.9.1.5 The name and registration number-and discipline of the delegator.
8.9.1.6 The name , registration number (if applicable) and training of the delegatee.
8.9.1.7 Informed consent specific to the delegation.
8.9.2 The documentation when a Registrant accepts or receiving a delegation includes:
8.9.2.1 The date of the delegation. and the specific activities that were delegated,
8.9.2.2 The date and the specific activities that were delegated, particulars of the delegation.
8.9.2.3 any applicable The conditions, if any, under which the delegation occurred.
8.9.2.4 The name, registration number and discipline of the delegator.

8.9.2.5 The education and qualifications related to the delegated procedure of the delegator.

8.9.2.6 The name, registration number (if applicable) and training of the delegatee.

8.9.2.7 The period of time the delegation remains in force. 8.9.2.8 Informed consent specific to the delegation.